

The **libcoin** Package

Torsten Hothorn
Universität Zürich

March 16, 2026

Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	R Code	3
2.1	R User Interface	3
2.1.1	One-Dimensional Case (“1d”)	4
2.1.2	Two-Dimensional Case (“2d”)	7
2.1.3	Methods and Tests	10
2.1.4	Tabulations	15
2.2	Manual Pages	17
3	C Code	20
3.1	Header and Source Files	20
3.2	Variables	23
3.2.1	Example Data and Code	28
3.3	Conventions	30
3.4	C User Interface	30
3.4.1	One-Dimensional Case (“1d”)	30
3.4.2	Two-Dimensional Case (“2d”)	40
3.5	Tests	51
3.6	Test Statistics	58
3.7	Linear Statistics	78
3.8	Expectation and Covariance	79
3.8.1	Linear Statistic	79
3.8.2	Influence	81
3.8.3	X	85
3.9	Computing Sums	89
3.9.1	Simple Sums	90
3.9.2	Kronecker Sums	94
3.9.3	Column Sums	107
3.9.4	Tables	111
3.10	Utilities	123
3.10.1	Blocks	123
3.10.2	Permutation Helpers	128
3.10.3	Other Utils	131
3.11	Memory	143
4	Package Infrastructure	153

Licence

Copyright (C) 2017-2023 Torsten Hothorn

This file is part of the **libcoin** R add-on package.

libcoin is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation, version 2.

libcoin is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with **libcoin**. If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.

Chapter 1

Introduction

The **libcoin** package implements a generic framework for permutation tests. We assume that we are provided with n observations

$$(\mathbf{Y}_i, \mathbf{X}_i, w_i, \text{block}_i), \quad i = 1, \dots, N.$$

The variables \mathbf{Y} and \mathbf{X} from sample spaces \mathcal{Y} and \mathcal{X} may be measured at arbitrary scales and may be multivariate as well. In addition to those measurements, case weights $w_i \in \mathbb{N}$ and a factor $\text{block}_i \in \{1, \dots, B\}$ coding for B independent blocks may be available. We are interested in testing the null hypothesis of independence of \mathbf{Y} and \mathbf{X}

$$H_0 : D(\mathbf{Y} \mid \mathbf{X}) = D(\mathbf{Y})$$

against arbitrary alternatives. [Strasser and Weber \(1999\)](#) suggest to derive scalar test statistics for testing H_0 from multivariate linear statistics of a specific linear form. Let $\mathcal{A} \subseteq \{1, \dots, N\}$ denote some subset of the observation numbers and consider the linear statistic

$$\mathbf{T}(\mathcal{A}) = \text{vec} \left(\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}} w_i g(\mathbf{X}_i) h(\mathbf{Y}_i, \{\mathbf{Y}_i \mid i \in \mathcal{A}\})^\top \right) \in \mathbb{R}^{PQ}. \quad (1.1)$$

Here, $g : \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^P$ is a transformation of \mathbf{X} known as the *regression function* and $h : \mathcal{Y} \times \mathcal{Y}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^Q$ is a transformation of \mathbf{Y} known as the *influence function*, where the latter may depend on \mathbf{Y}_i for $i \in \mathcal{A}$ in a permutation symmetric way. We will give specific examples on how to choose g and h later on.

With $\mathbf{x}_i = g(\mathbf{X}_i) \in \mathbb{R}^P$ and $\mathbf{y}_i = h(\mathbf{Y}_i, \{\mathbf{Y}_i, i \in \mathcal{A}\}) \in \mathbb{R}^Q$ we write

$$\mathbf{T}(\mathcal{A}) = \text{vec} \left(\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}} w_i \mathbf{x}_i \mathbf{y}_i^\top \right) \in \mathbb{R}^{PQ}. \quad (1.2)$$

The **libcoin** package doesn't handle neither g nor h , this is the job of **coin** and we therefore continue with \mathbf{x}_i and \mathbf{y}_i .

The distribution of \mathbf{T} depends on the joint distribution of \mathbf{Y} and \mathbf{X} , which is unknown under almost all practical circumstances. At least under the null hypothesis one can dispose of this dependency by fixing $\mathbf{X}_i, i \in \mathcal{A}$ and conditioning on all possible permutations $S(\mathcal{A})$ of the responses $\mathbf{Y}_i, i \in \mathcal{A}$. This principle leads to test procedures known as *permutation tests*. The conditional expectation $\boldsymbol{\mu}(\mathcal{A}) \in \mathbb{R}^{PQ}$ and covariance $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}(\mathcal{A}) \in \mathbb{R}^{PQ \times PQ}$ of \mathbf{T} under H_0 given all permutations $\sigma \in S(\mathcal{A})$ of the responses are derived by [Strasser and Weber \(1999\)](#):

$$\begin{aligned} \boldsymbol{\mu}(\mathcal{A}) &= \mathbb{E}(\mathbf{T}(\mathcal{A}) \mid S(\mathcal{A})) = \text{vec} \left(\left(\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}} w_i \mathbf{x}_i \right) \mathbb{E}(h \mid S(\mathcal{A}))^\top \right), \\ \boldsymbol{\Sigma}(\mathcal{A}) &= \mathbb{V}(\mathbf{T}(\mathcal{A}) \mid S(\mathcal{A})) \\ &= \frac{\mathbf{w}_\bullet}{\mathbf{w}_\bullet(\mathcal{A}) - 1} \mathbb{V}(h \mid S(\mathcal{A})) \otimes \left(\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}} w_i \mathbf{x}_i \otimes w_i \mathbf{x}_i^\top \right) \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{\mathbf{w}_\bullet(\mathcal{A}) - 1} \mathbb{V}(h \mid S(\mathcal{A})) \otimes \left(\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}} w_i \mathbf{x}_i \right) \otimes \left(\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}} w_i \mathbf{x}_i \right)^\top \end{aligned} \quad (1.3)$$

where $\mathbf{w}_\bullet(\mathcal{A}) = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}} w_i$ denotes the sum of the case weights, and \otimes is the Kronecker product. The conditional expectation of the influence function is

$$\mathbb{E}(h \mid S(\mathcal{A})) = \mathbf{w}_\bullet(\mathcal{A})^{-1} \sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}} w_i \mathbf{y}_i \in \mathbb{R}^Q$$

with corresponding $Q \times Q$ covariance matrix

$$\mathbb{V}(h \mid S(\mathcal{A})) = \mathbf{w}_\bullet(\mathcal{A})^{-1} \sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}} w_i (\mathbf{y}_i - \mathbb{E}(h \mid S(\mathcal{A}))) (\mathbf{y}_i - \mathbb{E}(h \mid S(\mathcal{A})))^\top.$$

With $A_b = \{i \mid \text{block}_i = b\}$ we get $\mathbf{T} = \sum_{b=1}^B T(\mathcal{A}_b)$, $\boldsymbol{\mu} = \sum_{b=1}^B \boldsymbol{\mu}(\mathcal{A}_b)$ and $\boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \sum_{b=1}^B \boldsymbol{\Sigma}(\mathcal{A}_b)$.

Having the conditional expectation and covariance at hand we are able to standardize a linear statistic $\mathbf{T} \in \mathbb{R}^{PQ}$ of the form (1.2). Univariate test statistics c mapping an observed linear statistic $\mathbf{t} \in \mathbb{R}^{PQ}$ into the real line can be of arbitrary form. An obvious choice is the maximum of the absolute values of the standardized linear statistic

$$c_{\max}(\mathbf{t}, \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}) = \max \left| \frac{\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}}{\text{diag}(\boldsymbol{\Sigma})^{1/2}} \right|$$

utilizing the conditional expectation $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ and covariance matrix $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$. The application of a quadratic form $c_{\text{quad}}(\mathbf{t}, \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}) = (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}) \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^+ (\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu})^\top$ is one alternative, although computationally more expensive because the Moore-Penrose inverse $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^+$ of $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$ is involved.

The definition of one- and two-sided p -values used for the computations in the **libcoin** package is

$$\begin{aligned} P(c(\mathbf{T}, \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}) \leq c(\mathbf{t}, \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})) & \quad (\text{less}) \\ P(c(\mathbf{T}, \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}) \geq c(\mathbf{t}, \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})) & \quad (\text{greater}) \\ P(|c(\mathbf{T}, \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})| \leq |c(\mathbf{t}, \boldsymbol{\mu}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})|) & \quad (\text{two-sided}). \end{aligned}$$

Note that for quadratic forms only two-sided p -values are available and that in the one-sided case maximum type test statistics are replaced by

$$\min \left(\frac{\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}}{\text{diag}(\boldsymbol{\Sigma})^{1/2}} \right) \quad (\text{less}) \text{ and } \max \left(\frac{\mathbf{t} - \boldsymbol{\mu}}{\text{diag}(\boldsymbol{\Sigma})^{1/2}} \right) \quad (\text{greater}).$$

This single source file implements and documents the **libcoin** package following the literate programming paradigm. The keynote lecture on literate programming by Donald E. Knuth given at useR! 2016 in Stanford very much motivated this little experiment.

Chapter 2

R Code

2.1 R User Interface

"libcoin.R" 3a≡

```
⟨ R Header 156a ⟩  
⟨ LinStatExpCov 4 ⟩  
⟨ LinStatExpCov1d 6 ⟩  
⟨ LinStatExpCov2d 8 ⟩  
⟨ vcov LinStatExpCov 10 ⟩  
⟨ doTest 12 ⟩  
⟨ Contrasts 14 ⟩  
◇
```

The **libcoin** package implements two R functions, `LinStatExpCov()` and `doTest()` for the computation of linear statistics, their expectation and covariance as well as for the computation of test statistics and p -values. There are two interfaces: One (labelled “1d”) when the data is available as matrices **X** and **Y**, both with the same number of rows N . The second interface (labelled “2d”) handles the case when the data is available in aggregated form; details will be explained later.

```
⟨ LinStatExpCov Prototype 3b ⟩ ≡  
  (X, Y, ix = NULL, iy = NULL, weights = integer(0),  
   subset = integer(0), block = integer(0), checkNAs = TRUE,  
   varonly = FALSE, nresample = 0, standardise = FALSE,  
   tol = sqrt(.Machine$double.eps))◇
```

Fragment referenced in 4, 17.

Uses: block 26f, 27b, subset 26ade, weights 25b.

$\langle \text{LinStatExpCov } 4 \rangle \equiv$

```

LinStatExpCov <-
function(LinStatExpCov Prototype 3b)
{
  if (missing(X) && !is.null(ix) && is.null(iy)) {
    X <- ix
    ix <- NULL
  }

  if (missing(X)) X <- integer(0)

  ## <FIXME> for the time being only!!! </FIXME>
  ##   if (length(subset) > 0) subset <- sort(subset)

  if (is.null(ix) && is.null(iy))
    .LinStatExpCov1d(X = X, Y = Y,
                     weights = weights, subset = subset,
                     block = block, checkNAs = checkNAs,
                     varonly = varonly, nresample = nresample,
                     standardise = standardise, tol = tol)
  else if (!is.null(ix) && !is.null(iy))
    .LinStatExpCov2d(X = X, Y = Y, ix = ix, iy = iy,
                     weights = weights, subset = subset,
                     block = block, checkNAs = checkNAs,
                     varonly = varonly, nresample = nresample,
                     standardise = standardise, tol = tol)
  else
    stop("incorrect call to ", sQuote("LinStatExpCov()"))
}
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [3a](#).

Uses: `block` [26f](#), [27b](#), `subset` [26ade](#), `weights` [25b](#), `weights`, [25cd](#).

2.1.1 One-Dimensional Case (“1d”)

We assume that \mathbf{x}_i and \mathbf{y}_i for $i = 1, \dots, N$ are available as numeric matrices `X` and `Y` with N rows as well as P and Q columns, respectively. The special case of a dummy matrix `X` with P columns can also be represented by a factor at P levels. The vector of case weights `weights` can be stored as `integer` or `double` (possibly resulting from an aggregation of $N > \text{INT_MAX}$ observations). The subset vector `subset` may contain the elements $1, \dots, N$ as `integer` or `double` (for $N > \text{INT_MAX}$) and can be longer than N . The `subset` vector MUST be sorted. `block` is a factor at B levels of length N .

< Check weights, subset, block 5a > ≡

```

if (is.null(weights)) weights <- integer(0)

if (length(weights) > 0) {
  if (!(N == length(weights)) && all(weights >= 0))
    stop("incorrect weights")
  if (checkNAs) stopifnot(!anyNA(weights))
}

if (is.null(subset)) subset <- integer(0)

if (length(subset) > 0 && checkNAs) {
  rs <- range(subset)
  if (anyNA(rs)) stop("no missing values allowed in subset")
  if (!(rs[2] <= N) && (rs[1] >= 1L))
    stop("incorrect subset")
}

if (is.null(block)) block <- integer(0)

if (length(block) > 0) {
  if (!(N == length(block)) && is.factor(block))
    stop("incorrect block")
  if (checkNAs) stopifnot(!anyNA(block))
}

```

Fragment referenced in [6](#), [8](#), [15b](#).

Uses: `block` [26f](#), [27b](#), `N` [23bc](#), `subset` [26ade](#), `weights` [25b](#).

Missing values are only allowed in `X` and `Y`, all other vectors must not contain `NA`s. Missing values are dealt with by excluding the corresponding observations from the subset vector.

< Handle Missing Values 5b > ≡

```

ms <- !complete.cases(X, Y)
if (all(ms))
  stop("all observations are missing")
if (any(ms)) {
  if (length(subset) > 0) {
    if (all(subset %in% which(ms)))
      stop("all observations are missing")
    subset <- subset[!(subset %in% which(ms))]
  } else {
    subset <- seq_len(N)[-which(ms)]
  }
}

```

Fragment referenced in [6](#).

Uses: `N` [23bc](#), `subset` [26ade](#).

The logical argument `varonly` triggers the computation of the diagonal elements of the covariance matrix Σ only. `nresample` permuted linear statistics under the null hypothesis H_0 are returned on the original and standardised scale (the latter only when `standardise` is `TRUE`). Variances smaller than `tol` are treated as being zero.

$\langle \text{LinStatExpCov1d } 6 \rangle \equiv$

```
.LinStatExpCov1d <-
function(X, Y, weights = integer(0), subset = integer(0), block = integer(0),
  checkNAs = TRUE, varonly = FALSE, nresample = 0, standardise = FALSE,
  tol = sqrt(.Machine$double.eps))
{
  if (NROW(X) != NROW(Y))
    stop("dimensions of X and Y don't match")
  N <- NROW(X)

  if (is.integer(X)) {
    if (is.null(attr(X, "levels")) || checkNAs) {
      rg <- range(X)
      if (anyNA(rg))
        stop("no missing values allowed in X")
      stopifnot(rg[1] > 0) # no missing values allowed here!
      if (is.null(attr(X, "levels")))
        attr(X, "levels") <- seq_len(rg[2])
    }
  }

  if (is.factor(X) && checkNAs)
    stopifnot(!anyNA(X))

   $\langle \text{Check weights, subset, block } 5a \rangle$ 

  if (checkNAs) {
     $\langle \text{Handle Missing Values } 5b \rangle$ 
  }

  ret <- .Call(R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic, X, Y, weights, subset,
    block, as.integer(varonly), as.double(tol))
  ret$varonly <- as.logical(ret$varonly)
  ret$Xfactor <- as.logical(ret$Xfactor)
  if (nresample > 0) {
    ret$PermutedLinearStatistic <-
      .Call(R_PermutedLinearStatistic, X, Y, weights, subset,
        block, as.double(nresample))
    if (standardise)
      ret$StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic <-
        .Call(R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic, ret)
  }
  class(ret) <- c("LinStatExpCov1d", "LinStatExpCov")
  ret
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [3a](#).

Uses: block [26f](#), [27b](#), N [23bc](#), NROW [130b](#), R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic [31a](#), R_PermutedLinearStatistic [37](#), subset [26ade](#), weights [25b](#), weights, [25cd](#).

Here is a simple example. We have five groups and a uniform outcome (rounded to one digit) and want to test independence of group membership and outcome. The simplest way is to set-up the dummy matrix explicitly:

```
> isequal <-
+ function(a, b) {
+   attributes(a) <- NULL
+   attributes(b) <- NULL
+   if (!isTRUE(all.equal(a, b))) {
+     print(a, digits = 10)
+     print(b, digits = 10)
+   }
+ }
```

```

+         FALSE
+     } else
+         TRUE
+ }
> library("libcoin")
> set.seed(290875)
> x <- gl(5, 20)
> y <- round(runif(length(x)), 1)
> ls1 <- LinStatExpCov(X = model.matrix(~ x - 1), Y = matrix(y, ncol = 1))
> ls1$LinearStatistic

[1] 8.8 9.5 10.3 9.8 10.5

> tapply(y, x, sum)

      1      2      3      4      5
8.8  9.5 10.3  9.8 10.5

```

The linear statistic is simply the sum of the response in each group. Alternatively, we can compute the same object without setting-up the dummy matrix:

```

> ls2 <- LinStatExpCov(X = x, Y = matrix(y, ncol = 1))
> all.equal(ls1[-grep("Xfactor", names(ls1))],
+          ls2[-grep("Xfactor", names(ls2))])

[1] TRUE

```

The results are identical, except for a logical indicating that a factor was used to represent the dummy matrix X .

2.1.2 Two-Dimensional Case (“2d”)

Sometimes the data takes only a few unique values and considerable computational speedups can be achieved taking this information into account. Let \mathbf{ix} denote an integer vector with elements $0, \dots, L_x$ of length N and \mathbf{iy} an integer vector with elements $0, \dots, L_y$, also of length N . The matrix X is now of dimension $(L_x + 1) \times P$ and the matrix Y of dimension $(L_y + 1) \times Q$. The combination of X and \mathbf{ix} means that the i th observation corresponds to the row $X[\mathbf{ix}[i] + 1,]$. This looks cumbersome in R notation but is a very efficient way of dealing with missing values at C level. By convention, elements of \mathbf{ix} being zero denote a missing value (NAs are not allowed in \mathbf{ix} and \mathbf{iy}). Thus, the first row of X corresponds to a missing value. If the first row is simply zero, missing values do not contribute to any of the sums computed later. Even more important is the fact that all entities, such as linear statistics etc., can be computed from the two-way tabulation (therefore the abbreviation “2d”) over the N elements of \mathbf{ix} and \mathbf{iy} . Once such a table was computed, the remaining computations can be performed in dimension $L_x \times L_y$, typically much smaller than N .

$\langle \text{LinStatExpCov2d } 8 \rangle \equiv$

```
.LinStatExpCov2d <-
function(X = numeric(0), Y, ix, iy, weights = integer(0), subset = integer(0),
        block = integer(0), checkNAs = TRUE, varonly = FALSE, nresample = 0,
        standardise = FALSE, tol = sqrt(.Machine$double.eps))
{
  IF <- function(x) is.integer(x) || is.factor(x)

  if (!(length(ix) == length(iy)) && IF(ix) && IF(iy))
    stop("incorrect ix and/or iy")
  N <- length(ix)

   $\langle \text{Check ix } 9a \rangle$ 

   $\langle \text{Check iy } 9b \rangle$ 

  if (length(X) > 0) {
    if (!(NROW(X) == (length(attr(ix, "levels")) + 1) &&
          all(complete.cases(X))))
      stop("incorrect X")
  }

  if (!(NROW(Y) == (length(attr(iy, "levels")) + 1) &&
        all(complete.cases(Y))))
    stop("incorrect Y")

   $\langle \text{Check weights, subset, block } 5a \rangle$ 

  ret <- .Call(R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d, X, ix, Y, iy,
              weights, subset, block, as.integer(varonly), as.double(tol))
  ret$varonly <- as.logical(ret$varonly)
  ret$Xfactor <- as.logical(ret$Xfactor)
  if (nresample > 0) {
    ret$PermutedLinearStatistic <-
      .Call(R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d, X, ix, Y, iy, block, nresample, ret$Table)
    if (standardise)
      ret$StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic <-
        .Call(R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic, ret)
  }
  class(ret) <- c("LinStatExpCov2d", "LinStatExpCov")
  ret
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [3a](#).

Uses: block [26f](#), [27b](#), N [23bc](#), NROW [130b](#), R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d [41a](#), R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d [48](#), subset [26ade](#), weights [25b](#), weights, [25cd](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#).

ix and iy can be factors but without any missing values

\langle Check ix 9a $\rangle \equiv$

```

if (is.null(attr(ix, "levels"))) {
  rg <- range(ix)
  if (anyNA(rg))
    stop("no missing values allowed in ix")
  stopifnot(rg[1] >= 0)
  attr(ix, "levels") <- seq_len(rg[2])
} else {
  ## lev can be data.frame (see inum::inum)
  lev <- attr(ix, "levels")
  if (!is.vector(lev)) lev <- seq_len(NROW(lev))
  attr(ix, "levels") <- lev
  if (checkNAs) stopifnot(!anyNA(ix))
}

```

Fragment referenced in [8](#), [15b](#).
 Uses: [NROW 130b](#).

\langle Check iy 9b $\rangle \equiv$

```

if (is.null(attr(iy, "levels"))) {
  rg <- range(iy)
  if (anyNA(rg))
    stop("no missing values allowed in iy")
  stopifnot(rg[1] >= 0)
  attr(iy, "levels") <- seq_len(rg[2])
} else {
  ## lev can be data.frame (see inum::inum)
  lev <- attr(iy, "levels")
  if (!is.vector(lev)) lev <- seq_len(NROW(lev))
  attr(iy, "levels") <- lev
  if (checkNAs) stopifnot(!anyNA(iy))
}

```

Fragment referenced in [8](#), [15b](#).
 Uses: [NROW 130b](#).

In our small example, we can set-up the data in the following way

```

> X <- rbind(0, diag(nlevels(x)))
> ix <- unclass(x)
> ylev <- sort(unique(y))
> Y <- rbind(0, matrix(ylev, ncol = 1))
> iy <- .bincode(y, breaks = c(-Inf, ylev, Inf))
> ls3 <- LinStatExpCov(X = X, ix = ix, Y = Y, iy = iy)
> all.equal(ls1[-grep("Table", names(ls1))],
+           ls3[-grep("Table", names(ls3))])

[1] TRUE

> ### works also with factors
> ls3 <- LinStatExpCov(X = X, ix = factor(ix), Y = Y, iy = factor(iy))
> all.equal(ls1[-grep("Table", names(ls1))],
+           ls3[-grep("Table", names(ls3))])

[1] TRUE

```

Similar to the one-dimensional case, we can also omit the X matrix here

```
> ls4 <- LinStatExpCov(ix = ix, Y = Y, iy = iy)
> all.equal(ls3[-grep("Xfactor", names(ls3))],
+          ls4[-grep("Xfactor", names(ls4))])
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

It is important to note that all computations are based on the tabulations

```
> ls3$Table
, , 1

      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11] [,12]
[1,]    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0    0
[2,]    0    0    4    4    1    2    3    0    1    2    3    0
[3,]    0    2    2    1    2    2    5    0    1    1    3    1
[4,]    0    1    1    4    0    1    5    2    0    2    3    1
[5,]    0    0    2    2    4    2    2    1    3    2    1    1
[6,]    0    1    3    1    1    1    2    2    2    6    1    0
```

```
> xtabs(~ ix + iy)
```

```
      iy
ix  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
  1 0 4 4 1 2 3 0 1 2  3  0
  2 2 2 1 2 2 5 0 1 1  3  1
  3 1 1 4 0 1 5 2 0 2  3  1
  4 0 2 2 4 2 2 1 3 2  1  1
  5 1 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 6  1  0
```

where the former would record missing values in the first row / column.

2.1.3 Methods and Tests

Objects of class "LinStatExpCov" returned by `LinStatExpCov()` contain the symmetric covariance matrix as a vector of the lower triangular elements. The `vcov` method allows to extract the full covariance matrix from such an object.

$\langle vcov \text{ LinStatExpCov } 10 \rangle \equiv$

```
vcov.LinStatExpCov <-
function(object, ...)
{
  if (object$varonly)
    stop("cannot extract covariance matrix")
  drop(.Call(R_unpack_sym, object$Covariance, NULL, 0L))
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [3a](#).

Uses: `R_unpack_sym` [140](#).

```
> ls1$Covariance
```

```
[1]  1.3572364 -0.3393091 -0.3393091 -0.3393091 -0.3393091  1.3572364
[7] -0.3393091 -0.3393091 -0.3393091  1.3572364 -0.3393091 -0.3393091
[13]  1.3572364 -0.3393091  1.3572364
```

```
> vcov(ls1)
```

	[,1]	[,2]	[,3]	[,4]	[,5]
[1,]	1.3572364	-0.3393091	-0.3393091	-0.3393091	-0.3393091
[2,]	-0.3393091	1.3572364	-0.3393091	-0.3393091	-0.3393091
[3,]	-0.3393091	-0.3393091	1.3572364	-0.3393091	-0.3393091
[4,]	-0.3393091	-0.3393091	-0.3393091	1.3572364	-0.3393091
[5,]	-0.3393091	-0.3393091	-0.3393091	-0.3393091	1.3572364

The most important task is, however, to compute test statistics and p -values. `doTest()` allows to compute the statistics c_{\max} (taking `alternative` into account) and c_{quad} along with the corresponding p -values. If `nresample = 0` was used in the call to `LinStatExpCov()`, p -values are obtained from the limiting asymptotic distribution whenever such a thing is available at reasonable costs. Otherwise, the permutation p -value is returned (along with the permuted test statistics when `PermutedStatistics` is `TRUE`). The p -values (`lower = FALSE`) or $(1-p)$ -values (`lower = TRUE`) can be computed on the log-scale.

```
< doTest Prototype 11 > ≡
(object, teststat = c("maximum", "quadratic", "scalar"),
 alternative = c("two.sided", "less", "greater"), pvalue = TRUE,
 lower = FALSE, log = FALSE, PermutedStatistics = FALSE,
 minbucket = 10L, ordered = TRUE, maxselect = object$Xfactor,
 pargs = GenzBretz())◇
```

Fragment referenced in [12](#), [18](#).

$\langle doTest\ 12 \rangle \equiv$

```
### note: lower = FALSE => p-value; lower = TRUE => 1 - p-value
doTest <-
function(doTest Prototype 11)
{
  teststat <- match.arg(teststat, choices = c("maximum", "quadratic", "scalar"))
  if (!any(teststat == c("maximum", "quadratic", "scalar")))
    stop("incorrect teststat")
  alternative <- alternative[1]
  if (!any(alternative == c("two.sided", "less", "greater")))
    stop("incorrect alternative")

  if (maxselect)
    stopifnot(object$Xfactor)

  if (teststat == "quadratic" || maxselect) {
    if (alternative != "two.sided")
      stop("incorrect alternative")
  }

  test <- which(c("maximum", "quadratic", "scalar") == teststat)
  if (test == 3) {
    if (length(object$LinearStatistic) != 1)
      stop("scalar test statistic not applicable")
    test <- 1L # scalar is maximum internally
  }
  alt <- which(c("two.sided", "less", "greater") == alternative)

  if (!pvalue && (NCOL(object$PermutedLinearStatistic) > 0))
    object$PermutedLinearStatistic <- matrix(NA_real_, nrow = 0, ncol = 0)

  if (!maxselect) {
    if (teststat == "quadratic") {
      ret <- .Call(R_QuadraticTest, object, as.integer(pvalue), as.integer(lower),
                  as.integer(log), as.integer(PermutedStatistics))
    } else {
      ret <- .Call(R_MaximumTest, object, as.integer(alt), as.integer(pvalue),
                  as.integer(lower), as.integer(log), as.integer(PermutedStatistics),
                  as.integer(pargs$maxpts), as.double(pargs$releps),
                  as.double(pargs$abseps))
      if (teststat == "scalar") {
        var <- if (object$varonly) object$Variance else object$Covariance
        ret$TestStatistic <- object$LinearStatistic - object$Expectation
        ret$TestStatistic <-
          if (var > object$tol) ret$TestStatistic / sqrt(var) else NaN
      }
    }
  } else {
    ret <- .Call(R_MaximallySelectedTest, object, as.integer(ordered), as.integer(test),
                as.integer(minbucket), as.integer(lower), as.integer(log))
  }
  if (!PermutedStatistics) ret$PermutedStatistics <- NULL
  ret
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [3a](#).

Uses: NCOL [131a](#).

```
> ### c_max test statistic
> ### no p-value
> doTest(ls1, teststat = "maximum", pvalue = FALSE)
```

```

$TestStatistic
[1] 0.8411982

$p.value
[1] NA

> ### p-value
> doTest(ls1, teststat = "maximum")

$TestStatistic
[1] 0.8411982

$p.value
[1] 0.8852087

> ### log(p)-value
> doTest(ls1, teststat = "maximum", log = TRUE)

$TestStatistic
[1] 0.8411982

$p.value
[1] 0.108822

> ### (1-p)-value
> doTest(ls1, teststat = "maximum", lower = TRUE)

$TestStatistic
[1] 0.8411982

$p.value
[1] 0.1150168

> ### log(1 - p)-value
> doTest(ls1, teststat = "maximum", lower = TRUE, log = TRUE)

$TestStatistic
[1] 0.8411982

$p.value
[1] -2.164164

> ### quadratic
> doTest(ls1, teststat = "quadratic")

$TestStatistic
[1] 1.077484

$p.value
[1] 0.897828

```

Sometimes we are interested in contrasts of linear statistics and their corresponding properties. Examples include linear-by-linear association tests, where we assign numeric scores to each level of a factor. To implement this, we implement `lmult()` so that we can then left-multiply a matrix to an object of class `"LinStatExpCov"`.

$\langle \text{Contrasts 14} \rangle \equiv$

```
lmult <-
function(x, object)
{
  stopifnot(!object$varonly)
  stopifnot(is.numeric(x))
  if (is.vector(x)) x <- matrix(x, nrow = 1)
  P <- object$dimension[1]
  stopifnot(ncol(x) == P)
  Q <- object$dimension[2]
  ret <- object
  xLS <- x %%% matrix(object$LinearStatistic, nrow = P)
  xExp <- x %%% matrix(object$Expectation, nrow = P)
  xExpX <- x %%% matrix(object$ExpectationX, nrow = P)
  if (Q == 1) {
    xCov <- tcrossprod(x %%% vcov(object), x)
  } else {
    zmat <- matrix(0, nrow = P * Q, ncol = nrow(x))
    mat <- rbind(t(x), zmat)
    mat <- mat[rep.int(seq_len(nrow(mat)), Q - 1),, drop = FALSE]
    mat <- rbind(mat, t(x))
    mat <- matrix(mat, ncol = Q * nrow(x))
    mat <- t(mat)
    xCov <- tcrossprod(mat %%% vcov(object), mat)
  }
  if (!is.matrix(xCov)) xCov <- matrix(xCov)
  if (length(object$PermutedLinearStatistic) > 0) {
    xPS <- apply(object$PermutedLinearStatistic, 2, function(y)
      as.vector(x %%% matrix(y, nrow = P)))
    if (!is.matrix(xPS)) xPS <- matrix(xPS, nrow = 1)
    ret$PermutedLinearStatistic <- xPS
  }
  ret$LinearStatistic <- as.vector(xLS)
  ret$Expectation <- as.vector(xExp)
  ret$ExpectationX <- as.vector(xExpX)
  ret$Covariance <- as.vector(xCov[lower.tri(xCov, diag = TRUE)])
  ret$Variance <- diag(xCov)
  ret$dimension <- c(NROW(x), Q)
  ret$Xfactor <- FALSE
  if (length(object$StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic) > 0)
    ret$StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic <-
      .Call(R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic, ret)
  ret
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 3a.

Uses: NROW 130b, P 24a, Q 24e, x 23d, 24bc, y 24df, 25a.

Here is an example for a linear-by-linear association test.

```
> set.seed(29)
> ls1d <- LinStatExpCov(X = model.matrix(~ x - 1), Y = matrix(y, ncol = 1),
+                       nresample = 10, standardise = TRUE)
> set.seed(29)
> ls1s <- LinStatExpCov(X = as.double(1:5)[x], Y = matrix(y, ncol = 1),
+                       nresample = 10, standardise = TRUE)
> ls1c <- lmult(1:5, ls1d)
> stopifnot(isequal(ls1c, ls1s))
> set.seed(29)
> ls1d <- LinStatExpCov(X = model.matrix(~ x - 1), Y = matrix(c(y, y), ncol = 2),
+                       nresample = 10, standardise = TRUE)
```

```

> set.seed(29)
> ls1s <- LinStatExpCov(X = as.double(1:5)[x], Y = matrix(c(y, y), ncol = 2),
+                       nresample = 10, standardise = TRUE)
> ls1c <- lmult(1:5, ls1d)
> stopifnot(isequal(ls1c, ls1s))

```

2.1.4 Tabulations

The tabulation of `ix` and `iy` can be computed without necessarily computing the corresponding linear statistics via `ctabs()`.

```

⟨ ctabs Prototype 15a ⟩ ≡
  (ix, iy = integer(0), block = integer(0), weights = integer(0),
   subset = integer(0), checkNAs = TRUE)◇

```

Fragment referenced in [15b](#), [19](#).

Uses: block [26f](#), [27b](#), subset [26ade](#), weights [25b](#).

"ctabs.R" 15b≡

```

⟨ R Header 156a ⟩
ctabs <-
function⟨ ctabs Prototype 15a ⟩
{
  stopifnot(is.integer(ix) || is.factor(ix))
  N <- length(ix)

  ⟨ Check ix 9a ⟩

  if (length(iy) > 0) {
    stopifnot(length(iy) == N)
    stopifnot(is.integer(iy) || is.factor(iy))
    ⟨ Check iy 9b ⟩
  }

  ⟨ Check weights, subset, block 5a ⟩

  if (length(iy) == 0)
    if (length(block) == 0)
      .Call(R_OneTableSums, ix, weights, subset)
    else
      .Call(R_TwoTableSums, ix, block, weights, subset)[, -1, drop = FALSE]
  else if (length(block) == 0)
    .Call(R_TwoTableSums, ix, iy, weights, subset)
  else
    .Call(R_ThreeTableSums, ix, iy, block, weights, subset)
}
◇

```

Uses: block [26f](#), [27b](#), N [23bc](#), R_OneTableSums [111a](#), R_ThreeTableSums [119b](#), R_TwoTableSums [115a](#), subset [26ade](#), weights [25b](#), weights, [25cd](#).

```

> t1 <- ctabs(ix = ix, iy = iy)
> t2 <- xtabs(~ ix + iy)
> max(abs(t1[-1, -1] - t2))

```

```
[1] 0
```


2.2 Manual Pages

"LinStatExpCov.Rd" 17

```

\name{LinStatExpCov}
\alias{LinStatExpCov}
\alias{lmult}
\title{
  Linear Statistics with Expectation and Covariance
}
\description{
  Strasser-Weber type linear statistics and their expectation
  and covariance under the independence hypothesis
}
\usage{
LinStatExpCov(LinStatExpCov Prototype 3b)
lmult(x, object)
}
\arguments{
  \item{X}{numeric matrix of transformations.}
  \item{Y}{numeric matrix of influence functions.}
  \item{ix}{an optional integer vector expanding \code{X}.}
  \item{iy}{an optional integer vector expanding \code{Y}.}
  \item{weights}{an optional integer vector of non-negative case weights.}
  \item{subset}{an optional integer vector defining a subset of observations.}
  \item{block}{an optional factor defining independent blocks of observations.}
  \item{checkNAs}{a logical for switching off missing value checks. This
    included switching off checks for suitable values of \code{subset}.
    Use at your own risk.}
  \item{varonly}{a logical asking for variances only.}
  \item{nresample}{an integer defining the number of permuted statistics to draw.}
  \item{standardise}{a logical asking to standardise the permuted statistics.}
  \item{tol}{tolerance for zero variances.}
  \item{x}{a contrast matrix to be left-multiplied in case \code{X} was a factor.}
  \item{object}{an object of class \code{"LinStatExpCov"}.}
}
\details{

  This function implements the permutation test framework by
  \bibcitet{libcoin::strasserweber1999}, see also
  \bibcitet{libcoin::Hothorn+Hornik+Wiel+Zeileis:2006} and
  \bibcitet{libcoin::Hothorn+Hornik+VanDeWiel:2008}.

  The function, after minimal preprocessing, calls the underlying C code
  and computes the linear statistic, its expectation and covariance and,
  optionally, \code{nresample} samples from its permutation distribution.

  When both \code{ix} and \code{iy} are missing, the number of rows of
  \code{X} and \code{Y} is the same, ie the number of observations.

  When \code{X} is missing and \code{ix} a factor, the code proceeds as
  if \code{X} were a dummy matrix of \code{ix} without explicitly
  computing this matrix.

  Both \code{ix} and \code{iy} being present means the code treats them
  as subsetting vectors for \code{X} and \code{Y}. Note that \code{ix = 0}
  or \code{iy = 0} means that the corresponding observation is missing
  and the first row or \code{X} and \code{Y} must be zero.

  \code{lmult} allows left-multiplication of a contrast matrix when \code{X}
  was (equivalent to) a factor.
}
\value{
  A list.
}
\references{\bibshow{*}}
\examples{
  wilcox.test(Ozone ~ Month, data = airquality, subset = Month \%in\% c(5, 8),
    exact = FALSE, correct = FALSE)
  subset(airquality, Month \%in\% c(5, 8))

```

"doTest.Rd" 18≡

```

\name{doTest}
\alias{doTest}
\title{
  Permutation Test
}
\description{
  Perform permutation test for a linear statistic
}
\usage{
doTest(doTest Prototype 11)
}
\arguments{
  \item{object}{an object returned by \code{\link{LinStatExpCov}}.}
  \item{teststat}{type of test statistic to use.}
  \item{alternative}{alternative for scalar or maximum-type statistics.}
  \item{pvalue}{a logical indicating if a p-value shall be computed.}
  \item{lower}{a logical indicating if a p-value (\code{lower} is \code{FALSE})
    or 1 - p-value (\code{lower} is \code{TRUE}) shall be returned.}
  \item{log}{a logical, if \code{TRUE} probabilities are log-probabilities.}
  \item{PermutedStatistics}{a logical, return permuted test statistics.}
  \item{minbucket}{minimum weight in either of two groups for maximally selected
    statistics.}
  \item{ordered}{a logical, if \code{TRUE} maximally selected statistics assume
    that the cutpoints are ordered.}
  \item{maxselect}{a logical, if \code{TRUE} maximally selected statistics are
    computed. This requires that \code{X} was an implicitly defined design
    matrix in \code{\link{LinStatExpCov}}.}
  \item{pargs}{arguments as in \code{\link[mvtnorm:algorithms]{GenzBretz}}.}
}
\details{
  Computes a test statistic, a corresponding p-value and, optionally, cutpoints
  for maximally selected statistics.
}
\value{
  A list.
}
\keyword{htest}
◇

```

"ctabs.Rd" 19≡

```
\name{ctabs}
\alias{ctabs}
\title{
  Cross Tabulation
}
\description{
  Efficient weighted cross tabulation of two factors and a block
}
\usage{
ctabs(ctabs Prototype 15a)
}
\arguments{
  \item{ix}{a integer of positive values with zero indicating a missing.}
  \item{iy}{an optional integer of positive values with zero indicating a
    missing.}
  \item{block}{an optional blocking factor without missings.}
  \item{weights}{an optional vector of case weights, integer or double.}
  \item{subset}{an optional integer vector indicating a subset.}
  \item{checkNAs}{a logical for switching off missing value checks.}
}
\details{
  A faster version of \code{xtabs(weights ~ ix + iy + block, subset)}.
}
\value{
  If \code{block} is present, a three-way table. Otherwise,
  a one- or two-dimensional table.
}
\examples{
ctabs(ix = 1:5, iy = 1:5, weights = 1:5 / 5)
}
\keyword{univar}
◇
```

Uses: block [26f](#), [27b](#), subset [26ade](#), weights [25b](#), weights, [25cd](#).

Chapter 3

C Code

The main motivation to implement the **libcoin** package comes from the demand to compute high-dimensional linear statistics (with large P and Q) and the corresponding test statistics very often, either for sampling from the permutation null distribution H_0 or for different subsets of the data. Especially the latter task can be performed *without* actually subsetting the data via the **subset** argument very efficiently (in terms of memory consumption and, depending on the circumstances, speed).

We start with the definition of some macros and global variables in the header files.

3.1 Header and Source Files

"libcoin_internal.h" 20a≡

```
⟨ C Header 156b ⟩
⟨ R Includes 20b ⟩
⟨ C Macros 21a ⟩
⟨ C Global Variables 21b ⟩
◇
```

These includes provide some R infrastructure at C level.

⟨ R Includes 20b ⟩ ≡

```
#define STRICT_R_HEADERS
#define USE_FC_LEN_T
#include <float.h>          /* for DBL_MIN */
#include <R.h>
#include <Rinternals.h>
#include <Rversion.h>      /* for R_VERSION */
#include <R_ext/Lapack.h> /* for dspev */
#ifndef FCONE
# define FCONE
#endif
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 20a.

We need three macros: **S** computes the element σ_{ij} of a symmetric $n \times n$ matrix when only the lower triangular elements are stored. **LE** implements \leq with some tolerance, **GE** implements \geq .

$\langle C \text{ Macros } 21a \rangle \equiv$

```
#define S(i, j, n) ((i) >= (j) ? (n) * (j) + (i) - (j) * ((j) + 1) / 2 : (n) * (i) + (j) - (i) * ((i) + 1)
#define LE(x, y, tol) ((x) < (y)) || (fabs((x) - (y)) < (tol))
#define GE(x, y, tol) ((x) > (y)) || (fabs((x) - (y)) < (tol))
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 20a.

Defines: GE 51, 54, LE 54, S 35b, 36a, 44, 45, 57b, 58b, 59b, 62, 64a, 68, 69a, 73a, 76b, 88a, 99, 135, 136a, 138, 144b.

Uses: x 23d, 24bc, y 24df, 25a.

$\langle C \text{ Global Variables } 21b \rangle \equiv$

```
#define ALTERNATIVE_twosided 1
#define ALTERNATIVE_less 2
#define ALTERNATIVE_greater 3

#define TESTSTAT_maximum 1
#define TESTSTAT_quadratic 2

#define LinearStatistic_SLOT 0
#define Expectation_SLOT 1
#define Covariance_SLOT 2
#define Variance_SLOT 3
#define ExpectationX_SLOT 4
#define varonly_SLOT 5
#define dim_SLOT 6
#define ExpectationInfluence_SLOT 7
#define CovarianceInfluence_SLOT 8
#define VarianceInfluence_SLOT 9
#define Xfactor_SLOT 10
#define tol_SLOT 11
#define PermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT 12
#define StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT 13
#define TableBlock_SLOT 14
#define Sumweights_SLOT 15
#define Table_SLOT 16

#define DoSymmetric 1
#define DoCenter 1
#define DoVarOnly 1
#define Power1 1
#define Power2 2
#define Offset0 0
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 20a.

Defines: CovarianceInfluence_SLOT 145c, 148b, 149, Covariance_SLOT 144bc, 148b, 149, dim_SLOT 142c, 143a, 148b, 149, DoCenter 77d, 81c, 84a, 85b, 88a, 94b, 106c, DoSymmetric 77d, 84a, 88a, DoVarOnly 35bcd, 44, ExpectationInfluence_SLOT 145b, 148b, 149, ExpectationX_SLOT 145a, 148b, 149, Expectation_SLOT 144a, 148b, 149, LinearStatistic_SLOT 143d, 148b, 149, Offset0 33b, 34a, 37, 41a, 43b, 44, 81a, 83a, 84c, 87a, 90a, 94b, 102b, 106c, 111a, 115a, 119b, 123c, 127a, PermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT 147bc, 148b, 149, Power1 81c, 85b, 106c, Power2 84a, 88a, StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT 148b, 149, Sumweights_SLOT 146b, 147a, 148b, 149, 150b, TableBlock_SLOT 34a, 146a, 147a, 148b, 149, 150b, Table_SLOT 146cd, 148b, 149, 151, tol_SLOT 147d, 148b, 149, VarianceInfluence_SLOT 145d, 148b, 149, Variance_SLOT 144b, 148b, 149, varonly_SLOT 143b, 148b, 149, Xfactor_SLOT 143c, 148b, 149.

The corresponding header file contains definitions of functions that can be called via `.Call()` from the **libcoin** package. In addition, packages linking to **libcoin** can access these function at C level (at your own risk, of course!).

"libcoin.h" 22a≡

```
⟨ C Header 156b ⟩  
#include "libcoin_internal.h"  
⟨ Function Prototypes 22b ⟩  
◇
```

⟨ Function Prototypes 22b ⟩ ≡

```
extern ⟨ R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic Prototype 30c ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_PermutedLinearStatistic Prototype 36b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic Prototype 38b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d Prototype 40a ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d Prototype 47a ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_QuadraticTest Prototype 50b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_MaximumTest Prototype 52b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_MaximallySelectedTest Prototype 55a ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_ExpectationInfluence Prototype 80b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_CovarianceInfluence Prototype 82 ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_ExpectationX Prototype 84b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_CovarianceX Prototype 86 ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_Sums Prototype 89c ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_KronSums Prototype 94a ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_KronSums_Permutation Prototype 102a ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_colSums Prototype 106b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_OneTableSums Prototype 110b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_TwoTableSums Prototype 114b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_ThreeTableSums Prototype 119a ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_order_subset_wrt_block Prototype 123b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_quadform Prototype 60b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_kronecker Prototype 132c ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_MPinv_sym Prototype 136b ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_unpack_sym Prototype 139a ⟩;  
extern ⟨ R_pack_sym Prototype 141a ⟩;  
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 22a.

The C file libcoin.c contains all C functions and corresponding R interfaces.

"libcoin.c" 22c≡

```
⟨ C Header 156b ⟩  
#include "libcoin_internal.h"  
#include <R_ext/stats_stubs.h> /* for S_rcont2 */  
#include <mvtnormAPI.h> /* for calling mvtnorm */  
⟨ Function Definitions 23a ⟩  
◇
```

$\langle \text{Function Definitions 23a} \rangle \equiv$

$\langle \text{MoreUtils 130a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Memory 142a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{P-Values 64b} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{KronSums 93b} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{colSums 106a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{SimpleSums 89b} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Tables 110a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Utils 123a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{LinearStatistics 77b} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Permutations 127b} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{ExpectationCovariances 78a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Test Statistics 57a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{User Interface 30a} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{2d User Interface 39b} \rangle$
 $\langle \text{Tests 50a} \rangle$
 \diamond

Fragment referenced in 22c.

3.2 Variables

N is the number of observations

$\langle R \ N \text{ Input 23b} \rangle \equiv$

`SEXP N,`
 \diamond

Fragment referenced in 89c.

Defines: N 5ab, 6, 8, 15b, 23c, 33ab, 34ab, 35abcd, 37, 41a, 67, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84ac, 85b, 87a, 88abc, 90a, 91a, 93a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 106c, 107b, 109b, 111a, 112a, 115a, 116a, 119b, 120b, 123c, 124b, 125ab, 126a, 127a, 136a.

which at C level is represented as `R_xlen_t` to allow for $N > \text{INT_MAX}$

$\langle C \text{ integer } N \text{ Input 23c} \rangle \equiv$

`R_xlen_t N`
 \diamond

Fragment referenced in 24bc, 32, 37, 41a, 77c, 81ab, 83ab, 84c, 85a, 87ab, 90b, 91b, 92abc, 94b, 95c, 102b, 103a, 106c, 111a, 115a, 119b, 123c, 124a, 125ab, 126b.

Defines: N 5ab, 6, 8, 15b, 23b, 33ab, 34ab, 35abcd, 37, 41a, 67, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84ac, 85b, 87a, 88abc, 90a, 91a, 93a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 106c, 107b, 109b, 111a, 112a, 115a, 116a, 119b, 120b, 123c, 124b, 125ab, 126a, 127a, 136a.

The regressors $\mathbf{x}_i, i = 1, \dots, N$

$\langle R \ x \text{ Input 23d} \rangle \equiv$

`SEXP x,`
 \diamond

Fragment referenced in 30b, 39c, 47a, 77c, 84b, 85a, 86, 87b, 94a, 95c, 102a, 103a, 106b, 110b, 114b, 119a.

Defines: \mathbf{x} 8, 14, 17, 21a, 24bc, 30d, 31ab, 33ab, 35acd, 36c, 37, 40b, 41ab, 42a, 43b, 44, 47b, 48, 77d, 84c, 85b, 87a, 88a, 94b, 95b, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 106c, 107b, 109b, 111a, 112a, 114a, 115a, 116a, 118b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 130b, 131ab, 136ab, 137ab, 138, 139ab, 140, 141abc.

are either represented as a real matrix with N rows and P columns

$\langle C \text{ integer } P \text{ Input 24a} \rangle \equiv$

```
int P
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 24bc, 32, 77c, 78b, 79, 80a, 85a, 87b, 95c, 103a, 150b, 151.

Defines: **P** 14, 31ab, 33ab, 34a, 35acd, 36a, 37, 41ab, 42a, 43b, 44, 45, 46, 48, 51, 52a, 54, 56, 70, 71, 72, 73a, 74, 75ab, 76ab, 77d, 78b, 79, 80a, 84bc, 85b, 86, 87a, 88a, 94ab, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102ab, 103b, 104c, 105c, 106c, 107b, 109b, 111a, 112a, 114a, 115a, 116a, 118b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 132ab, 136a, 148a, 149.

$\langle C \text{ real } x \text{ Input 24b} \rangle \equiv$

```
double *x,
⟨ C integer N Input 23c ⟩,
⟨ C integer P Input 24a ⟩,
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 95d, 104ab, 107c, 136a.

Defines: **x** 8, 14, 17, 21a, 23d, 24c, 30d, 31ab, 33ab, 35acd, 36c, 37, 40b, 41ab, 42a, 43b, 44, 47b, 48, 77d, 84c, 85b, 87a, 88a, 94b, 95b, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 106c, 107b, 109b, 111a, 112a, 114a, 115a, 116a, 118b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 130b, 131ab, 136ab, 137ab, 138, 139ab, 140, 141abc.

or as a factor (an integer at C level) at P levels

$\langle C \text{ integer } x \text{ Input 24c} \rangle \equiv$

```
int *x,
⟨ C integer N Input 23c ⟩,
⟨ C integer P Input 24a ⟩,
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 100a, 105ab, 112b, 116b, 120c.

Defines: **x** 8, 14, 17, 21a, 23d, 24b, 30d, 31ab, 33ab, 35acd, 36c, 37, 40b, 41ab, 42a, 43b, 44, 47b, 48, 77d, 84c, 85b, 87a, 88a, 94b, 95b, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 106c, 107b, 109b, 111a, 112a, 114a, 115a, 116a, 118b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 130b, 131ab, 136ab, 137ab, 138, 139ab, 140, 141abc.

The influence functions are also either a $N \times Q$ real matrix

$\langle R \text{ y Input 24d} \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP y,
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 30b, 39c, 47a, 80b, 81b, 82, 83b, 94a, 102a, 114b, 119a, 123b.

Defines: **y** 14, 21a, 24f, 25a, 30d, 31ab, 33b, 35ab, 36c, 37, 40b, 41ab, 42a, 43b, 44, 47b, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 115a, 116a, 118b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 123c, 134, 135.

$\langle C \text{ integer } Q \text{ Input 24e} \rangle \equiv$

```
int Q
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 24f, 25a, 32, 78b, 79, 80a, 81ab, 83ab, 94b, 102b, 150b, 151.

Defines: **Q** 14, 31ab, 33ab, 35abcd, 36a, 37, 41ab, 42a, 43b, 44, 45, 46, 48, 51, 52a, 54, 70, 71, 72, 73abc, 74, 76ab, 77ad, 78b, 79, 80a, 81ac, 83a, 84a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 115a, 116a, 118b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 132b, 148a, 149, 150a.

$\langle C \text{ real } y \text{ Input 24f} \rangle \equiv$

```
double *y,
   $\langle C \text{ integer } Q \text{ Input 24e} \rangle$ ,
   $\diamond$ 
```

Fragment referenced in 77c, 95cd, 100a, 103a, 104ab, 105ab.

Defines: y 14, 21a, 24d, 25a, 30d, 31ab, 33b, 35ab, 36c, 37, 40b, 41ab, 42a, 43b, 44, 47b, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 115a, 116a, 118b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 123c, 134, 135.

or a factor at Q levels

$\langle C \text{ integer } y \text{ Input 25a} \rangle \equiv$

```
int *y,
   $\langle C \text{ integer } Q \text{ Input 24e} \rangle$ ,
   $\diamond$ 
```

Fragment referenced in 116b, 120c.

Defines: y 14, 21a, 24df, 30d, 31ab, 33b, 35ab, 36c, 37, 40b, 41ab, 42a, 43b, 44, 47b, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 115a, 116a, 118b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 123c, 134, 135.

The case weights $w_i, i = 1, \dots, N$

$\langle R \text{ weights Input 25b} \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP weights
   $\diamond$ 
```

Fragment referenced in 30b, 39c, 77c, 80b, 81b, 82, 83b, 84b, 85a, 86, 87b, 89c, 90b, 94a, 95a, 106b, 107a, 110b, 111b, 114b, 115b, 119a, 120a, 123b, 126b.

Defines: **weights** 3b, 4, 5a, 6, 8, 15ab, 17, 19, 25cd, 30d, 31a, 33b, 34b, 35abcd, 36c, 37, 40b, 41a, 49a, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84ac, 85b, 87a, 88ab, 90a, 91a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 106c, 107b, 111a, 112a, 115a, 116a, 119b, 120b, 123c, 127a.

can be constant one ($\text{XLENGTH(weights)} == 0$ or $\text{weights} = \text{integer}(0)$) or integer-valued, with **HAS_WEIGHTS** == 0 in the former case

$\langle C \text{ integer weights Input 25c} \rangle \equiv$

```
int *weights,
int HAS_WEIGHTS,
   $\diamond$ 
```

Fragment referenced in 92ab, 97c, 98a, 100cd, 108cd, 113ab, 117bc, 121cd.

Defines: **HAS_WEIGHTS** 25d, 93a, 99, 101b, 109b, 114a, 118b, 122b, **weights**, 4, 6, 8, 15b, 19, 25d, 30d, 31a, 33b, 34b, 35abcd, 36c, 37, 40b, 41a, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84ac, 85b, 87a, 88a, 90a, 94b, 106c, 111a, 115a, 119b, 123c, 127a.

Uses: **weights** 25b.

Case weights larger than **INT_MAX** are stored as double

$\langle C \text{ real weights Input 25d} \rangle \equiv$

```
double *weights,
int HAS_WEIGHTS,
   $\diamond$ 
```

Fragment referenced in 91b, 92c, 97b, 98b, 100b, 101a, 108b, 109a, 112d, 113c, 117a, 118a, 121b, 122a.

Defines: **HAS_WEIGHTS** 25c, 93a, 99, 101b, 109b, 114a, 118b, 122b, **weights**, 4, 6, 8, 15b, 19, 25c, 30d, 31a, 33b, 34b, 35abcd, 36c, 37, 40b, 41a, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84ac, 85b, 87a, 88a, 90a, 94b, 106c, 111a, 115a, 119b, 123c, 127a.

Uses: **weights** 25b.

The sum of all case weights is a double

$\langle C \text{ sumweights Input 25e} \rangle \equiv$

```
double sumweights
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 79, 80a, 81b, 83b.

Defines: **sumweights** 32, 34ab, 35abcd, 43ab, 44, 46, 48, 49bd, 71, 72, 73b, 77a, 79, 80a, 81ac, 83a, 84a, 127a, 146b.

Subsets $\mathcal{A} \subseteq \{1, \dots, N\}$ are R style indices

$\langle R \text{ subset Input 26a} \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP subset
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 30b, 39c, 77c, 80b, 81b, 82, 83b, 84b, 85a, 86, 87b, 89c, 90b, 94a, 95a, 102a, 103a, 106b, 107a, 110b, 111b, 114b, 115b, 119a, 120a, 123b, 124a, 126ab.

Defines: **subset** 3b, 4, 5ab, 6, 8, 15ab, 17, 19, 26de, 30d, 31a, 32, 33b, 34ab, 36c, 37, 40b, 41a, 43b, 44, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84ac, 85b, 87a, 88ab, 89a, 90a, 91a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 106c, 107b, 111a, 112a, 115a, 116a, 119b, 120b, 123c, 124b, 126a, 127a, 128ab, 129ab.

are either not existent (`XLENGTH(subset) == 0`) or of length

$\langle C \text{ integer Nsubset Input 26b} \rangle \equiv$

```
R_xlen_t Nsubset
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 26c, 37, 41a, 81a, 83a, 84c, 87a, 90a, 94b, 102b, 106c, 111a, 115a, 119b, 128ab, 129b.

Defines: **Nsubset** 34b, 37, 41a, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84ac, 85b, 87a, 88abc, 89a, 90a, 91a, 93a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 106c, 107b, 111a, 112a, 115a, 116a, 119b, 120b, 128ab, 129b.

Optionally, one can specify a subset of the subset via

$\langle C \text{ subset range Input 26c} \rangle \equiv$

```
R_xlen_t offset,
⟨ C integer Nsubset Input 26b ⟩
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 26de, 77c, 81b, 83b, 85a, 87b, 90b, 95a, 103a, 107a, 111b, 115b, 120a.

Defines: **offset** 32, 34b, 35abcd, 77d, 81c, 84a, 85b, 88ab, 91a, 96b, 97a, 103b, 104c, 105c, 107b, 112a, 116a, 120b.

where **offset** is a C style index for **subset**.

Subsets are stored either as integer

$\langle C \text{ integer subset Input 26d} \rangle \equiv$

```
int *subset,
⟨ C subset range Input 26c ⟩
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 92bc, 98ab, 100d, 101a, 104b, 105b, 108d, 109a, 113bc, 117c, 118a, 121d, 122a.

Defines: **subset** 3b, 4, 5ab, 6, 8, 15ab, 17, 19, 26ae, 30d, 31a, 32, 33b, 34ab, 36c, 37, 40b, 41a, 43b, 44, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84ac, 85b, 87a, 88ab, 89a, 90a, 91a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 106c, 107b, 111a, 112a, 115a, 116a, 119b, 120b, 123c, 124b, 126a, 127a, 128ab, 129ab.

or double (to allow for indices larger than `INT_MAX`)

$\langle C \text{ real subset Input 26e} \rangle \equiv$

```
double *subset,
   $\langle C \text{ subset range Input 26c} \rangle$ 
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 91b, 92a, 97bc, 100bc, 104a, 105a, 108bc, 112d, 113a, 117ab, 121bc.

Defines: **subset** 3b, 4, 5ab, 6, 8, 15ab, 17, 19, 26ad, 30d, 31a, 32, 33b, 34ab, 36c, 37, 40b, 41a, 43b, 44, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84ac, 85b, 87a, 88ab, 89a, 90a, 91a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 106c, 107b, 111a, 112a, 115a, 116a, 119b, 120b, 123c, 124b, 126a, 127a, 128ab, 129ab.

Blocks $\text{block}_i, i = 1, \dots, N$

$\langle R \text{ block Input 26f} \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP block
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 30b, 39c, 47a, 119a, 123b, 124a, 125b, 126a.

Defines: **block** 3b, 4, 5a, 6, 8, 15ab, 17, 19, 27b, 30d, 31ab, 34ab, 36c, 37, 40b, 41ab, 47b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 123c, 124b, 125b, 126a, 146a.

at B levels

$\langle C \text{ integer } B \text{ Input 27a} \rangle \equiv$

```
int B
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 27b, 32, 150b, 151.

Defines: **B** 31ab, 32, 33a, 34a, 37, 41ab, 42b, 45, 46, 48, 49b, 70, 71, 74, 119b, 120b, 122b, 132bc, 133ab, 134, 135, 148a, 149, 150b, 151.

are stored as a factor

$\langle C \text{ integer block Input 27b} \rangle \equiv$

```
int *block,
   $\langle C \text{ integer } B \text{ Input 27a} \rangle$ ,
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 120c.

Defines: **block** 3b, 4, 5a, 6, 8, 15ab, 17, 19, 26f, 30d, 31ab, 34ab, 36c, 37, 40b, 41ab, 47b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 123c, 124b, 125b, 126a, 146a.

The tabulation of block (potentially in subsets) is

$\langle R \text{ blockTable Input 27c} \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP blockTable
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 124a, 125b, 126a.

Defines: **blockTable** 37, 123c, 124b, 125b, 126a.

where the table is of length $B + 1$ and the first element counts the number of missing values (although these are NOT allowed in block).

3.2.1 Example Data and Code

We start with setting-up some toy data sets to be used as test bed. The data over both the 1d and the 2d case, including case weights, subsets and blocks.

```
> N <- 20L
> P <- 3L
> Lx <- 10L
> Ly <- 5L
> Q <- 4L
> B <- 2L
> iX2d <- rbind(0, matrix(runif(Lx * P), nrow = Lx))
> ix <- sample(1:Lx, size = N, replace = TRUE)
> levels(ix) <- 1:Lx
> ixf <- factor(ix, levels = 1:Lx, labels = 1:Lx)
> x <- iX2d[ix + 1,]
> Xfactor <- diag(Lx)[ix,]
> iY2d <- rbind(0, matrix(runif(Ly * Q), nrow = Ly))
> iy <- sample(1:Ly, size = N, replace = TRUE)
> levels(iy) <- 1:Ly
> iyf <- factor(iy, levels = 1:Ly, labels = 1:Ly)
> y <- iY2d[iy + 1,]
> weights <- sample(0:5, size = N, replace = TRUE)
> block <- sample(gl(B, ceiling(N / B))[1:N])
> subset <- sort(sample(1:N, floor(N * 1.5), replace = TRUE))
> subsety <- sample(1:N, floor(N * 1.5), replace = TRUE)
> r1 <- rep(1:ncol(x), ncol(y))
> r1Xfactor <- rep(1:ncol(Xfactor), ncol(y))
> r2 <- rep(1:ncol(y), each = ncol(x))
> r2Xfactor <- rep(1:ncol(y), each = ncol(Xfactor))
```

As a benchmark, we implement linear statistics, their expectation and covariance, taking case weights, subsets and blocks into account, at R level. In a sense, the core of the **libcoin** package is “just” a less memory-hungry and sometimes faster version of this simple function.

```
> LSEC <-
+ function(X, Y, weights = integer(0), subset = integer(0), block = integer(0))
+ {
+   if (length(weights) == 0) weights <- rep.int(1, NROW(X))
+   if (length(subset) == 0) subset <- seq_len(NROW(X))
+
+   X <- X[subset,, drop = FALSE]
+   Y <- Y[subset,, drop = FALSE]
+   weights <- weights[subset]
+
+   if (length(block) == 0) {
+     w. <- sum(weights)
+     wX <- weights * X
+     wY <- weights * Y
+     ExpX <- colSums(wX)
+     ExpY <- colSums(wY) / w.
+     CovX <- crossprod(X, wX)
+     Yc <- t(t(Y) - ExpY)
+     CovY <- crossprod(Yc, weights * Yc) / w.
+     T <- crossprod(X, wY)
+     Exp <- kronecker(ExpY, ExpX)
+     Cov <- w. / (w. - 1) * kronecker(CovY, CovX) -
+       1 / (w. - 1) * kronecker(CovY, tcrossprod(ExpX))
+
+     list(LinearStatistic = as.vector(T), Expectation = as.vector(Exp),
```

```

+           Covariance = Cov, Variance = diag(Cov))
+   } else {
+       block <- block[subset]
+       ret <- list(LinearStatistic = 0, Expectation = 0,
+                 Covariance = 0, Variance = 0)
+       for (b in levels(block)) {
+           tmp <- LSEC(X = X, Y = Y, weights = weights, subset = which(block == b))
+           for (l in names(ret)) ret[[l]] <- ret[[l]] + tmp[[l]]
+       }
+       ret
+   }
+ }

> cmpr <-
+ function(ret1, ret2)
+ {
+   if (inherits(ret1, "LinStatExpCov")) {
+     if (!ret1$varonly)
+       ret1$Covariance <- vcov(ret1)
+   }
+   ret1 <- ret1[!sapply(ret1, is.null)]
+   ret2 <- ret2[!sapply(ret2, is.null)]
+   nm1 <- names(ret1)
+   nm2 <- names(ret2)
+   nm <- c(nm1, nm2)
+   nm <- names(table(nm))[table(nm) == 2]
+   isequal(ret1[nm], ret2[nm])
+ }

```

We now compute the linear statistic along with corresponding expectation, variance and covariance for later reuse.

```

> LECVxyws <- LinStatExpCov(x, y, weights = weights, subset = subset)
> LEVxyws <- LinStatExpCov(x, y, weights = weights, subset = subset, varonly = TRUE)

```

The following tests compare the high-level R implementation (function LSEC()) with the 1d and 2d C level implementations in the two situations with and without specification of X (ie, the dummy matrix in the latter case).

```

> ### with X given
> testit <-
+ function(...)
+ {
+   a <- LinStatExpCov(x, y, ...)
+   b <- LSEC(x, y, ...)
+   d <- LinStatExpCov(X = iX2d, ix = ix, Y = iY2d, iy = iy, ...)
+   cmpr(a, b) && cmpr(d, b)
+ }
> stopifnot(
+   testit() && testit(weights = weights) &&
+   testit(subset = subset) && testit(weights = weights, subset = subset) &&
+   testit(block = block) && testit(weights = weights, block = block) &&
+   testit(subset = subset, block = block) &&
+   testit(weights = weights, subset = subset, block = block)
+ )
> ### without dummy matrix X
> testit <-
+ function(...)
+ {
+   a <- LinStatExpCov(X = ix, y, ...)

```



```

+   b <- LSEC(Xfactor, y, ...)
+   d <- LinStatExpCov(X = integer(0), ix = ix, Y = iY2d, iy = iy, ...)
+   cmpr(a, b) && cmpr(d, b)
+ }
> stopifnot(
+   testit() && testit(weights = weights) &&
+   testit(subset = subset) && testit(weights = weights, subset = subset) &&
+   testit(block = block) && testit(weights = weights, block = block) &&
+   testit(subset = subset, block = block) &&
+   testit(weights = weights, subset = subset, block = block)
+ )

```

All three implementations give the same results.

3.3 Conventions

Functions starting with `R_` are C functions callable via `.Call()` from R. That means they all return SEXP. These functions allocate memory handled by R.

Functions starting with `RC_` are C functions with SEXP or pointer arguments and possibly an SEXP return value.

Functions starting with `C_` are C functions with pointer arguments only and return a scalar or nothing.

Return values (arguments modified by a function) are named `ans`, sometimes with dimension (for example: `PQ_ans`).

3.4 C User Interface

3.4.1 One-Dimensional Case (“1d”)

$\langle \text{User Interface 30a} \rangle \equiv$

```

   $\langle \text{RC\_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 32} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{R\_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 31a} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{R\_PermutedLinearStatistic 37} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{R\_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic 39a} \rangle$ 
   $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

The data are given as \mathbf{x}_i and \mathbf{y}_i for $i = 1, \dots, N$, optionally with case weights, subset and blocks. The latter three variables are ignored when specified as `integer(0)`.

$\langle \text{User Interface Input 30b} \rangle \equiv$

```

   $\langle \text{R } x \text{ Input 23d} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{R } y \text{ Input 24d} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{R } weights \text{ Input 25b} \rangle,$ 
   $\langle \text{R } subset \text{ Input 26a} \rangle,$ 
   $\langle \text{R } block \text{ Input 26f} \rangle,$ 
   $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [30c](#), [32](#), [36b](#).

$\langle R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic \text{ Prototype } 30c \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic
(
   $\langle \text{User Interface Input } 30b \rangle$ 
  SEXP varonly,
  SEXP tol
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [31a](#).

Uses: [R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 31a](#).

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" [30d](#)≡

```
 $\langle \text{C Header } 156b \rangle$ 
#include <R_ext/Rdynload.h>
#include <libcoin.h>

extern SEXP libcoin_R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic(
  SEXP x, SEXP y, SEXP weights, SEXP subset, SEXP block, SEXP varonly,
  SEXP tol
) {
  static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP) = NULL;
  if (fun == NULL)
    fun = (SEXP*)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP)
      R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic");
  return fun(x, y, weights, subset, block, varonly, tol);
}
◇
```

File defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).

Uses: [block 26f](#), [27b](#), [R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 31a](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#), [y 24df](#), [25a](#).

The C interface essentially sets-up the necessary memory and calls a C level function for the computations.

$\langle R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic \text{ 31a} \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle R\_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic \text{ Prototype } 30c \rangle$ 
{
  SEXP ans;

   $\langle \text{Setup Dimensions } 31b \rangle$ 

  PROTECT(ans = RC_init_LECV_1d(P, Q, INTEGER(varonly)[0], B, TYPEOF(x) == INTSXP, REAL(tol)[0]));

  RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic(x, y, weights, subset, block, ans);

  UNPROTECT(1);
  return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [30a](#).

Defines: [R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 6](#), [30cd](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: [B 27a](#), [block 26f](#), [27b](#), [P 24a](#), [Q 24e](#), [RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 32](#), [45](#), [RC_init_LECV_1d 150b](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#), [y 24df](#), [25a](#).

P , Q and B are first extracted from the data. The case where X is an implicitly specified dummy matrix, the dimension P is the number of levels of x .

$\langle \textit{Setup Dimensions 31b} \rangle \equiv$

```
int P, Q, B;

if (typeof(x) == INTSXP) {
    P = NLEVELS(x);
} else {
    P = NCOL(x);
}
Q = NCOL(y);

B = 1;
if (LENGTH(block) > 0)
    B = NLEVELS(block);
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [31a](#), [37](#).

Uses: B [27a](#), block [26f](#), [27b](#), NCOL [131a](#), NLEVELS [131b](#), P [24a](#), Q [24e](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#), y [24df](#), [25a](#).

The core function first computes the linear statistic (as there is no need to pay attention to blocks) and, in a second step, starts a loop over potential blocks.

FIXME: `x` being an integer (`Xfactor`) with some 0 elements is not handled correctly (as `sumweights` doesn't take this information into account; use `subset` to exclude these missings (as done in `LinStatExpCov()`)

$\langle RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic\ 32 \rangle \equiv$

```

void RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic
(
   $\langle User\ Interface\ Input\ 30b \rangle$ 
  SEXP ans
) {
   $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ;
   $\langle C\ integer\ P\ Input\ 24a \rangle$ ;
   $\langle C\ integer\ Q\ Input\ 24e \rangle$ ;
   $\langle C\ integer\ B\ Input\ 27a \rangle$ ;
  double *sumweights, *table;
  double *ExpInf, *VarInf, *CovInf, *ExpX, *ExpXtotal, *VarX, *CovX;
  double *tmpV, *tmpCV;
  SEXP nullvec, subset_block;

   $\langle Extract\ Dimensions\ 33a \rangle$ 

   $\langle Compute\ Linear\ Statistic\ 33b \rangle$ 

   $\langle Setup\ Memory\ and\ Subsets\ in\ Blocks\ 34a \rangle$ 

  /* start with subset[0] */
  R_xlen_t offset = (R_xlen_t) table[0];

  for (int b = 0; b < B; b++) {

     $\langle Compute\ Sum\ of\ Weights\ in\ Block\ 34b \rangle$ 

    /* don't do anything for empty blocks or blocks with weight 1 */
    if (sumweights[b] > 1) {

       $\langle Compute\ Expectation\ Linear\ Statistic\ 35a \rangle$ 

       $\langle Compute\ Covariance\ Influence\ 35b \rangle$ 

      if (C_get_varonly(ans)) {
         $\langle Compute\ Variance\ Linear\ Statistic\ 35c \rangle$ 
      } else {
         $\langle Compute\ Covariance\ Linear\ Statistic\ 35d \rangle$ 
      }
    }

    /* next iteration starts with subset[cumsum(table[1:(b + 1)])] */
    offset += (R_xlen_t) table[b + 1];
  }

   $\langle Compute\ Variance\ from\ Covariance\ 36a \rangle$ 

  R_Free(ExpX); R_Free(VarX); R_Free(CovX);
  UNPROTECT(2);
}

```

Fragment referenced in [30a](#).

Defines: [RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 31a](#).

Uses: [B 27a](#), [C_get_varonly 143b](#), [offset 26c](#), [subset 26ade](#), [sumweights 25e](#).

The dimensions are available from the return object:

$\langle \text{Extract Dimensions 33a} \rangle \equiv$

```
P = C_get_P(ans);
Q = C_get_Q(ans);
N = NROW(x);
B = C_get_B(ans);
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 32.

Uses: B 27a, C_get_B 147a, C_get_P 142c, C_get_Q 143a, N 23bc, NROW 130b, P 24a, Q 24e, x 23d, 24bc.

The linear statistic $\mathbf{T}(\mathcal{A})$ can be computed without taking blocks into account.

$\langle \text{Compute Linear Statistic 33b} \rangle \equiv$

```
RC_LinearStatistic(x, N, P, REAL(y), Q, weights, subset,
                  Offset0, XLENGTH(subset),
                  C_get_LinearStatistic(ans));
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 32.

Uses: C_get_LinearStatistic 143d, N 23bc, Offset0 21b, P 24a, Q 24e, RC_LinearStatistic 77d, subset 26ade, weights 25b, weights, 25cd, x 23d, 24bc, y 24df, 25a.

We next extract memory from the return object and allocate some additional memory. The most important step is to tabulate blocks and to order the subset with respect to blocks. In absense of block, this just returns subset.

$\langle \text{Setup Memory and Subsets in Blocks 34a} \rangle \equiv$

```

ExpInf = C_get_ExpectationInfluence(ans);
VarInf = C_get_VarianceInfluence(ans);
CovInf = C_get_CovarianceInfluence(ans);
ExpXtotal = C_get_ExpectationX(ans);
for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) ExpXtotal[p] = 0.0;
ExpX = R_Calloc(P, double);
/* Fix by Joanidis Kristoforos: P > INT_MAX is possible
   for maximally selected statistics (when X is an integer).
   2018-12-13 */
if (C_get_varonly(ans)) {
    VarX = R_Calloc(P, double);
    CovX = R_Calloc(1, double);
} else {
    VarX = R_Calloc(1, double);
    CovX = R_Calloc(PP12(P), double);
}
table = C_get_TableBlock(ans);
sumweights = C_get_Sumweights(ans);
PROTECT(nullvec = allocVector(INTSXP, 0));

if (B == 1) {
    table[0] = 0.0;
    table[1] = RC_Sums(N, nullvec, subset, Offset0, XLENGTH(subset));
} else {
    RC_OneTableSums(INTEGER(block), N, B + 1, nullvec, subset, Offset0,
                    XLENGTH(subset), table);
}
if (table[0] > 0)
    error("No missing values allowed in block");
PROTECT(subset_block = RC_order_subset_wrt_block(N, subset, block,
                                                  VECTOR_ELT(ans, TableBlock_SLOT)));
◇

```

Fragment referenced in 32.

Uses: B 27a, block 26f, 27b, C_get_CovarianceInfluence 145c, C_get_ExpectationInfluence 145b, C_get_ExpectationX 145a, C_get_Sumweights 146b, C_get_TableBlock 146a, C_get_VarianceInfluence 145d, C_get_varonly 143b, N 23bc, Offset0 21b, P 24a, PP12 132a, RC_OneTableSums 112a, RC_order_subset_wrt_block 124b, RC_Sums 91a, subset 26ade, sumweights 25e, TableBlock_SLOT 21b.

We compute $\mu(\mathcal{A})$ based on $\mathbb{E}(h \mid S(\mathcal{A}))$ and $\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}} w_i x_i$ for the subset given by subset and the b th level of block. The expectation is initialised zero when $b = 0$ and values add-up over blocks.

$\langle \text{Compute Sum of Weights in Block 34b} \rangle \equiv$

```

/* compute sum of case weights in block b of subset */
if (table[b + 1] > 0) {
    sumweights[b] = RC_Sums(N, weights, subset_block,
                          offset, (R_xlen_t) table[b + 1]);
} else {
    /* offset = something and Nsubset = 0 means Nsubset = N in
       RC_Sums; catch empty or zero-weight block levels here */
    sumweights[b] = 0.0;
}
◇

```

Fragment referenced in 32.

Uses: block 26f, 27b, N 23bc, Nsubset 26b, offset 26c, RC_Sums 91a, subset 26ade, sumweights 25e, weights 25b, weights, 25cd.

$\langle \text{Compute Expectation Linear Statistic 35a} \rangle \equiv$

```
RC_ExpectationInfluence(N, y, Q, weights, subset_block, offset,
                        (R_xlen_t) table[b + 1], sumweights[b], ExpInf + b * Q);
RC_ExpectationX(x, N, P, weights, subset_block, offset,
               (R_xlen_t) table[b + 1], ExpX);
for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) ExpXtotal[p] += ExpX[p];
C_ExpectationLinearStatistic(P, Q, ExpInf + b * Q, ExpX, b,
                           C_get_Expectation(ans));
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 32.

Uses: C_ExpectationLinearStatistic 78b, C_get_Expectation 144a, N 23bc, offset 26c, P 24a, Q 24e,
RC_ExpectationInfluence 81c, RC_ExpectationX 85b, sumweights 25e, weights 25b, weights, 25cd, x 23d, 24bc,
y 24df, 25a.

The covariance $\mathbb{V}(h \mid S(\mathcal{A}))$ is now computed for the subset given by subset and the b th level of block. Note that CovInf stores the values for each block in the return object (for later reuse).

$\langle \text{Compute Covariance Influence 35b} \rangle \equiv$

```
/* C_ordered_Xfactor and C_unordered_Xfactor need both VarInf and CovInf */
RC_CovarianceInfluence(N, y, Q, weights, subset_block, offset,
                      (R_xlen_t) table[b + 1], ExpInf + b * Q, sumweights[b],
                      !DoVarOnly, CovInf + b * Q * (Q + 1) / 2);
/* extract variance from covariance */
tmpCV = CovInf + b * Q * (Q + 1) / 2;
tmpV = VarInf + b * Q;
for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++) tmpV[q] = tmpCV[S(q, q, Q)];
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 32.

Uses: C_ordered_Xfactor 70, C_unordered_Xfactor 74, DoVarOnly 21b, N 23bc, offset 26c, Q 24e,
RC_CovarianceInfluence 84a, S 21a, sumweights 25e, weights 25b, weights, 25cd, y 24df, 25a.

We can now compute the variance or covariance of the linear statistic $\Sigma(\mathcal{A})$:

$\langle \text{Compute Variance Linear Statistic 35c} \rangle \equiv$

```
RC_CovarianceX(x, N, P, weights, subset_block, offset,
              (R_xlen_t) table[b + 1], ExpX, DoVarOnly, VarX);
C_VarianceLinearStatistic(P, Q, VarInf + b * Q, ExpX, VarX, sumweights[b],
                         b, C_get_Variance(ans));
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 32.

Uses: C_get_Variance 144b, C_VarianceLinearStatistic 80a, DoVarOnly 21b, N 23bc, offset 26c, P 24a, Q 24e,
RC_CovarianceX 88a, sumweights 25e, weights 25b, weights, 25cd, x 23d, 24bc.

$\langle \text{Compute Covariance Linear Statistic 35d} \rangle \equiv$

```
RC_CovarianceX(x, N, P, weights, subset_block, offset,
              (R_xlen_t) table[b + 1], ExpX, !DoVarOnly, CovX);
C_CovarianceLinearStatistic(P, Q, CovInf + b * Q * (Q + 1) / 2,
                          ExpX, CovX, sumweights[b], b,
                          C_get_Covariance(ans));
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 32.

Uses: C_CovarianceLinearStatistic 79, C_get_Covariance 144c, DoVarOnly 21b, N 23bc, offset 26c, P 24a, Q 24e,
RC_CovarianceX 88a, sumweights 25e, weights 25b, weights, 25cd, x 23d, 24bc.

$\langle \text{Compute Variance from Covariance 36a} \rangle \equiv$

```
/* always return variances */
if (!C_get_varonly(ans)) {
    for (int p = 0; p < mPQB(P, Q, 1); p++)
        C_get_Variance(ans)[p] = C_get_Covariance(ans)[S(p, p, mPQB(P, Q, 1))];
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 32.

Uses: C_get_Covariance 144c, C_get_Variance 144b, C_get_varonly 143b, mPQB 132b, P 24a, Q 24e, S 21a.

The computation of permuted linear statistics is done outside this general function. The user interface is the same, except for an additional number of permutations to be specified.

$\langle \text{R_PermutedLinearStatistic Prototype 36b} \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_PermutedLinearStatistic
(
     $\langle \text{User Interface Input 30b} \rangle$ 
    SEXP nresample
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 22b, 37.

Uses: R_PermutedLinearStatistic 37.

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" 36c≡

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_PermutedLinearStatistic(
    SEXP x, SEXP y, SEXP weights, SEXP subset, SEXP block, SEXP nresample
) {
    static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP) = NULL;
    if (fun == NULL)
        fun = (SEXP(*) (SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP))
            R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_PermutedLinearStatistic");
    return fun(x, y, weights, subset, block, nresample);
}
◇
```

File defined by 30d, 36c, 38c, 40b, 47b, 50c, 53, 55b, 61a, 133a, 137a, 139b, 141b.

Uses: block 26f, 27b, R_PermutedLinearStatistic 37, subset 26ade, weights 25b, weights, 25cd, x 23d, 24bc, y 24df, 25a.

The dimensions are extracted from the data in the same ways as above. The function differentiates between the absence and presence of blocks. Case weights are removed by expanding subset accordingly. Once within-block permutations were set-up the Kronecker product of \mathbf{X} and \mathbf{Y} is computed. Note that this function returns the matrix of permuted linear statistics; the R interface assigns this matrix to the corresponding element of the `LinStatExpCov` object (because we are not allowed to modify existing R objects at C level).

$\langle R_PermutedLinearStatistic\ 37 \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_PermutedLinearStatistic\ Prototype\ 36b \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans, expand_subset, block_subset, perm, tmp, blockTable;
    double *linstat;
    int PQ;
     $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ;
     $\langle C\ integer\ Nsubset\ Input\ 26b \rangle$ ;
    R_xlen_t inresample;

     $\langle Setup\ Dimensions\ 31b \rangle$ 
    PQ = mPQB(P, Q, 1);
    N = NROW(y);
    inresample = (R_xlen_t) REAL(nresample)[0];

    PROTECT(ans = allocMatrix(REALSXP, PQ, inresample));
    PROTECT(expand_subset = RC_setup_subset(N, weights, subset));
    Nsubset = XLENGTH(expand_subset);
    PROTECT(tmp = allocVector(REALSXP, Nsubset));
    PROTECT(perm = allocVector(REALSXP, Nsubset));

    GetRNGstate();
    if (B == 1) {
        for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < inresample; np++) {
             $\langle Setup\ Linear\ Statistic\ 38a \rangle$ 
            C_doPermute(REAL(expand_subset), Nsubset, REAL(tmp), REAL(perm));
            RC_KronSums_Permutation(x, NROW(x), P, REAL(y), Q, expand_subset,
                                   Offset0, Nsubset, perm, linstat);
        }
    } else {
        PROTECT(blockTable = allocVector(REALSXP, B + 1));
        /* same as RC_OneTableSums(block, noweight, expand_subset) */
        RC_OneTableSums(INTEGER(block), XLENGTH(block), B + 1, weights, subset, Offset0,
                        XLENGTH(subset), REAL(blockTable));
        PROTECT(block_subset = RC_order_subset_wrt_block(XLENGTH(block), expand_subset,
                                                         block, blockTable));

        for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < inresample; np++) {
             $\langle Setup\ Linear\ Statistic\ 38a \rangle$ 
            C_doPermuteBlock(REAL(block_subset), Nsubset, REAL(blockTable),
                             B + 1, REAL(tmp), REAL(perm));
            RC_KronSums_Permutation(x, NROW(x), P, REAL(y), Q, block_subset,
                                   Offset0, Nsubset, perm, linstat);
        }
        UNPROTECT(2);
    }
    PutRNGstate();

    UNPROTECT(4);
    return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 30a.

Defines: $R_PermutedLinearStatistic$ 6, 36bc, 154, 155.

Uses: B 27a, block 26f, 27b, blockTable 27c, C_doPermute 128b, C_doPermuteBlock 129b, mPQB 132b, N 23bc, NROW 130b, Nsubset 26b, Offset0 21b, P 24a, Q 24e, RC_KronSums_Permutation 103b, RC_OneTableSums 112a, RC_order_subset_wrt_block 124b, RC_setup_subset 127a, subset 26ade, weights 25b, weights, 25cd, x 23d, 24bc, y 24df, 25a.

⟨ Setup Linear Statistic 38a ⟩ ≡

```
if (np % 256 == 0) R_CheckUserInterrupt();
linstat = REAL(ans) + PQ * np;
for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++)
    linstat[p] = 0.0;
```

◇

Fragment referenced in [37](#), [48](#).

This small function takes an object containing permuted linear statistics and returns the matrix of standardised linear statistics.

⟨ R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic Prototype 38b ⟩ ≡

```
SEXP R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic
(
    SEXP LECV
)
```

◇

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [39a](#).

Uses: LECV [142b](#).

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" 38c≡

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic(
    SEXP LECV
) {
    static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP) = NULL;
    if (fun == NULL)
        fun = (SEXP(*) (SEXP))
            R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic");
    return fun(LECV);
}
```

◇

File defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).

Uses: LECV [142b](#).

$\langle R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic\ 39a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic\ Prototype\ 38b \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans;
    R_xlen_t nresample = C_get_nresample(LECV);
    double *ls;
    if (!nresample) return(R_NilValue);
    int PQ = C_get_P(LECV) * C_get_Q(LECV);

    PROTECT(ans = allocMatrix(REALSXP, PQ, nresample));

    for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < nresample; np++) {
        ls = REAL(ans) + PQ * np;
        /* copy first; standarisisation is in place */
        for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++)
            ls[p] = C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic(LECV)[p + PQ * np];
        if (C_get_varonly(LECV)) {
            C_standardise(PQ, ls, C_get_Expectation(LECV),
                          C_get_Variance(LECV), 1, C_get_tol(LECV));
        } else {
            C_standardise(PQ, ls, C_get_Expectation(LECV),
                          C_get_Covariance(LECV), 0, C_get_tol(LECV));
        }
    }
    UNPROTECT(1);
    return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in [30a](#).

Uses: [C_get_Covariance 144c](#), [C_get_Expectation 144a](#), [C_get_nresample 147b](#), [C_get_P 142c](#),
[C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic 147c](#), [C_get_Q 143a](#), [C_get_tol 147d](#), [C_get_Variance 144b](#), [C_get_varonly 143b](#),
[C_standardise 64a](#), [LECV 142b](#).

3.4.2 Two-Dimensional Case (“2d”)

$\langle 2d\ User\ Interface\ 39b \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle RC\_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic\_2d\ 45 \rangle$ 
 $\langle R\_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic\_2d\ 41a \rangle$ 
 $\langle R\_PermutedLinearStatistic\_2d\ 48 \rangle$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

$\langle 2d\ User\ Interface\ Input\ 39c \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\ x\ Input\ 23d \rangle$ 
SEXP ix,
 $\langle R\ y\ Input\ 24d \rangle$ 
SEXP iy,
 $\langle R\ weights\ Input\ 25b \rangle$ ,
 $\langle R\ subset\ Input\ 26a \rangle$ ,
 $\langle R\ block\ Input\ 26f \rangle$ ,

```

Fragment referenced in [40a](#), [45](#).

$\langle R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d \text{ Prototype } 40a \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d
(
   $\langle 2d \text{ User Interface Input } 39c \rangle$ 
  SEXP varonly,
  SEXP tol
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [41a](#).

Uses: [R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d 41a](#).

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" [40b](#)≡

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d(
  SEXP x, SEXP ix, SEXP y, SEXP iy, SEXP weights, SEXP subset, SEXP block,
  SEXP varonly, SEXP tol
) {
  static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP) = NULL;
  if (fun == NULL)
    fun = (SEXP(*) (SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP))
      R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d");
  return fun(x, ix, y, iy, weights, subset, block, varonly, tol);
}
◇
```

File defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).

Uses: [block 26f](#), [27b](#), [R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d 41a](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#), [y 24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d\ 41a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic\_2d\ Prototype\ 40a \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans;
     $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ;
     $\langle C\ integer\ Nsubset\ Input\ 26b \rangle$ ;
    int Xfactor;

    N = XLENGTH(ix);
    Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);
    Xfactor = XLENGTH(x) == 0;

     $\langle Setup\ Dimensions\ 2d\ 41b \rangle$ 

    PROTECT(ans = RC_init_LECV_2d(P, Q, INTEGER(varonly)[0],
                                   Lx, Ly, B, Xfactor, REAL(tol)[0]));

    if (B == 1) {
        RC_TwoTableSums(INTEGER(ix), N, Lx + 1, INTEGER(iy), Ly + 1,
                        weights, subset, Offset0, Nsubset,
                        C_get_Table(ans));
    } else {
        RC_ThreeTableSums(INTEGER(ix), N, Lx + 1, INTEGER(iy), Ly + 1,
                          INTEGER(block), B, weights, subset, Offset0, Nsubset,
                          C_get_Table(ans));
    }
    RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d(x, ix, y, iy, weights,
                                         subset, block, ans);

    UNPROTECT(1);
    return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in [39b](#).

Defines: `R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d` [8](#), [40ab](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: `B` [27a](#), `block` [26f](#), [27b](#), `C_get_Table` [146c](#), `N` [23bc](#), `Nsubset` [26b](#), `Offset0` [21b](#), `P` [24a](#), `Q` [24e](#), `RC_init_LECV_2d` [151](#), `RC_ThreeTableSums` [120b](#), `RC_TwoTableSums` [116a](#), `subset` [26ade](#), `weights` [25b](#), `weights`, [25cd](#), `x` [23d](#), [24bc](#), `y` [24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle Setup\ Dimensions\ 2d\ 41b \rangle \equiv$

```

int P, Q, B, Lx, Ly;

if (XLENGTH(x) == 0) {
    P = NLEVELS(ix);
} else {
    P = NCOL(x);
}
Q = NCOL(y);

B = 1;
if (XLENGTH(block) > 0)
    B = NLEVELS(block);

Lx = NLEVELS(ix);
Ly = NLEVELS(iy);

```

Fragment referenced in [41a](#), [48](#).

Uses: `B` [27a](#), `block` [26f](#), [27b](#), `NCOL` [131a](#), `NLEVELS` [131b](#), `P` [24a](#), `Q` [24e](#), `x` [23d](#), [24bc](#), `y` [24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle \text{Linear Statistic } 2d \text{ 42a} \rangle \equiv$

```

if (Xfactor) {
  for (int j = 1; j < Lyp1; j++) {      /* j = 0 means NA */
    for (int i = 1; i < Lxp1; i++) { /* i = 0 means NA */
      for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++)
        linstat[q * (Lxp1 - 1) + (i - 1)] +=
          btab[j * Lxp1 + i] * REAL(y)[q * Lyp1 + j];
    }
  }
} else {
  for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
    for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++) {
      int qPp = q * P + p;
      int qLy = q * Lyp1;
      for (int i = 0; i < Lxp1; i++) {
        int pLxi = p * Lxp1 + i;
        for (int j = 0; j < Lyp1; j++)
          linstat[qPp] += REAL(y)[qLy + j] * REAL(x)[pLxi] * btab[j * Lxp1 + i];
      }
    }
  }
}

```

Fragment referenced in [45](#), [49d](#).

Uses: P [24a](#), Q [24e](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#), y [24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle 2d \text{ Total Table } 42b \rangle \equiv$

```

for (int i = 0; i < Lxp1 * Lyp1; i++)
  table2d[i] = 0.0;
for (int b = 0; b < B; b++) {
  for (int i = 0; i < Lxp1; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < Lyp1; j++)
      table2d[j * Lxp1 + i] += table[b * Lxp1 * Lyp1 + j * Lxp1 + i];
  }
}

```

Fragment referenced in [45](#).

Uses: B [27a](#).

⟨ Col Row Total Sums 43a ⟩ ≡

```

/* Remember: first row / column count NAs */
/* column sums */
for (int q = 1; q < Lxp1; q++) {
    csum[q] = 0;
    for (int p = 1; p < Lxp1; p++)
        csum[q] += btab[q * Lxp1 + p];
}
csum[0] = 0; /* NA */
/* row sums */
for (int p = 1; p < Lxp1; p++) {
    rsum[p] = 0;
    for (int q = 1; q < Lyp1; q++)
        rsum[p] += btab[q * Lxp1 + p];
}
rsum[0] = 0; /* NA */
/* total sum */
sumweights[b] = 0;
for (int i = 1; i < Lxp1; i++) sumweights[b] += rsum[i];
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [45](#), [48](#).

Uses: [sumweights 25e](#).

⟨ 2d Expectation 43b ⟩ ≡

```

RC_ExpectationInfluence(NROW(y), y, Q, Rcsum, subset, Offset0, 0, sumweights[b], ExpInf);

if (LENGTH(x) == 0) {
    for (int p = 0; p < P; p++)
        ExpX[p] = rsum[p + 1];
} else {
    RC_ExpectationX(x, NROW(x), P, Rrsum, subset, Offset0, 0, ExpX);
}

C_ExpectationLinearStatistic(P, Q, ExpInf, ExpX, b, C_get_Expectation(ans));
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [45](#).

Uses: [C_ExpectationLinearStatistic 78b](#), [C_get_Expectation 144a](#), [NROW 130b](#), [Offset0 21b](#), [P 24a](#), [Q 24e](#),
[RC_ExpectationInfluence 81c](#), [RC_ExpectationX 85b](#), [subset 26ade](#), [sumweights 25e](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#), [y 24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle 2d \text{ Covariance } 44 \rangle \equiv$

```

/* C_ordered_Xfactor needs both VarInf and CovInf */
RC_CovarianceInfluence(NROW(y), y, Q, Rcsum, subset, Offset0, 0, ExpInf, sumweights[b],
    !DoVarOnly, C_get_CovarianceInfluence(ans));
for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++)
    C_get_VarianceInfluence(ans)[q] = C_get_CovarianceInfluence(ans)[S(q, q, Q)];

if (C_get_varonly(ans)) {
    if (LENGTH(x) == 0) {
        for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) CovX[p] = ExpX[p];
    } else {
        RC_CovarianceX(x, NROW(x), P, Rrsum, subset, Offset0, 0, ExpX, DoVarOnly, CovX);
    }
    C_VarianceLinearStatistic(P, Q, C_get_VarianceInfluence(ans),
        ExpX, CovX, sumweights[b], b,
        C_get_Variance(ans));
} else {
    if (LENGTH(x) == 0) {
        for (int p = 0; p < PP12(P); p++) CovX[p] = 0.0;
        for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) CovX[S(p, p, P)] = ExpX[p];
    } else {
        RC_CovarianceX(x, NROW(x), P, Rrsum, subset, Offset0, 0, ExpX, !DoVarOnly, CovX);
    }
    C_CovarianceLinearStatistic(P, Q, C_get_CovarianceInfluence(ans),
        ExpX, CovX, sumweights[b], b,
        C_get_Covariance(ans));
}

```

Fragment referenced in 45.

Uses: C_CovarianceLinearStatistic 79, C_get_Covariance 144c, C_get_CovarianceInfluence 145c,
 C_get_Variance 144b, C_get_VarianceInfluence 145d, C_get_varonly 143b, C_ordered_Xfactor 70,
 C_VarianceLinearStatistic 80a, DoVarOnly 21b, NROW 130b, Offset0 21b, P 24a, PP12 132a, Q 24e,
 RC_CovarianceInfluence 84a, RC_CovarianceX 88a, S 21a, subset 26ade, sumweights 25e, x 23d, 24bc, y 24df, 25a.

$\langle RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d\ 45 \rangle \equiv$

```

void RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d
(
     $\langle 2d\ User\ Interface\ Input\ 39c \rangle$ 
    SEXP ans
) {
     $\langle 2d\ Memory\ 46 \rangle$ 

     $\langle 2d\ Total\ Table\ 42b \rangle$ 

    linstat = C_get_LinearStatistic(ans);
    for (int p = 0; p < mPQB(P, Q, 1); p++)
        linstat[p] = 0.0;

    for (int b = 0; b < B; b++) {
        btab = table + Lxp1 * Lyp1 * b;

         $\langle Linear\ Statistic\ 2d\ 42a \rangle$ 

         $\langle Col\ Row\ Total\ Sums\ 43a \rangle$ 

         $\langle 2d\ Expectation\ 43b \rangle$ 

         $\langle 2d\ Covariance\ 44 \rangle$ 
    }

    /* always return variances */
    if (!C_get_varonly(ans)) {
        for (int p = 0; p < mPQB(P, Q, 1); p++)
            C_get_Variance(ans)[p] = C_get_Covariance(ans)[S(p, p, mPQB(P, Q, 1))];
    }

    R_Free(CovX);
    R_Free(table2d);
    UNPROTECT(2);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 39b.

Defines: RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 31a, 32.

Uses: B 27a, C_get_Covariance 144c, C_get_LinearStatistic 143d, C_get_Variance 144b, C_get_varonly 143b, mPQB 132b, P 24a, Q 24e, S 21a.

$\langle 2d \text{ Memory } 46 \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP Rcsum, Rrsum;
int P, Q, Lxp1, Lyp1, B, Xfactor;
double *ExpInf, *ExpX, *CovX;
double *table, *table2d, *csum, *rsum, *sumweights, *btabs, *linstat;

P = C_get_P(ans);
Q = C_get_Q(ans);

ExpInf = C_get_ExpectationInfluence(ans);
ExpX = C_get_ExpectationX(ans);
table = C_get_Table(ans);
sumweights = C_get_Sumweights(ans);

Lxp1 = C_get_dimTable(ans)[0];
Lyp1 = C_get_dimTable(ans)[1];
B = C_get_B(ans);
Xfactor = C_get_Xfactor(ans);

if (C_get_varonly(ans)) {
    CovX = R_Calloc(P, double);
} else {
    CovX = R_Calloc(PP12(P), double);
}

table2d = R_Calloc(Lxp1 * Lyp1, double);
PROTECT(Rcsum = allocVector(REALSXP, Lyp1));
csum = REAL(Rcsum);
PROTECT(Rrsum = allocVector(REALSXP, Lxp1));
rsum = REAL(Rrsum);
◇

```

Fragment referenced in 45.

Uses: B 27a, C_get_B 147a, C_get_dimTable 146d, C_get_ExpectationInfluence 145b, C_get_ExpectationX 145a, C_get_P 142c, C_get_Q 143a, C_get_Sumweights 146b, C_get_Table 146c, C_get_varonly 143b, C_get_Xfactor 143c, P 24a, PP12 132a, Q 24e, sumweights 25e.

```

> LinStatExpCov(X = iX2d, ix = ix, Y = iY2d, iy = iy,
+               weights = weights, subset = subset, nresample = 10)$PermutedLinearStatistic

```

	[,1]	[,2]	[,3]	[,4]	[,5]	[,6]	[,7]
[1,]	15.486226	15.432786	15.474636	15.434733	15.515989	15.421226	15.523577
[2,]	7.864472	7.948006	8.105228	8.390763	8.212044	8.493673	8.415919
[3,]	12.398382	12.290212	11.905712	12.506639	12.143855	12.549147	12.590900
[4,]	31.244688	31.476627	31.257920	31.264541	31.096744	31.405390	31.259421
[5,]	17.500047	17.688850	17.055915	15.065147	16.586396	15.315949	16.382058
[6,]	24.466142	24.647923	25.464893	24.239801	25.488434	24.296588	23.694321
[7,]	43.423057	43.421097	43.330443	43.612924	43.424099	43.430492	43.309780
[8,]	24.311651	23.474319	22.844531	23.490053	23.541204	22.749540	22.388328
[9,]	34.180046	34.430423	35.397534	33.988759	34.366957	33.293748	33.389741
[10,]	13.461330	13.490553	13.492064	13.434007	13.447127	13.491634	13.476994
[11,]	6.973432	7.169633	7.259611	6.943487	7.017767	7.094398	7.241183
[12,]	10.672723	10.658055	10.574382	10.675107	10.743783	10.837748	10.788257

	[,8]	[,9]	[,10]
[1,]	15.434192	15.491818	15.398248
[2,]	7.834800	8.223809	7.925817
[3,]	12.362877	11.997518	12.169918
[4,]	31.510352	31.284964	31.576643
[5,]	18.211173	16.969768	17.197270
[6,]	23.773081	25.183959	24.742788
[7,]	43.375471	43.374905	43.496870

```
[8,] 23.445718 22.372659 23.729797
[9,] 34.264857 35.341197 34.487409
[10,] 13.498456 13.473376 13.482370
[11,] 7.221054 7.329256 7.097392
[12,] 10.669965 10.540119 10.702889
```

$\langle R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d$ Prototype 47a $\rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d
(
   $\langle R$   $x$  Input 23d  $\rangle$ 
  SEXP ix,
   $\langle R$   $y$  Input 24d  $\rangle$ 
  SEXP iy,
   $\langle R$  block Input 26f  $\rangle$ ,
  SEXP nresample,
  SEXP itable
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 22b, 48.

Uses: R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d 48.

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" 47b \equiv

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d(
  SEXP x, SEXP ix, SEXP y, SEXP iy, SEXP block, SEXP nresample,
  SEXP itable
) {
  static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP) = NULL;
  if (fun == NULL)
    fun = (SEXP*)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP)
    R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d");
  return fun(x, ix, y, iy, block, nresample, itable);
}
◇
```

File defined by 30d, 36c, 38c, 40b, 47b, 50c, 53, 55b, 61a, 133a, 137a, 139b, 141b.

Uses: block 26f, 27b, R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d 48, x 23d, 24bc, y 24df, 25a.

$\langle R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d\ 48 \rangle \equiv$

$\langle R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d\ Prototype\ 47a \rangle$

```
{
  SEXP ans, Ritable;
  int *csum, *rsum, *sumweights, *jwork, *table, *rtable2, maxn = 0, Lxp1, Lyp1, *btab, PQ, Xfactor;
  R_xlen_t inresample;
  double *fact, *linstat;

   $\langle Setup\ Dimensions\ 2d\ 41b \rangle$ 

  PQ = mPQB(P, Q, 1);
  Xfactor = XLENGTH(x) == 0;
  Lxp1 = Lx + 1;
  Lyp1 = Ly + 1;
  inresample = (R_xlen_t) REAL(nresample)[0];

  PROTECT(ans = allocMatrix(REALSXP, PQ, inresample));

   $\langle Setup\ Working\ Memory\ 49b \rangle$ 

   $\langle Convert\ Table\ to\ Integer\ 49a \rangle$ 

  for (int b = 0; b < B; b++) {
    btab = INTEGER(Ritable) + Lxp1 * Lyp1 * b;
     $\langle Col\ Row\ Total\ Sums\ 43a \rangle$ 
    if (sumweights[b] > maxn) maxn = sumweights[b];
  }

   $\langle Setup\ Log-Factorials\ 49c \rangle$ 

  GetRNGstate();

  for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < inresample; np++) {
     $\langle Setup\ Linear\ Statistic\ 38a \rangle$ 

    for (int p = 0; p < Lxp1 * Lyp1; p++)
      table[p] = 0;

    for (int b = 0; b < B; b++) {
       $\langle Compute\ Permuted\ Linear\ Statistic\ 2d\ 49d \rangle$ 
    }
  }

  PutRNGstate();

  R_Free(csum); R_Free(rsum); R_Free(sumweights); R_Free(rtable2);
  R_Free(jwork); R_Free(fact); R_Free(table);
  UNPROTECT(2);
  return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [39b](#).

Defines: [R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d 8](#), [47ab](#), [49a](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: [B 27a](#), [mPQB 132b](#), [P 24a](#), [Q 24e](#), [sumweights 25e](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#).

⟨ *Convert Table to Integer* 49a ⟩ ≡

```
PROTECT(Ritable = allocVector(INTSXP, LENGTH(itable)));
for (int i = 0; i < LENGTH(itable); i++) {
    if (REAL(itable)[i] > INT_MAX)
        error("cannot deal with weights larger INT_MAX in R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d");
    INTEGER(Ritable)[i] = (int) REAL(itable)[i];
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [48](#).

Uses: `R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d` [48](#), `weights` [25b](#).

⟨ *Setup Working Memory* 49b ⟩ ≡

```
csum = R_Calloc(Lyp1 * B, int);
rsum = R_Calloc(Lxp1 * B, int);
sumweights = R_Calloc(B, int);
table = R_Calloc(Lxp1 * Lyp1, int);
rtable2 = R_Calloc(Lx * Ly, int);
jwork = R_Calloc(Lyp1, int);
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [48](#).

Uses: `B` [27a](#), `sumweights` [25e](#).

⟨ *Setup Log-Factorials* 49c ⟩ ≡

```
fact = R_Calloc(maxn + 1, double);
/* Calculate log-factorials. fact[i] = lgamma(i+1) */
fact[0] = fact[1] = 0.;
for (int j = 2; j <= maxn; j++)
    fact[j] = fact[j - 1] + log(j);
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [48](#).

Note: the interface to `S_rcont2` changed in R-4.1.0.

⟨ *Compute Permuted Linear Statistic 2d* 49d ⟩ ≡

```
#if defined(R_VERSION) && R_VERSION >= R_Version(4, 1, 0)
    S_rcont2(Lx, Ly,
             rsum + Lxp1 * b + 1,
             csum + Lyp1 * b + 1,
             sumweights[b], fact, jwork, rtable2);
#else
    S_rcont2(&Lx, &Ly,
             rsum + Lxp1 * b + 1,
             csum + Lyp1 * b + 1,
             sumweights + b, fact, jwork, rtable2);
#endif

for (int j1 = 1; j1 <= Lx; j1++) {
    for (int j2 = 1; j2 <= Ly; j2++)
        table[j2 * Lxp1 + j1] = rtable2[(j2 - 1) * Lx + (j1 - 1)];
}
btab = table;
⟨ Linear Statistic 2d 42a ⟩
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [48](#).

Uses: `sumweights` [25e](#).

3.5 Tests

$\langle \text{Tests } 50a \rangle \equiv$

$\langle R_QuadraticTest \ 51 \rangle$
 $\langle R_MaximumTest \ 54 \rangle$
 $\langle R_MaximallySelectedTest \ 56 \rangle$
 \diamond

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

$\langle R_QuadraticTest \ \text{Prototype } 50b \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_QuadraticTest
(
   $\langle R \ \text{LECV Input } 142b \rangle$ ,
  SEXP pvalue,
  SEXP lower,
  SEXP give_log,
  SEXP PermutedStatistics
)
```

\diamond

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [51](#).

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" 50c \equiv

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_QuadraticTest(
  SEXP LECV, SEXP pvalue, SEXP lower, SEXP give_log, SEXP PermutedStatistics
) {
  static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP) = NULL;
  if (fun == NULL)
    fun = (SEXP(*) (SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP))
      R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_QuadraticTest");
  return fun(LECV, pvalue, lower, give_log, PermutedStatistics);
}
```

\diamond

File defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).
Uses: [LECV 142b](#).

$\langle R_QuadraticTest\ 51 \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_QuadraticTest\ Prototype\ 50b \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans, stat, pval, names, permstat;
    double *MPinv, *ls, st, pst, *ex;
    int rank, P, Q, PQ, greater = 0;
    R_xlen_t nresample;

     $\langle Setup\ Test\ Memory\ 52a \rangle$ 

    MPinv = R_Calloc(PP12(PQ), double); /* was: C_get_MPinv(LECV); */
    C_MPinv_sym(C_get_Covariance(LECV), PQ, C_get_tol(LECV), MPinv, &rank);

    REAL(stat)[0] = C_quadform(PQ, C_get_LinearStatistic(LECV),
                               C_get_Expectation(LECV), MPinv);

    if (!PVALUE) {
        UNPROTECT(2);
        R_Free(MPinv);
        return(ans);
    }

    if (C_get_nresample(LECV) == 0) {
        REAL(pval)[0] = C_chisq_pvalue(REAL(stat)[0], rank, LOWER, GIVELOG);
    } else {
        nresample = C_get_nresample(LECV);
        ls = C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic(LECV);
        st = REAL(stat)[0];
        ex = C_get_Expectation(LECV);
        greater = 0;
        for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < nresample; np++) {
            pst = C_quadform(PQ, ls + PQ * np, ex, MPinv);
            if (GE(pst, st, C_get_tol(LECV)))
                greater++;
            if (PSTAT) REAL(permstat)[np] = pst;
        }
        REAL(pval)[0] = C_perm_pvalue(greater, nresample, LOWER, GIVELOG);
    }

    UNPROTECT(2);
    R_Free(MPinv);
    return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 50a.

Uses: C_chisq_pvalue 64c, C_get_Covariance 144c, C_get_Expectation 144a, C_get_LinearStatistic 143d, C_get_nresample 147b, C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic 147c, C_get_tol 147d, C_perm_pvalue 65, C_quadform 62, GE 21a, LECV 142b, P 24a, PP12 132a, Q 24e.

$\langle \text{Setup Test Memory 52a} \rangle \equiv$

```

P = C_get_P(LECV);
Q = C_get_Q(LECV);
PQ = mPQB(P, Q, 1);

if (C_get_varonly(LECV) && PQ > 1)
  error("cannot compute adjusted p-value based on variances only");
/* if (C_get_nresample(LECV) > 0 && INTEGER(PermutedStatistics)[0]) { */
  PROTECT(ans = allocVector(VECSXP, 3));
  PROTECT(names = allocVector(STRSXP, 3));
  SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, 2, permstat = allocVector(REALSXP, C_get_nresample(LECV)));
  SET_STRING_ELT(names, 2, mkChar("PermutedStatistics"));
/* } else {
  PROTECT(ans = allocVector(VECSXP, 2));
  PROTECT(names = allocVector(STRSXP, 2));
}
*/
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, 0, stat = allocVector(REALSXP, 1));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, 0, mkChar("TestStatistic"));
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, 1, pval = allocVector(REALSXP, 1));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, 1, mkChar("p.value"));
namesgets(ans, names);
REAL(pval)[0] = NA_REAL;
int LOWER = INTEGER(lower)[0];
int GIVELOG = INTEGER(give_log)[0];
int PVALUE = INTEGER(pvalue)[0];
int PSTAT = INTEGER(PermutedStatistics)[0];

```

Fragment referenced in [51](#), [54](#).

Uses: [C_get_nresample 147b](#), [C_get_P 142c](#), [C_get_Q 143a](#), [C_get_varonly 143b](#), [LECV 142b](#), [mPQB 132b](#), [P 24a](#), [Q 24e](#).

$\langle R_MaximumTest \text{ Prototype 52b} \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP R_MaximumTest
(
   $\langle R \text{ LECV Input 142b} \rangle$ ,
  SEXP alternative,
  SEXP pvalue,
  SEXP lower,
  SEXP give_log,
  SEXP PermutedStatistics,
  SEXP maxpts,
  SEXP releps,
  SEXP abseps
)

```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [54](#).

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" 53≡

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_MaximumTest(  
  SEXP LECV, SEXP alternative, SEXP pvalue, SEXP lower, SEXP give_log,  
  SEXP PermutedStatistics, SEXP maxpts, SEXP releps, SEXP abseps  
) {  
  static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP) = NULL;  
  if (fun == NULL)  
    fun = (SEXP*)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP)  
      R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_MaximumTest");  
  return fun(LECV, alternative, pvalue, lower, give_log, PermutedStatistics, maxpts, releps,  
    abseps);  
}  
◇
```

File defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).

Uses: LECV [142b](#).

$\langle R_MaximumTest\ 54 \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_MaximumTest\ Prototype\ 52b \rangle$ 
{
  SEXP ans, stat, pval, names, permstat;
  double st, pst, *ex, *cv, *ls, tl;
  int P, Q, PQ, vo, alt, greater;
  R_xlen_t nresample;

   $\langle Setup\ Test\ Memory\ 52a \rangle$ 

  if (C_get_varonly(LECV)) {
    cv = C_get_Variance(LECV);
  } else {
    cv = C_get_Covariance(LECV);
  }
  REAL(stat)[0] = C_maxtype(PQ, C_get_LinearStatistic(LECV),
    C_get_Expectation(LECV), cv, C_get_varonly(LECV), C_get_tol(LECV),
    INTEGER(alternative)[0]);
  if (!PVALUE) {
    UNPROTECT(2);
    return(ans);
  }

  if (C_get_nresample(LECV) == 0) {
    if (C_get_varonly(LECV) && PQ > 1) {
      REAL(pval)[0] = NA_REAL;
      UNPROTECT(2);
      return(ans);
    }
    REAL(pval)[0] = C_maxtype_pvalue(REAL(stat)[0], cv,
      PQ, INTEGER(alternative)[0], LOWER, GIVELOG, INTEGER(maxpts)[0],
      REAL(releps)[0], REAL(abseps)[0], C_get_tol(LECV));
  } else {
    nresample = C_get_nresample(LECV);
    ls = C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic(LECV);
    ex = C_get_Expectation(LECV);
    vo = C_get_varonly(LECV);
    alt = INTEGER(alternative)[0];
    st = REAL(stat)[0];
    tl = C_get_tol(LECV);
    greater = 0;
    for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < nresample; np++) {
      pst = C_maxtype(PQ, ls + PQ * np, ex, cv, vo, tl, alt);
      if (alt == ALTERNATIVE_less) {
        if (LE(pst, st, tl)) greater++;
      } else {
        if (GE(pst, st, tl)) greater++;
      }
      if (PSTAT) REAL(permstat)[np] = pst;
    }
    REAL(pval)[0] = C_perm_pvalue(greater, nresample, LOWER, GIVELOG);
  }
  UNPROTECT(2);
  return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 50a.

Uses: C_get_Covariance 144c, C_get_Expectation 144a, C_get_LinearStatistic 143d, C_get_nresample 147b, C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic 147c, C_get_tol 147d, C_get_Variance 144b, C_get_varonly 143b, C_maxtype 63, C_maxtype_pvalue 67, C_perm_pvalue 65, GE 21a, LE 21a, LECV 142b, P 24a, Q 24e.

$\langle R_MaximallySelectedTest \text{ Prototype } 55a \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_MaximallySelectedTest
(
    SEXP LECV,
    SEXP ordered,
    SEXP teststat,
    SEXP minbucket,
    SEXP lower,
    SEXP give_log
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [56](#).

Uses: LECV [142b](#).

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" 55b≡

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_MaximallySelectedTest(
    SEXP LECV, SEXP ordered, SEXP teststat, SEXP minbucket, SEXP lower, SEXP give_log
) {
    static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP) = NULL;
    if (fun == NULL)
        fun = (SEXP(*) (SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP, SEXP))
            R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_MaximallySelectedTest");
    return fun(LECV, ordered, teststat, minbucket, lower, give_log);
}
◇
```

File defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).

Uses: LECV [142b](#).

$\langle R_MaximallySelectedTest\ 56 \rangle \equiv$

$\langle R_MaximallySelectedTest\ Prototype\ 55a \rangle$

```
{
  SEXP ans, index, stat, pval, names, permstat;
  int P, mb;

  P = C_get_P(LECV);
  mb = INTEGER(minbucket)[0];

  PROTECT(ans = allocVector(VECSXP, 4));
  PROTECT(names = allocVector(STRSXP, 4));
  SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, 0, stat = allocVector(REALSXP, 1));
  SET_STRING_ELT(names, 0, mkChar("TestStatistic"));
  SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, 1, pval = allocVector(REALSXP, 1));
  SET_STRING_ELT(names, 1, mkChar("p.value"));
  SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, 3, permstat = allocVector(REALSXP, C_get_nresample(LECV)));
  SET_STRING_ELT(names, 3, mkChar("PermutedStatistics"));
  REAL(pval)[0] = NA_REAL;

  if (INTEGER(ordered)[0]) {
    SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, 2, index = allocVector(INTSXP, 1));
    C_ordered_Xfactor(LECV, mb, INTEGER(teststat)[0],
                      INTEGER(index), REAL(stat), REAL(permstat),
                      REAL(pval), INTEGER(lower)[0],
                      INTEGER(give_log)[0]);
    if (REAL(stat)[0] > 0)
      INTEGER(index)[0]++; /* R style indexing */
  } else {
    SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, 2, index = allocVector(INTSXP, P));
    C_unordered_Xfactor(LECV, mb, INTEGER(teststat)[0],
                        INTEGER(index), REAL(stat), REAL(permstat),
                        REAL(pval), INTEGER(lower)[0],
                        INTEGER(give_log)[0]);
  }

  SET_STRING_ELT(names, 2, mkChar("index"));
  namesgets(ans, names);

  UNPROTECT(2);
  return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [50a](#).

Uses: [C_get_nresample 147b](#), [C_get_P 142c](#), [C_ordered_Xfactor 70](#), [C_unordered_Xfactor 74](#), [LECV 142b](#), [P 24a](#).

3.6 Test Statistics

$\langle \text{Test Statistics } 57a \rangle \equiv$

$\langle C_maxstand_Covariance \ 57b \rangle$
 $\langle C_maxstand_Variance \ 58a \rangle$
 $\langle C_minstand_Covariance \ 58b \rangle$
 $\langle C_minstand_Variance \ 59a \rangle$
 $\langle C_maxabsstand_Covariance \ 59b \rangle$
 $\langle C_maxabsstand_Variance \ 60a \rangle$
 $\langle C_quadform \ 62 \rangle$
 $\langle R_quadform \ 61b \rangle$
 $\langle C_maxtype \ 63 \rangle$
 $\langle C_standardise \ 64a \rangle$
 $\langle C_ordered_Xfactor \ 70 \rangle$
 $\langle C_unordered_Xfactor \ 74 \rangle$
 \diamond

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

$\langle C_maxstand_Covariance \ 57b \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_maxstand_Covariance
(
    const int PQ,
    const double *linstat,
    const double *expect,
    const double *covar_sym,
    const double tol
) {
    double ans = R_NegInf, tmp = 0.0;

    for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++) {
        tmp = 0.0;
        if (covar_sym[S(p, p, PQ)] > tol)
            tmp = (linstat[p] - expect[p]) / sqrt(covar_sym[S(p, p, PQ)]);
        if (tmp > ans) ans = tmp;
    }
    return(ans);
}
\diamond
```

Fragment referenced in [57a](#).

Defines: `C_maxstand_Covariance` [63](#).

Uses: `S` [21a](#).

$\langle C_maxstand_Variance\ 58a \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_maxstand_Variance
(
    const int PQ,
    const double *linstat,
    const double *expect,
    const double *var,
    const double tol
) {
    double ans = R_NegInf, tmp = 0.0;

    for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++) {
        tmp = 0.0;
        if (var[p] > tol)
            tmp = (linstat[p] - expect[p]) / sqrt(var[p]);
        if (tmp > ans) ans = tmp;
    }
    return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [57a](#).

Defines: `C_maxstand_Variance` [63](#).

$\langle C_minstand_Covariance\ 58b \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_minstand_Covariance
(
    const int PQ,
    const double *linstat,
    const double *expect,
    const double *covar_sym,
    const double tol
) {
    double ans = R_PosInf, tmp = 0.0;

    for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++) {
        tmp = 0.0;
        if (covar_sym[S(p, p, PQ)] > tol)
            tmp = (linstat[p] - expect[p]) / sqrt(covar_sym[S(p, p, PQ)]);
        if (tmp < ans) ans = tmp;
    }
    return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [57a](#).

Defines: `C_minstand_Covariance` [63](#).

Uses: `S` [21a](#).

$\langle C_minstand_Variance\ 59a \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_minstand_Variance
(
    const int PQ,
    const double *linstat,
    const double *expect,
    const double *var,
    const double tol
) {
    double ans = R_PosInf, tmp = 0.0;

    for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++) {
        tmp = 0.0;
        if (var[p] > tol)
            tmp = (linstat[p] - expect[p]) / sqrt(var[p]);
        if (tmp < ans) ans = tmp;
    }
    return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [57a](#).

Defines: `C_minstand_Variance` [63](#).

$\langle C_maxabsstand_Covariance\ 59b \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_maxabsstand_Covariance
(
    const int PQ,
    const double *linstat,
    const double *expect,
    const double *covar_sym,
    const double tol
) {
    double ans = R_NegInf, tmp = 0.0;

    for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++) {
        tmp = 0.0;
        if (covar_sym[S(p, p, PQ)] > tol)
            tmp = fabs((linstat[p] - expect[p]) /
                sqrt(covar_sym[S(p, p, PQ)]));
        if (tmp > ans) ans = tmp;
    }
    return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [57a](#).

Defines: `C_maxabsstand_Covariance` [63](#).

Uses: `S` [21a](#).

$\langle C_maxabsstand_Variance\ 60a \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_maxabsstand_Variance
(
    const int PQ,
    const double *linstat,
    const double *expect,
    const double *var,
    const double tol
) {
    double ans = R_NegInf, tmp = 0.0;

    for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++) {
        tmp = 0.0;
        if (var[p] > tol)
            tmp = fabs((linstat[p] - expect[p]) / sqrt(var[p]));
        if (tmp > ans) ans = tmp;
    }
    return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [57a](#).

Defines: `C_maxabsstand_Variance` [63](#).

```
> MPinverse <-
+ function(x, tol = sqrt(.Machine$double.eps))
+ {
+     SVD <- svd(x)
+     pos <- SVD$d > max(tol * SVD$d[1L], 0)
+     inv <- SVD$v[, pos, drop = FALSE] %%
+         ((1/SVD$d[pos]) * t(SVD$u[, pos, drop = FALSE]))
+     list(MPinv = inv, rank = sum(pos))
+ }
> quadform <-
+ function(linstat, expect, MPinv)
+ {
+     censtat <- linstat - expect
+     censtat %% MPinv %% censtat
+ }
> linstat <- ls1$LinearStatistic
> expect <- ls1$Expectation
> MPinv <- MPinverse(vcov(ls1))$MPinv
> MPinv_sym <- MPinv[lower.tri(MPinv, diag = TRUE)]
> qf1 <- quadform(linstat, expect, MPinv)
> qf2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_quadform, linstat, expect, MPinv_sym)
> stopifnot(isequal(qf1, qf2))
```

$\langle R_quadform\ Prototype\ 60b \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_quadform
(
    SEXP linstat,
    SEXP expect,
    SEXP MPinv_sym
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [61b](#).

Uses: `R_quadform` [61b](#).

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" 61a≡

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_quadform(
    SEXP linstat, SEXP expect, SEXP MPinv_sym
) {
    static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP) = NULL;
    if (fun == NULL)
        fun = (SEXP(*) (SEXP, SEXP, SEXP))
            R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_quadform");
    return fun(linstat, expect, MPinv_sym);
}
◇
```

File defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).
Uses: [R_quadform 61b](#).

$\langle R_quadform\ 61b \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle R\_quadform\ Prototype\ 60b \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans;
    int n, PQ;
    double *dlinstat, *dexpect, *dMPinv_sym, *dans;

    n = NCOL(linstat);
    PQ = NROW(linstat);
    dlinstat = REAL(linstat);
    dexpect = REAL(expect);
    dMPinv_sym = REAL(MPinv_sym);

    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, n));
    dans = REAL(ans);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        dans[i] = C_quadform(PQ, dlinstat + PQ * i, dexpect, dMPinv_sym);

    UNPROTECT(1);
    return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [57a](#).
Defines: [R_quadform 60b](#), [61a](#), [154](#), [155](#).
Uses: [C_quadform 62](#), [NCOL 131a](#), [NROW 130b](#).

$\langle C_quadform\ 62 \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_quadform
(
    const int PQ,
    const double *linstat,
    const double *expect,
    const double *MPinv_sym
) {
    double ans = 0.0, tmp = 0.0;

    for (int q = 0; q < PQ; q++) {
        tmp = 0.0;
        for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++)
            tmp += (linstat[p] - expect[p]) * MPinv_sym[S(p, q, PQ)];
        ans += tmp * (linstat[q] - expect[q]);
    }

    return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [57a](#).

Defines: `C_quadform` [51](#), [61b](#), [73c](#).

Uses: `S` [21a](#).

$\langle C_maxtype\ 63 \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_maxtype
(
    const int PQ,
    const double *linstat,
    const double *expect,
    const double *covar,
    const int varonly,
    const double tol,
    const int alternative
) {
    double ret = 0.0;

    if (varonly) {
        if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_twosided) {
            ret = C_maxabsstand_Variance(PQ, linstat, expect, covar, tol);
        } else if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_less) {
            ret = C_minstand_Variance(PQ, linstat, expect, covar, tol);
        } else if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_greater) {
            ret = C_maxstand_Variance(PQ, linstat, expect, covar, tol);
        }
    } else {
        if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_twosided) {
            ret = C_maxabsstand_Covariance(PQ, linstat, expect, covar, tol);
        } else if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_less) {
            ret = C_minstand_Covariance(PQ, linstat, expect, covar, tol);
        } else if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_greater) {
            ret = C_maxstand_Covariance(PQ, linstat, expect, covar, tol);
        }
    }
    return(ret);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [57a](#).

Defines: `C_maxtype` [54](#), [73c](#).

Uses: `C_maxabsstand_Covariance` [59b](#), `C_maxabsstand_Variance` [60a](#), `C_maxstand_Covariance` [57b](#),
`C_maxstand_Variance` [58a](#), `C_minstand_Covariance` [58b](#), `C_minstand_Variance` [59a](#).

$\langle C_standardise\ 64a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_standardise
(
    const int PQ,
    double *linstat,      /* in place standardisation */
    const double *expect,
    const double *covar,
    const int varonly,
    const double tol
) {
    double var;

    for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++) {
        if (varonly) {
            var = covar[p];
        } else {
            var = covar[S(p, p, PQ)];
        }
        if (var > tol) {
            linstat[p] = (linstat[p] - expect[p]) / sqrt(var);
        } else {
            linstat[p] = NAN;
        }
    }
}
```

◇

Fragment referenced in [57a](#).
 Defines: `C_standardise` [39a](#).
 Uses: `S` [21a](#).

$\langle P\text{-Values}\ 64b \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle C\_chisq\_pvalue\ 64c \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_perm\_pvalue\ 65 \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_norm\_pvalue\ 66 \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_maxtype\_pvalue\ 67 \rangle$ 
```

◇

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

$\langle C_chisq_pvalue\ 64c \rangle \equiv$

```
/* lower = 1 means p-value, lower = 0 means 1 - p-value */
double C_chisq_pvalue
(
    const double stat,
    const int df,
    const int lower,
    const int give_log
) {
    return(pchisq(stat, (double) df, lower, give_log));
}
```

◇

Fragment referenced in [64b](#).
 Defines: `C_chisq_pvalue` [51](#).

$\langle C_perm_pvalue\ 65 \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_perm_pvalue
(
    const int greater,
    const double nresample,
    const int lower,
    const int give_log
) {
    double ret;

    if (give_log) {
        if (lower) {
            ret = log1p(- (double) greater / nresample);
        } else {
            ret = log(greater) - log(nresample);
        }
    } else {
        if (lower) {
            ret = 1.0 - (double) greater / nresample;
        } else {
            ret = (double) greater / nresample;
        }
    }
    return(ret);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [64b](#).

Defines: `C_perm_pvalue` [51](#), [54](#), [73d](#).

$\langle C_norm_pvalue\ 66 \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_norm_pvalue
(
    const double stat,
    const int alternative,
    const int lower,
    const int give_log
) {
    double ret;

    if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_less) {
        return(pnorm(stat, 0.0, 1.0, 1 - lower, give_log));
    } else if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_greater) {
        return(pnorm(stat, 0.0, 1.0, lower, give_log));
    } else if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_twosided) {
        if (lower) {
            ret = pnorm(fabs(stat)*-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 1, 0);
            if (give_log) {
                return(log1p(- 2 * ret));
            } else {
                return(1 - 2 * ret);
            }
        } else {
            ret = pnorm(fabs(stat)*-1.0, 0.0, 1.0, 1, give_log);
            if (give_log) {
                return(ret + log(2));
            } else {
                return(2 * ret);
            }
        }
    }
    return(NA_REAL);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [64b](#).

$\langle C_maxtype_pvalue\ 67 \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_maxtype_pvalue
(
    const double stat,
    const double *Covariance,
    const int n,
    const int alternative,
    const int lower,
    const int give_log,
    int maxpts, /* const? */
    double releps,
    double abseps,
    double tol
) {
    int nu = 0, inform, i, j, sub, nonzero, *infin, *index, rnd = 0;
    double ans, myerror, *lowerbnd, *upperbnd, *delta, *corr, *sd;

    /* univariate problem */
    if (n == 1)
        return(C_norm_pvalue(stat, alternative, lower, give_log));

     $\langle Setup\ mvtnorm\ Memory\ 68 \rangle$ 

     $\langle Setup\ mvtnorm\ Correlation\ 69a \rangle$ 

    /* call mvtnorm's mvt dst C function defined in mvtnorm/include/mvtnormAPI.h */
    mvtnorm_C_mvt dst(&nonzero, &nu, lowerbnd, upperbnd, infin, corr, delta,
        &maxpts, &abseps, &releps, &myerror, &ans, &inform, &rnd);

    /* inform == 0 means: everything is OK */
    switch (inform) {
        case 0: break;
        case 1: warning("cmvnorm: completion with ERROR > EPS"); break;
        case 2: warning("cmvnorm: N > 1000 or N < 1");
            ans = 0.0;
            break;
        case 3: warning("cmvnorm: correlation matrix not positive semi-definite");
            ans = 0.0;
            break;
        default: warning("cmvnorm: unknown problem in MVT DST");
            ans = 0.0;
    }
    R_Free(corr); R_Free(sd); R_Free(lowerbnd); R_Free(upperbnd);
    R_Free(infin); R_Free(delta); R_Free(index);

    /* ans = 1 - p-value */
    if (lower) {
        if (give_log)
            return(log(ans)); /* log(1 - p-value) */
        return(ans); /* 1 - p-value */
    } else {
        if (give_log)
            return(log1p(ans)); /* log(p-value) */
        return(1 - ans); /* p-value */
    }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [64b](#).

Defines: `C_maxtype_pvalue` [54](#).

Uses: `N` [23bc](#).

$\langle \text{Setup mvtnorm Memory 68} \rangle \equiv$

```
if (n == 2)
  corr = R_Calloc(1, double);
else
  corr = R_Calloc(n + ((n - 2) * (n - 1))/2, double);

sd = R_Calloc(n, double);
lowerbnd = R_Calloc(n, double);
upperbnd = R_Calloc(n, double);
infin = R_Calloc(n, int);
delta = R_Calloc(n, double);
index = R_Calloc(n, int);

/* determine elements with non-zero variance */

nonzero = 0;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  if (Covariance[S(i, i, n)] > tol) {
    index[nonzero] = i;
    nonzero++;
  }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [67](#).

Uses: [S 21a](#).

`mvtdst` assumes the unique elements of the triangular covariance matrix to be passed as argument `CORREL`

⟨ *Setup mvtnorm Correlation* 69a ⟩ ≡

```

for (int nz = 0; nz < nonzero; nz++) {
    /* handle elements with non-zero variance only */
    i = index[nz];

    /* standard deviations */
    sd[i] = sqrt(Covariance[S(i, i, n)]);

    if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_less) {
        lowerbnd[nz] = stat;
        upperbnd[nz] = R_PosInf;
        infin[nz] = 1;
    } else if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_greater) {
        lowerbnd[nz] = R_NegInf;
        upperbnd[nz] = stat;
        infin[nz] = 0;
    } else if (alternative == ALTERNATIVE_twosided) {
        lowerbnd[nz] = fabs(stat) * -1.0;
        upperbnd[nz] = fabs(stat);
        infin[nz] = 2;
    }

    delta[nz] = 0.0;

    /* set up vector of correlations, i.e., the upper
       triangular part of the covariance matrix) */
    for (int jz = 0; jz < nz; jz++) {
        j = index[jz];
        sub = (int) (jz + 1) + (double) ((nz - 1) * nz) / 2 - 1;
        if (sd[i] == 0.0 || sd[j] == 0.0)
            corr[sub] = 0.0;
        else
            corr[sub] = Covariance[S(i, j, n)] / (sd[i] * sd[j]);
    }
}
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [67](#).

Uses: [S 21a](#).

⟨ *maxstat Xfactor Variables* 69b ⟩ ≡

```

SEXP LECV,
const int minbucket,
const int teststat,
int *wmax,
double *maxstat,
double *bmaxstat,
double *pval,
const int lower,
const int give_log
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [70](#), [74](#).

Uses: [LECV 142b](#).

$\langle C_ordered_Xfactor\ 70 \rangle \equiv$

```

void C_ordered_Xfactor
(
     $\langle maxstat\ Xfactor\ Variables\ 69b \rangle$ 
) {
     $\langle Setup\ maxstat\ Variables\ 71 \rangle$ 

     $\langle Setup\ maxstat\ Memory\ 72 \rangle$ 

    wmax[0] = NA_INTEGER;

    for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
        sumleft += ExpX[p];
        sumright -= ExpX[p];

        for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++) {
            mlinstat[q] += linstat[q * P + p];
            for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < nresample; np++)
                mblinstat[q + np * Q] += blinstat[q * P + p + np * PQ];
            mexpect[q] += expect[q * P + p];
            if (B == 1) {
                 $\langle Compute\ maxstat\ Variance\ /\ Covariance\ Directly\ 73b \rangle$ 
            } else {
                 $\langle Compute\ maxstat\ Variance\ /\ Covariance\ from\ Total\ Covariance\ 73a \rangle$ 
            }
        }

        if ((sumleft >= minbucket) && (sumright >= minbucket) && (ExpX[p] > 0)) {
            ls = mlinstat;
            /* compute MPinv only once */
            if (teststat != TESTSTAT_maximum)
                C_MPinv_sym(mcovar, Q, tol, mMPinv, &rank);
             $\langle Compute\ maxstat\ Test\ Statistic\ 73c \rangle$ 
            if (tmp > maxstat[0]) {
                wmax[0] = p;
                maxstat[0] = tmp;
            }

            for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < nresample; np++) {
                ls = mblinstat + np * Q;
                 $\langle Compute\ maxstat\ Test\ Statistic\ 73c \rangle$ 
                if (tmp > bmaxstat[np])
                    bmaxstat[np] = tmp;
            }
        }
    }
     $\langle Compute\ maxstat\ Permutation\ P-Value\ 73d \rangle$ 
    R_Free(mlinstat); R_Free(mexpect); R_Free(mblinstat);
    R_Free(mvar); R_Free(mcovar); R_Free(mMPinv);
    if (nresample == 0) R_Free(blinstat);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 57a.

Defines: C_ordered_Xfactor 35b, 44, 56.

Uses: B 27a, P 24a, Q 24e.

$\langle \text{Setup maxstat Variables 71} \rangle \equiv$

```
double *linstat, *expect, *covar, *varinf, *covinf, *ExpX, *blinstat, tol, *ls;
int P, Q, B;
R_xlen_t nresample;

double *mlinstat, *mblinstat, *mexpect, *mvar, *mcovar, *mMPinv,
      tmp, sumleft, sumright, sumweights;
int rank, PQ, greater;

Q = C_get_Q(LECV);
P = C_get_P(LECV);
PQ = mPQB(P, Q, 1);
B = C_get_B(LECV);
if (B > 1) {
    if (C_get_varonly(LECV))
        error("need covariance for maximally statistics with blocks");
    covar = C_get_Covariance(LECV);
} else {
    covar = C_get_Variance(LECV); /* make -Wall happy */
}
linstat = C_get_LinearStatistic(LECV);
expect = C_get_Expectation(LECV);
ExpX = C_get_ExpectationX(LECV);
/* both need to be there */
varinf = C_get_VarianceInfluence(LECV);
covinf = C_get_CovarianceInfluence(LECV);
nresample = C_get_nresample(LECV);
if (nresample > 0)
    blinstat = C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic(LECV);
tol = C_get_tol(LECV);
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [70](#), [74](#).

Uses: B [27a](#), C_get_B [147a](#), C_get_Covariance [144c](#), C_get_CovarianceInfluence [145c](#), C_get_Expectation [144a](#), C_get_ExpectationX [145a](#), C_get_LinearStatistic [143d](#), C_get_nresample [147b](#), C_get_P [142c](#), C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic [147c](#), C_get_Q [143a](#), C_get_tol [147d](#), C_get_Variance [144b](#), C_get_VarianceInfluence [145d](#), C_get_varonly [143b](#), LECV [142b](#), mPQB [132b](#), P [24a](#), Q [24e](#), sumweights [25e](#).

⟨ Setup maxstat Memory 72 ⟩ \equiv

```

mlinstat = R_Calloc(Q, double);
mexpect = R_Calloc(Q, double);
if (teststat == TESTSTAT_maximum) {
    mvar = R_Calloc(Q, double);
    /* not needed, but allocate anyway to make -Wmaybe-uninitialized happy */
    mcovar = R_Calloc(1, double);
    mMPinv = R_Calloc(1, double);
} else {
    mcovar = R_Calloc(Q * (Q + 1) / 2, double);
    mMPinv = R_Calloc(Q * (Q + 1) / 2, double);
    /* not needed, but allocate anyway to make -Wmaybe-uninitialized happy */
    mvar = R_Calloc(1, double);
}
if (nresample > 0) {
    mblinstat = R_Calloc(Q * nresample, double);
} else { /* not needed, but allocate anyway to make -Wmaybe-uninitialized happy */
    mblinstat = R_Calloc(1, double);
    blinstat = R_Calloc(1, double);
}

maxstat[0] = 0.0;

for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++) {
    mlinstat[q] = 0.0;
    mexpect[q] = 0.0;
    if (teststat == TESTSTAT_maximum)
        mvar[q] = 0.0;
    for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < nresample; np++) {
        mblinstat[q + np * Q] = 0.0;
        bmaxstat[np] = 0.0;
    }
}
if (teststat == TESTSTAT_quadratic) {
    for (int q = 0; q < Q * (Q + 1) / 2; q++)
        mcovar[q] = 0.0;
}

sumleft = 0.0;
sumright = 0.0;
for (int p = 0; p < P; p++)
    sumright += ExpX[p];
sumweights = sumright;
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [70](#), [74](#).

Uses: P [24a](#), Q [24e](#), sumweights [25e](#).

⟨ *Compute maxstat Variance / Covariance from Total Covariance 73a* ⟩ ≡

```

if (teststat == TESTSTAT_maximum) {
    for (int pp = 0; pp < p; pp++)
        mvar[q] += 2 * covar[S(pp + q * P, p + P * q, mPQB(P, Q, 1))];
    mvar[q] += covar[S(p + q * P, p + P * q, mPQB(P, Q, 1))];
} else {
    for (int qq = 0; qq <= q; qq++) {
        for (int pp = 0; pp < p; pp++)
            mcovar[S(q, qq, Q)] += 2 * covar[S(pp + q * P, p + P * qq, mPQB(P, Q, 1))];
        mcovar[S(q, qq, Q)] += covar[S(p + q * P, p + P * qq, mPQB(P, Q, 1))];
    }
}

```

Fragment referenced in 70.

Uses: mPQB 132b, P 24a, Q 24e, S 21a.

⟨ *Compute maxstat Variance / Covariance Directly 73b* ⟩ ≡

```

/* does not work with blocks! */
if (teststat == TESTSTAT_maximum) {
    C_VarianceLinearStatistic(1, Q, varinf, &sumleft, &sumleft,
                             sumweights, 0, mvar);
} else {
    C_CovarianceLinearStatistic(1, Q, covinf, &sumleft, &sumleft,
                               sumweights, 0, mcovar);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 70.

Uses: C_CovarianceLinearStatistic 79, C_VarianceLinearStatistic 80a, Q 24e, sumweights 25e.

⟨ *Compute maxstat Test Statistic 73c* ⟩ ≡

```

if (teststat == TESTSTAT_maximum) {
    tmp = C_maxtype(Q, ls, mexpect, mvar, 1, tol,
                   ALTERNATIVE_twosided);
} else {
    tmp = C_quadform(Q, ls, mexpect, mMPinv);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 70, 74.

Uses: C_maxtype 63, C_quadform 62, Q 24e.

⟨ *Compute maxstat Permutation P-Value 73d* ⟩ ≡

```

if (nresample > 0) {
    greater = 0;
    for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < nresample; np++) {
        if (bmaxstat[np] > maxstat[0]) greater++;
    }
    pval[0] = C_perm_pvalue(greater, nresample, lower, give_log);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 70, 74.

Uses: C_perm_pvalue 65.

$\langle C_unordered_Xfactor\ 74 \rangle \equiv$

```

void C_unordered_Xfactor
(
   $\langle maxstat\ Xfactor\ Variables\ 69b \rangle$ 
) {
  double *mtmp;
  int qPp, nc, *levels, Pnonzero, *indl, *contrast;

   $\langle Setup\ maxstat\ Variables\ 71 \rangle$ 

   $\langle Setup\ maxstat\ Memory\ 72 \rangle$ 
  mtmp = R_Calloc(P, double);

  for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) wmax[p] = NA_INTEGER;

   $\langle Count\ Levels\ 75a \rangle$ 

  for (int j = 1; j < mi; j++) { /* go though all splits */

     $\langle Setup\ unordered\ maxstat\ Contrasts\ 75b \rangle$ 

     $\langle Compute\ unordered\ maxstat\ Linear\ Statistic\ and\ Expectation\ 76a \rangle$ 

    if (B == 1) {
       $\langle Compute\ unordered\ maxstat\ Variance\ /\ Covariance\ Directly\ 77a \rangle$ 
    } else {
       $\langle Compute\ unordered\ maxstat\ Variance\ /\ Covariance\ from\ Total\ Covariance\ 76b \rangle$ 
    }

    if ((sumleft >= minbucket) && (sumright >= minbucket)) {
      ls = mlinstat;
      /* compute MPinv only once */
      if (teststat != TESTSTAT_maximum)
        C_MPinv_sym(mcovar, Q, tol, mMPinv, &rank);
       $\langle Compute\ maxstat\ Test\ Statistic\ 73c \rangle$ 
      if (tmp > maxstat[0]) {
        for (int p = 0; p < Pnonzero; p++)
          wmax[levels[p]] = contrast[levels[p]];
        maxstat[0] = tmp;
      }

      for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < nresample; np++) {
        ls = mblinstat + np * Q;
         $\langle Compute\ maxstat\ Test\ Statistic\ 73c \rangle$ 
        if (tmp > bmaxstat[np])
          bmaxstat[np] = tmp;
      }
    }
  }

   $\langle Compute\ maxstat\ Permutation\ P-Value\ 73d \rangle$ 

  R_Free(mlinstat); R_Free(mexpect); R_Free(levels); R_Free(contrast); R_Free(indl); R_Free(mtmp);
  R_Free(mblinstat); R_Free(mvar); R_Free(mcovar); R_Free(mMPinv);
  if (nresample == 0) R_Free(blinstat);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 57a.

Defines: C_unordered_Xfactor 35b, 56.

Uses: B 27a, P 24a, Q 24e.

$\langle \text{Count Levels 75a} \rangle \equiv$

```

contrast = R_Calloc(P, int);
Pnonzero = 0;
for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
    if (ExpX[p] > 0) Pnonzero++;
}
levels = R_Calloc(Pnonzero, int);
nc = 0;
for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
    if (ExpX[p] > 0) {
        levels[nc] = p;
        nc++;
    }
}

if (Pnonzero >= 31)
    error("cannot search for unordered splits in >= 31 levels");

int mi = 1;
for (int l = 1; l < Pnonzero; l++) mi *= 2;
indl = R_Calloc(Pnonzero, int);
for (int p = 0; p < Pnonzero; p++) indl[p] = 0;
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [74](#).

Uses: P [24a](#).

$\langle \text{Setup unordered maxstat Contrasts 75b} \rangle \equiv$

```

/* indl determines if level p is left or right */
int jj = j;
for (int l = 1; l < Pnonzero; l++) {
    indl[l] = (jj%2);
    jj /= 2;
}

sumleft = 0.0;
sumright = 0.0;
for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) contrast[p] = 0;
for (int p = 0; p < Pnonzero; p++) {
    sumleft += indl[p] * ExpX[levels[p]];
    sumright += (1 - indl[p]) * ExpX[levels[p]];
    contrast[levels[p]] = indl[p];
}
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [74](#).

Uses: P [24a](#).

⟨ Compute unordered maxstat Linear Statistic and Expectation 76a ⟩ ≡

```

for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++) {
  mlinstat[q] = 0.0;
  mexpect[q] = 0.0;
  for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < nresample; np++)
    mblinstat[q + np * Q] = 0.0;
  for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
    qPp = q * P + p;
    mlinstat[q] += contrast[p] * linstat[qPp];
    mexpect[q] += contrast[p] * expect[qPp];
    for (R_xlen_t np = 0; np < nresample; np++)
      mblinstat[q + np * Q] += contrast[p] * blinstat[q * P + p + np * PQ];
  }
}
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [74](#).

Uses: [P 24a](#), [Q 24e](#).

⟨ Compute unordered maxstat Variance / Covariance from Total Covariance 76b ⟩ ≡

```

if (teststat == TESTSTAT_maximum) {
  for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++) {
    mvar[q] = 0.0;
    for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
      qPp = q * P + p;
      mtmp[p] = 0.0;
      for (int pp = 0; pp < P; pp++)
        mtmp[p] += contrast[pp] * covar[S(pp + q * P, qPp, PQ)];
    }
    for (int p = 0; p < P; p++)
      mvar[q] += contrast[p] * mtmp[p];
  }
} else {
  for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++) {
    for (int qq = 0; qq <= q; qq++)
      mcovar[S(q, qq, Q)] = 0.0;
    for (int qq = 0; qq <= q; qq++) {
      for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
        mtmp[p] = 0.0;
        for (int pp = 0; pp < P; pp++)
          mtmp[p] += contrast[pp] * covar[S(pp + q * P, p + P * qq,
            mPQB(P, Q, 1))];
      }
      for (int p = 0; p < P; p++)
        mcovar[S(q, qq, Q)] += contrast[p] * mtmp[p];
    }
  }
}
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [74](#).

Uses: [mPQB 132b](#), [P 24a](#), [Q 24e](#), [S 21a](#).

$\langle \text{Compute unordered maxstat Variance / Covariance Directly 77a} \rangle \equiv$

```

if (teststat == TESTSTAT_maximum) {
    C_VarianceLinearStatistic(1, Q, varinf, &sumleft, &sumleft,
                             sumweights, 0, mvar);
} else {
    C_CovarianceLinearStatistic(1, Q, covinf, &sumleft, &sumleft,
                              sumweights, 0, mcovar);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 74.

Uses: C_CovarianceLinearStatistic 79, C_VarianceLinearStatistic 80a, Q 24e, sumweights 25e.

3.7 Linear Statistics

$\langle \text{LinearStatistics 77b} \rangle \equiv$

$\langle \text{RC_LinearStatistic 77d} \rangle$

Fragment referenced in 23a.

$\langle \text{RC_LinearStatistic Prototype 77c} \rangle \equiv$

```

void RC_LinearStatistic
(
     $\langle R \ x \text{ Input 23d} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C \text{ integer } N \text{ Input 23c} \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C \text{ integer } P \text{ Input 24a} \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C \text{ real } y \text{ Input 24f} \rangle$ 
     $\langle R \text{ weights Input 25b} \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R \text{ subset Input 26a} \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C \text{ subset range Input 26c} \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C \text{ KronSums Answer 96a} \rangle$ 
)

```

Fragment referenced in 77d.

Uses: RC_LinearStatistic 77d.

$\langle \text{RC_LinearStatistic 77d} \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle \text{RC\_LinearStatistic Prototype 77c} \rangle$ 
{
    double center;

    RC_KronSums(x, N, P, y, Q, !DoSymmetric, &center, &center, !DoCenter, weights,
               subset, offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 77b.

Defines: RC_LinearStatistic 33b, 77c.

Uses: DoCenter 21b, DoSymmetric 21b, N 23bc, Nsubset 26b, offset 26c, P 24a, Q 24e, RC_KronSums 95b, subset 26ade, weights 25b, weights, 25cd, x 23d, 24bc, y 24df, 25a.

3.8 Expectation and Covariance

$\langle \text{ExpectationCovariances } 78a \rangle \equiv$

$\langle \text{RC_ExpectationInfluence } 81c \rangle$
 $\langle \text{R_ExpectationInfluence } 81a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{RC_CovarianceInfluence } 84a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{R_CovarianceInfluence } 83a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{RC_ExpectationX } 85b \rangle$
 $\langle \text{R_ExpectationX } 84c \rangle$
 $\langle \text{RC_CovarianceX } 88a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{R_CovarianceX } 87a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{C_ExpectationLinearStatistic } 78b \rangle$
 $\langle \text{C_CovarianceLinearStatistic } 79 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{C_VarianceLinearStatistic } 80a \rangle$
 \diamond

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

3.8.1 Linear Statistic

$\langle \text{C_ExpectationLinearStatistic } 78b \rangle \equiv$

```

void C_ExpectationLinearStatistic
(
     $\langle \text{C integer } P \text{ Input } 24a \rangle$ ,
     $\langle \text{C integer } Q \text{ Input } 24e \rangle$ ,
    double *ExpInf,
    double *ExpX,
    const int add,
    double *PQ_ans
) {
    if (!add)
        for (int p = 0; p < mPQB(P, Q, 1); p++) PQ_ans[p] = 0.0;

    for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
        for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++)
            PQ_ans[q * P + p] += ExpX[p] * ExpInf[q];
    }
}

```

\diamond

Fragment referenced in [78a](#).

Defines: `C_ExpectationLinearStatistic` [35a](#), [43b](#).

Uses: `mPQB` [132b](#), `P` [24a](#), `Q` [24e](#).

$\langle C_CovarianceLinearStatistic\ 79 \rangle \equiv$

```

void C_CovarianceLinearStatistic
(
   $\langle C\ integer\ P\ Input\ 24a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\ integer\ Q\ Input\ 24e \rangle$ ,
  double *CovInf,
  double *ExpX,
  double *CovX,
   $\langle C\ sumweights\ Input\ 25e \rangle$ ,
  const int add,
  double *PQPQ_sym_ans
) {
  double f1 = sumweights / (sumweights - 1);
  double f2 = 1.0 / (sumweights - 1);
  double tmp, *PP_sym_tmp;

  if (mPQB(P, Q, 1) == 1) {
    tmp = f1 * CovInf[0] * CovX[0];
    tmp -= f2 * CovInf[0] * ExpX[0] * ExpX[0];
    if (add) {
      PQPQ_sym_ans[0] += tmp;
    } else {
      PQPQ_sym_ans[0] = tmp;
    }
  } else {
    PP_sym_tmp = R_Calloc(PP12(P), double);
    C_KronSums_sym_(ExpX, 1, P,
                    PP_sym_tmp);
    for (int p = 0; p < PP12(P); p++)
      PP_sym_tmp[p] = f1 * CovX[p] - f2 * PP_sym_tmp[p];
    C_kronecker_sym(CovInf, Q, PP_sym_tmp, P, 1 - (add >= 1),
                    PQPQ_sym_ans);
    R_Free(PP_sym_tmp);
  }
}

```

Fragment referenced in [78a](#).

Defines: [C_CovarianceLinearStatistic 35d](#), [44](#), [73b](#), [77a](#), [80a](#).

Uses: [C_kronecker_sym 135](#), [mPQB 132b](#), [P 24a](#), [PP12 132a](#), [Q 24e](#), [sumweights 25e](#).

$\langle C_VarianceLinearStatistic\ 80a \rangle \equiv$

```

void C_VarianceLinearStatistic
(
   $\langle C\ integer\ P\ Input\ 24a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\ integer\ Q\ Input\ 24e \rangle$ ,
  double *VarInf,
  double *ExpX,
  double *VarX,
   $\langle C\ sumweights\ Input\ 25e \rangle$ ,
  const int add,
  double *PQ_ans
) {
  if (mPQB(P, Q, 1) == 1) {
    C_CovarianceLinearStatistic(P, Q, VarInf, ExpX, VarX,
                                sumweights, (add >= 1),
                                PQ_ans);
  } else {
    double *P_tmp;
    P_tmp = R_Calloc(P, double);
    double f1 = sumweights / (sumweights - 1);
    double f2 = 1.0 / (sumweights - 1);
    for (int p = 0; p < P; p++)
      P_tmp[p] = f1 * VarX[p] - f2 * ExpX[p] * ExpX[p];
    C_kronecker(VarInf, 1, Q, P_tmp, 1, P, 1 - (add >= 1),
                PQ_ans);
    R_Free(P_tmp);
  }
}

```

Fragment referenced in 78a.

Defines: C_VarianceLinearStatistic 35c, 44, 73b, 77a.

Uses: C_CovarianceLinearStatistic 79, C_kronecker 134, mPQB 132b, P 24a, Q 24e, sumweights 25e.

3.8.2 Influence

```

> sumweights <- sum(weights[subset])
> expecty <- colSums(y[subset, ] * weights[subset]) / sumweights
> a0 <- expecty
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationInfluence, y, weights, subset)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationInfluence, y, as.double(weights), as.double(subset))
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationInfluence, y, weights, as.double(subset))
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationInfluence, y, as.double(weights), subset)
> a5 <- LinStatExpCov(x, y, weights = weights, subset = subset)$ExpectationInfluence
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4) &&
+           isequal(a0, a5))

```

$\langle R_ExpectationInfluence\ Prototype\ 80b \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP R_ExpectationInfluence
(
   $\langle R\ y\ Input\ 24d \rangle$ 
   $\langle R\ weights\ Input\ 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R\ subset\ Input\ 26a \rangle$ 
)

```

Fragment referenced in 22b, 81a.

Uses: R_ExpectationInfluence 81a.

$\langle R_ExpectationInfluence\ 81a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_ExpectationInfluence\ Prototype\ 80b \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans;
     $\langle C\ integer\ Q\ Input\ 24e \rangle$ ;
     $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ;
     $\langle C\ integer\ Nsubset\ Input\ 26b \rangle$ ;
    double sumweights;

    Q = NCOL(y);
    N = XLENGTH(y) / Q;
    Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);

    sumweights = RC_Sums(N, weights, subset, Offset0, Nsubset);

    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, Q));
    RC_ExpectationInfluence(N, y, Q, weights, subset, Offset0, Nsubset, sumweights, REAL(ans));
    UNPROTECT(1);
    return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in [78a](#).

Defines: [R_ExpectationInfluence 80b, 83a, 154, 155](#).

Uses: [N 23bc](#), [NCOL 131a](#), [Nsubset 26b](#), [Offset0 21b](#), [Q 24e](#), [RC_ExpectationInfluence 81c](#), [RC_Sums 91a](#), [subset 26ade](#), [sumweights 25e](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#), [y 24df, 25a](#).

$\langle RC_ExpectationInfluence\ Prototype\ 81b \rangle \equiv$

```

void RC_ExpectationInfluence
(
     $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R\ y\ Input\ 24d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ integer\ Q\ Input\ 24e \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R\ weights\ Input\ 25b \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R\ subset\ Input\ 26a \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ subset\ range\ Input\ 26c \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ sumweights\ Input\ 25e \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ colSums\ Answer\ 108a \rangle$ 
)

```

Fragment referenced in [81c](#).

Uses: [RC_ExpectationInfluence 81c](#).

$\langle RC_ExpectationInfluence\ 81c \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle RC\_ExpectationInfluence\ Prototype\ 81b \rangle$ 
{
    double center;

    RC_colSums(REAL(y), N, Q, Power1, &center, !DoCenter, weights,
               subset, offset, Nsubset, P_ans);
    for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++)
        P_ans[q] = P_ans[q] / sumweights;
}

```

Fragment referenced in [78a](#).

Defines: [RC_ExpectationInfluence 35a, 43b, 81ab](#).

Uses: [DoCenter 21b](#), [N 23bc](#), [Nsubset 26b](#), [offset 26c](#), [Power1 21b](#), [Q 24e](#), [RC_colSums 107b](#), [subset 26ade](#), [sumweights 25e](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#), [y 24df, 25a](#).

```

> sumweights <- sum(weights[subset])
> yc <- t(t(y) - expecty)
> r1y <- rep(1:ncol(y), ncol(y))
> r2y <- rep(1:ncol(y), each = ncol(y))
> a0 <- colSums(yc[subset, r1y] * yc[subset, r2y] * weights[subset]) / sumweights
> a0 <- matrix(a0, ncol = ncol(y))
> vary <- diag(a0)
> a0 <- a0[lower.tri(a0, diag = TRUE)]
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceInfluence, y, weights, subset, 0L)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceInfluence, y, as.double(weights), as.double(subset), 0L)
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceInfluence, y, weights, as.double(subset), 0L)
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceInfluence, y, as.double(weights), subset, 0L)
> a5 <- LinStatExpCov(x, y, weights = weights, subset = subset)$CovarianceInfluence
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4) &&
+           isequal(a0, a5))
> a0 <- vary
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceInfluence, y, weights, subset, 1L)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceInfluence, y, as.double(weights), as.double(subset), 1L)
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceInfluence, y, weights, as.double(subset), 1L)
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceInfluence, y, as.double(weights), subset, 1L)
> a5 <- LinStatExpCov(x, y, weights = weights, subset = subset, varonly = TRUE)$VarianceInfluence
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4) &&
+           isequal(a0, a5))

```

$\langle R_CovarianceInfluence \text{ Prototype } 82 \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP R_CovarianceInfluence
(
   $\langle R \text{ } y \text{ Input } 24d \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ } weights \text{ Input } 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ } subset \text{ Input } 26a \rangle$ ,
  SEXP varonly
)
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [83a](#).

Uses: [R_CovarianceInfluence 83a](#).

$\langle R_CovarianceInfluence\ 83a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_CovarianceInfluence\ Prototype\ 82 \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans;
    SEXP ExpInf;
     $\langle C\ integer\ Q\ Input\ 24e \rangle$ ;
     $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ;
     $\langle C\ integer\ Nsubset\ Input\ 26b \rangle$ ;
    double sumweights;

    Q = NCOL(y);
    N = XLENGTH(y) / Q;
    Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);

    PROTECT(ExpInf = R_ExpectationInfluence(y, weights, subset));

    sumweights = RC_Sums(N, weights, subset, Offset0, Nsubset);

    if (INTEGER(varonly)[0]) {
        PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, Q));
    } else {
        PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, Q * (Q + 1) / 2));
    }
    RC_CovarianceInfluence(N, y, Q, weights, subset, Offset0, Nsubset, REAL(ExpInf), sumweights,
                           INTEGER(varonly)[0], REAL(ans));
    UNPROTECT(2);
    return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in [78a](#).

Defines: [R_CovarianceInfluence 82](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: [N 23bc](#), [NCOL 131a](#), [Nsubset 26b](#), [Offset0 21b](#), [Q 24e](#), [RC_CovarianceInfluence 84a](#), [RC_Sums 91a](#),
[R_ExpectationInfluence 81a](#), [subset 26ade](#), [sumweights 25e](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#), [y 24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle RC_CovarianceInfluence\ Prototype\ 83b \rangle \equiv$

```

void RC_CovarianceInfluence
(
     $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R\ y\ Input\ 24d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ integer\ Q\ Input\ 24e \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R\ weights\ Input\ 25b \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R\ subset\ Input\ 26a \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ subset\ range\ Input\ 26c \rangle$ ,
    double *ExpInf,
     $\langle C\ sumweights\ Input\ 25e \rangle$ ,
    int VARONLY,
     $\langle C\ KronSums\ Answer\ 96a \rangle$ 
)

```

Fragment referenced in [84a](#).

Uses: [RC_CovarianceInfluence 84a](#).

$\langle RC_CovarianceInfluence\ 84a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle RC\_CovarianceInfluence\ Prototype\ 83b \rangle$ 
{
  if (VARONLY) {
    RC_colSums(REAL(y), N, Q, Power2, ExpInf, DoCenter, weights,
              subset, offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
    for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++)
      PQ_ans[q] = PQ_ans[q] / sumweights;
  } else {
    RC_KronSums(y, N, Q, REAL(y), Q, DoSymmetric, ExpInf, ExpInf, DoCenter, weights,
              subset, offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
    for (int q = 0; q < Q * (Q + 1) / 2; q++)
      PQ_ans[q] = PQ_ans[q] / sumweights;
  }
}

```

Fragment referenced in 78a.

Defines: `RC_CovarianceInfluence` 35b, 44, 83ab.

Uses: `DoCenter` 21b, `DoSymmetric` 21b, `N` 23bc, `Nsubset` 26b, `offset` 26c, `Power2` 21b, `Q` 24e, `RC_colSums` 107b, `RC_KronSums` 95b, `subset` 26ade, `sumweights` 25e, `weights` 25b, `weights`, 25cd, `y` 24df, 25a.

3.8.3 X

$\langle R_ExpectationX\ Prototype\ 84b \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP R_ExpectationX
(
   $\langle R\ x\ Input\ 23d \rangle$ 
  SEXP P,
   $\langle R\ weights\ Input\ 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R\ subset\ Input\ 26a \rangle$ 
)

```

Fragment referenced in 22b, 84c.

Uses: `P` 24a, `R_ExpectationX` 84c.

$\langle R_ExpectationX\ 84c \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_ExpectationX\ Prototype\ 84b \rangle$ 
{
  SEXP ans;
   $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ;
   $\langle C\ integer\ Nsubset\ Input\ 26b \rangle$ ;

  N = XLENGTH(x) / INTEGER(P)[0];
  Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);

  PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, INTEGER(P)[0]));
  RC_ExpectationX(x, N, INTEGER(P)[0], weights, subset,
                Offset0, Nsubset, REAL(ans));
  UNPROTECT(1);
  return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 78a.

Defines: `R_ExpectationX` 84b, 87a, 154, 155.

Uses: `N` 23bc, `Nsubset` 26b, `Offset0` 21b, `P` 24a, `RC_ExpectationX` 85b, `subset` 26ade, `weights` 25b, `weights`, 25cd, `x` 23d, 24bc.

$\langle RC_ExpectationX \text{ Prototype } 85a \rangle \equiv$

```
void RC_ExpectationX
(
   $\langle R \text{ } x \text{ Input } 23d \rangle$ 
   $\langle C \text{ integer } N \text{ Input } 23c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ integer } P \text{ Input } 24a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ weights Input } 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ subset Input } 26a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ subset range Input } 26c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ OneTableSums Answer } 112c \rangle$ 
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [85b](#).

Uses: [RC_ExpectationX 85b](#).

$\langle RC_ExpectationX \text{ } 85b \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle RC\_ExpectationX \text{ Prototype } 85a \rangle$ 
{
  double center;

  if (typeof(x) == INTSXP) {
    double* Pp1tmp = R_Calloc(P + 1, double);
    RC_OneTableSums(INTEGER(x), N, P + 1, weights, subset, offset, Nsubset, Pp1tmp);
    for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) P_ans[p] = Pp1tmp[p + 1];
    R_Free(Pp1tmp);
  } else {
    RC_colSums(REAL(x), N, P, Power1, &center, !DoCenter, weights, subset, offset, Nsubset, P_ans);
  }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [78a](#).

Defines: [RC_ExpectationX 35a](#), [43b](#), [84c](#), [85a](#).

Uses: [DoCenter 21b](#), [N 23bc](#), [Nsubset 26b](#), [offset 26c](#), [P 24a](#), [Power1 21b](#), [RC_colSums 107b](#), [RC_OneTableSums 112a](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#).

```
> a0 <- colSums(x[subset, ] * weights[subset])
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationX, x, P, weights, subset);
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationX, x, P, as.double(weights), as.double(subset))
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationX, x, P, weights, as.double(subset))
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationX, x, P, as.double(weights), subset)
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4) &&
+           isequal(a0, LECVxyws$ExpectationX))
> a0 <- colSums(x[subset, ]^2 * weights[subset])
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, x, P, weights, subset, 1L)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, x, P, as.double(weights), as.double(subset), 1L)
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, x, P, weights, as.double(subset), 1L)
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, x, P, as.double(weights), subset, 1L)
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4))
> a0 <- as.vector(colSums(Xfactor[subset, ] * weights[subset]))
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationX, ix, Lx, weights, subset)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationX, ix, Lx, as.double(weights), as.double(subset))
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationX, ix, Lx, weights, as.double(subset))
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_ExpectationX, ix, Lx, as.double(weights), subset)
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4))
```

```

> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, ix, Lx, weights, subset, 1L)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, ix, Lx, as.double(weights), as.double(subset), 1L)
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, ix, Lx, weights, as.double(subset), 1L)
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, ix, Lx, as.double(weights), subset, 1L)
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4))
> r1x <- rep(1:ncol(Xfactor), ncol(Xfactor))
> r2x <- rep(1:ncol(Xfactor), each = ncol(Xfactor))
> a0 <- colSums(Xfactor[subset, r1x] * Xfactor[subset, r2x] * weights[subset])
> a0 <- matrix(a0, ncol = ncol(Xfactor))
> vary <- diag(a0)
> a0 <- a0[lower.tri(a0, diag = TRUE)]
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, ix, Lx, weights, subset, 0L)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, ix, Lx, as.double(weights), as.double(subset), 0L)
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, ix, Lx, weights, as.double(subset), 0L)
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_CovarianceX, ix, Lx, as.double(weights), subset, 0L)
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4))

```

$\langle R_CovarianceX \text{ Prototype } 86 \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP R_CovarianceX
(
   $\langle R \ x \text{ Input } 23d \rangle$ 
  SEXP P,
   $\langle R \ weights \text{ Input } 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \ subset \text{ Input } 26a \rangle$ ,
  SEXP varonly
)
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [87a](#).

Uses: P [24a](#), R_CovarianceX [87a](#).

$\langle R_CovarianceX\ 87a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_CovarianceX\ Prototype\ 86 \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans;
    SEXP ExpX;
     $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ;
     $\langle C\ integer\ Nsubset\ Input\ 26b \rangle$ ;

    N = XLENGTH(x) / INTEGER(P)[0];
    Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);

    PROTECT(ExpX = R_ExpectationX(x, P, weights, subset));

    if (INTEGER(varonly)[0]) {
        PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, INTEGER(P)[0]));
    } else {
        PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, INTEGER(P)[0] * (INTEGER(P)[0] + 1) / 2));
    }
    RC_CovarianceX(x, N, INTEGER(P)[0], weights, subset, Offset0, Nsubset, REAL(ExpX),
        INTEGER(varonly)[0], REAL(ans));
    UNPROTECT(2);
    return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 78a.

Defines: R_CovarianceX 86, 154, 155.

Uses: N 23bc, Nsubset 26b, Offset0 21b, P 24a, RC_CovarianceX 88a, R_ExpectationX 84c, subset 26ade, weights 25b, weights, 25cd, x 23d, 24bc.

$\langle RC_CovarianceX\ Prototype\ 87b \rangle \equiv$

```

void RC_CovarianceX
(
     $\langle R\ x\ Input\ 23d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ integer\ P\ Input\ 24a \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R\ weights\ Input\ 25b \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R\ subset\ Input\ 26a \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ subset\ range\ Input\ 26c \rangle$ ,
    double *ExpX,
    int VARONLY,
     $\langle C\ KronSums\ Answer\ 96a \rangle$ 
)

```

Fragment referenced in 88a.

Uses: RC_CovarianceX 88a.

$\langle RC_CovarianceX\ 88a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle RC\_CovarianceX\ Prototype\ 87b \rangle$ 
{
    double center;

    if (typeof(x) == INTSXP) {
        if (VARONLY) {
            for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) PQ_ans[p] = ExpX[p];
        } else {
            for (int p = 0; p < PP12(P); p++)
                PQ_ans[p] = 0.0;
            for (int p = 0; p < P; p++)
                PQ_ans[S(p, p, P)] = ExpX[p];
        }
    } else {
        if (VARONLY) {
            RC_colSums(REAL(x), N, P, Power2, &center, !DoCenter, weights,
                subset, offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
        } else {
            RC_KronSums(x, N, P, REAL(x), P, DoSymmetric, &center, &center, !DoCenter, weights,
                subset, offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
        }
    }
}

```

Fragment referenced in [78a](#).

Defines: [RC_CovarianceX 35cd](#), [44](#), [87ab](#).

Uses: [DoCenter 21b](#), [DoSymmetric 21b](#), [N 23bc](#), [Nsubset 26b](#), [offset 26c](#), [P 24a](#), [Power2 21b](#), [PP12 132a](#), [RC_colSums 107b](#), [RC_KronSums 95b](#), [S 21a](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#).

3.9 Computing Sums

The core concept of all functions in the section is the computation of various sums over observations, case weights, or blocks. We start with an initialisation of the loop over all observations

$\langle init\ subset\ loop\ 88b \rangle \equiv$

```

R_xlen_t diff = 0;
s = subset + offset;
w = weights;
/* subset is R-style index in 1:N */
if (Nsubset > 0)
    diff = (R_xlen_t) s[0] - 1;

```

Fragment referenced in [93a](#), [99](#), [101b](#), [109b](#), [114a](#), [118b](#), [122b](#).

Uses: [N 23bc](#), [Nsubset 26b](#), [offset 26c](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#).

and loop over $i = 1, \dots, N$ when no subset was specified or over the subset of the subset given by **offset** and **Nsubset**, allowing for number of observations larger than **INT_MAX**

$\langle start\ subset\ loop\ 88c \rangle \equiv$

```

for (R_xlen_t i = 0; i < (Nsubset == 0 ? N : Nsubset) - 1; i++)

```

Fragment referenced in [93a](#), [99](#), [101b](#), [109b](#), [114a](#), [118b](#), [122b](#).

Uses: [N 23bc](#), [Nsubset 26b](#).

After computations in the loop, we compute the next element

$\langle \text{continue subset loop 89a} \rangle \equiv$

```

if (Nsubset > 0) {
  /* NB: diff also works with R style index */
  diff = (R_xlen_t) s[1] - s[0];
  if (diff < 0)
    error("subset not sorted");
  s++;
} else {
  diff = 1;
}

```

◇

Fragment referenced in [93a](#), [99](#), [101b](#), [109b](#), [114a](#), [118b](#), [122b](#).
 Uses: [Nsubset 26b](#), [subset 26ade](#).

3.9.1 Simple Sums

$\langle \text{SimpleSums 89b} \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle C\_Sums\_dweights\_dsubset 91b \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_Sums\_iweights\_dsubset 92a \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_Sums\_iweights\_isubset 92b \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_Sums\_dweights\_isubset 92c \rangle$ 
 $\langle RC\_Sums 91a \rangle$ 
 $\langle R\_Sums 90a \rangle$ 

```

◇

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

```

> a0 <- sum(weights[subset])
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_Sums, N, weights, subset)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_Sums, N, as.double(weights), as.double(subset))
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_Sums, N, weights, as.double(subset))
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_Sums, N, as.double(weights), subset)
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4))

```

$\langle R_Sums \text{ Prototype 89c} \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP R_Sums
(
   $\langle R \text{ N Input 23b} \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ weights Input 25b} \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ subset Input 26a} \rangle$ 
)

```

◇

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [90a](#).
 Uses: [R_Sums 90a](#).

$\langle R_Sums\ 90a \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle R\_Sums\ Prototype\ 89c \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans;
     $\langle C\ integer\ Nsubset\ Input\ 26b \rangle$ ;

    Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);

    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, 1));
    REAL(ans)[0] = RC_Sums(INTEGER(N)[0], weights, subset, Offset0, Nsubset);
    UNPROTECT(1);

    return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [89b](#).

Defines: [R_Sums 89c](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: [N 23bc](#), [Nsubset 26b](#), [Offset0 21b](#), [RC_Sums 91a](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#).

$\langle RC_Sums\ Prototype\ 90b \rangle \equiv$

```
double RC_Sums
(
     $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R\ weights\ Input\ 25b \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R\ subset\ Input\ 26a \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ subset\ range\ Input\ 26c \rangle$ 
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [91a](#).

Uses: [RC_Sums 91a](#).

$\langle RC_Sums\ 91a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle RC\_Sums\ Prototype\ 90b \rangle$ 
{
    if (XLENGTH(weights) == 0) {
        if (XLENGTH(subset) == 0) {
            return((double) N);
        } else {
            return((double) Nsubset);
        }
    }
    if (TYPEOF(weights) == INTSXP) {
        if (TYPEOF(subset) == INTSXP) {
            return(C_Sums_iweights_isubset(N, INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights),
                                           INTEGER(subset), offset, Nsubset));
        } else {
            return(C_Sums_iweights_dsubset(N, INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights),
                                           REAL(subset), offset, Nsubset));
        }
    } else {
        if (TYPEOF(subset) == INTSXP) {
            return(C_Sums_dweights_isubset(N, REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights),
                                           INTEGER(subset), offset, Nsubset));
        } else {
            return(C_Sums_dweights_dsubset(N, REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights),
                                           REAL(subset), offset, Nsubset));
        }
    }
}

```

Fragment referenced in [89b](#).

Defines: `RC_Sums` [34ab](#), [81a](#), [83a](#), [90ab](#), [123c](#), [127a](#).

Uses: `C_Sums_dweights_dsubset` [91b](#), `C_Sums_dweights_isubset` [92c](#), `C_Sums_iweights_dsubset` [92a](#),
`C_Sums_iweights_isubset` [92b](#), `N` [23bc](#), `Nsubset` [26b](#), `offset` [26c](#), `subset` [26ade](#), `weights` [25b](#).

$\langle C_Sums_dweights_dsubset\ 91b \rangle \equiv$

```

double C_Sums_dweights_dsubset
(
     $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ real\ weights\ Input\ 25d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ 
) {
    double *s, *w;
     $\langle Sums\ Body\ 93a \rangle$ 
}

```

Fragment referenced in [89b](#).

Defines: `C_Sums_dweights_dsubset` [91a](#).

$\langle C_Sums_iweights_dsubset\ 92a \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_Sums_iweights_dsubset
(
   $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\ integer\ weights\ Input\ 25c \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ 
) {
  double *s;
  int *w;
   $\langle Sums\ Body\ 93a \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [89b](#).

Defines: `C_Sums_iweights_dsubset` [91a](#).

$\langle C_Sums_iweights_isubset\ 92b \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_Sums_iweights_isubset
(
   $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\ integer\ weights\ Input\ 25c \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ 
) {
  int *s, *w;
   $\langle Sums\ Body\ 93a \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [89b](#).

Defines: `C_Sums_iweights_isubset` [91a](#).

$\langle C_Sums_dweights_isubset\ 92c \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_Sums_dweights_isubset
(
   $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\ real\ weights\ Input\ 25d \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ 
) {
  int *s;
  double *w;
   $\langle Sums\ Body\ 93a \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [89b](#).

Defines: `C_Sums_dweights_isubset` [91a](#).

$\langle \text{Sums Body 93a} \rangle \equiv$

```
double ans = 0.0;

if (Nsubset > 0) {
  if (!HAS_WEIGHTS) return((double) Nsubset);
} else {
  if (!HAS_WEIGHTS) return((double) N);
}

 $\langle \text{init subset loop 88b} \rangle$ 
 $\langle \text{start subset loop 88c} \rangle$ 
{
  w = w + diff;
  ans += w[0];
   $\langle \text{continue subset loop 89a} \rangle$ 
}

w = w + diff;
ans += w[0];

return(ans);
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [91b](#), [92abc](#).

Uses: HAS_WEIGHTS [25cd](#), N [23bc](#), Nsubset [26b](#).

3.9.2 Kronecker Sums

$\langle \text{KronSums 93b} \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle C\_KronSums\_dweights\_dsubset 97b \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_KronSums\_iweights\_dsubset 97c \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_KronSums\_iweights\_isubset 98a \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_KronSums\_dweights\_isubset 98b \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_XfactorKronSums\_dweights\_dsubset 100b \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_XfactorKronSums\_iweights\_dsubset 100c \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_XfactorKronSums\_iweights\_isubset 100d \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_XfactorKronSums\_dweights\_isubset 101a \rangle$ 
 $\langle RC\_KronSums 95b \rangle$ 
 $\langle R\_KronSums 94b \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_KronSums\_Permutation\_isubset 104b \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_KronSums\_Permutation\_dsubset 104a \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_XfactorKronSums\_Permutation\_isubset 105b \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_XfactorKronSums\_Permutation\_dsubset 105a \rangle$ 
 $\langle RC\_KronSums\_Permutation 103b \rangle$ 
 $\langle R\_KronSums\_Permutation 102b \rangle$ 
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

```
> r1 <- rep(1:ncol(x), ncol(y))
> r2 <- rep(1:ncol(y), each = ncol(x))
> a0 <- colSums(x[subset, r1] * y[subset, r2] * weights[subset])
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_KronSums, x, P, y, weights, subset, 0L)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_KronSums, x, P, y, as.double(weights), as.double(subset), 0L)
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_KronSums, x, P, y, weights, as.double(subset), 0L)
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_KronSums, x, P, y, as.double(weights), subset, 0L)
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4))
> a0 <- as.vector(colSums(Xfactor[subset, r1Xfactor] *
+                         y[subset, r2Xfactor] * weights[subset]))
```

```

> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_KronSums, ix, Lx, y, weights, subset, 0L)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_KronSums, ix, Lx, y, as.double(weights), as.double(subset), 0L)
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_KronSums, ix, Lx, y, weights, as.double(subset), 0L)
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_KronSums, ix, Lx, y, as.double(weights), subset, 0L)
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4))

```

$\langle R_KronSums \text{ Prototype } 94a \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP R_KronSums
(
   $\langle R \text{ } x \text{ Input } 23d \rangle$ 
  SEXP P,
   $\langle R \text{ } y \text{ Input } 24d \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ } weights \text{ Input } 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ } subset \text{ Input } 26a \rangle$ ,
  SEXP symmetric
)
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [94b](#).

Uses: P [24a](#), R_KronSums [94b](#).

$\langle R_KronSums \text{ } 94b \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_KronSums \text{ Prototype } 94a \rangle$ 
{
  SEXP ans;
   $\langle C \text{ integer } Q \text{ Input } 24e \rangle$ ;
   $\langle C \text{ integer } N \text{ Input } 23c \rangle$ ;
   $\langle C \text{ integer } Nsubset \text{ Input } 26b \rangle$ ;

  double center;

  Q = NCOL(y);
  N = XLENGTH(y) / Q;
  Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);

  if (INTEGER(symmetric)[0]) {
    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, INTEGER(P)[0] * (INTEGER(P)[0] + 1) / 2));
  } else {
    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, INTEGER(P)[0] * Q));
  }
  RC_KronSums(x, N, INTEGER(P)[0], REAL(y), Q, INTEGER(symmetric)[0], &center, &center,
    !DoCenter, weights, subset, Offset0, Nsubset, REAL(ans));
  UNPROTECT(1);
  return(ans);
}
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: R_KronSums [94a](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: DoCenter [21b](#), N [23bc](#), NCOL [131a](#), Nsubset [26b](#), Offset0 [21b](#), P [24a](#), Q [24e](#), RC_KronSums [95b](#), subset [26ade](#), weights [25b](#), weights, [25cd](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#), y [24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle RC_KronSums \text{ Prototype } 95a \rangle \equiv$

```
void RC_KronSums
(
     $\langle RC \text{ KronSums Input } 95c \rangle$ 
     $\langle R \text{ weights Input } 25b \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R \text{ subset Input } 26a \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C \text{ subset range Input } 26c \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C \text{ KronSums Answer } 96a \rangle$ 
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [95b](#).

Uses: [RC_KronSums 95b](#).

$\langle RC_KronSums \text{ } 95b \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle RC\_KronSums \text{ Prototype } 95a \rangle$ 
{
    if (typeof(x) == INTSXP) {
         $\langle KronSums \text{ Integer } x \text{ } 96b \rangle$ 
    } else {
         $\langle KronSums \text{ Double } x \text{ } 97a \rangle$ 
    }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: [RC_KronSums 77d](#), [84a](#), [88a](#), [94b](#), [95a](#).

Uses: [x 23d](#), [24bc](#).

$\langle RC \text{ KronSums Input } 95c \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle R \text{ } x \text{ Input } 23d \rangle$ 
 $\langle C \text{ integer } N \text{ Input } 23c \rangle$ ,
 $\langle C \text{ integer } P \text{ Input } 24a \rangle$ ,
 $\langle C \text{ real } y \text{ Input } 24f \rangle$ 
const int SYMMETRIC,
double *centerx,
double *centery,
const int CENTER,
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [95a](#).

$\langle C \text{ KronSums Input } 95d \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle C \text{ real } x \text{ Input } 24b \rangle$ 
 $\langle C \text{ real } y \text{ Input } 24f \rangle$ 
const int SYMMETRIC,
double *centerx,
double *centery,
const int CENTER,
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [97bc](#), [98ab](#).

$\langle C \text{ KronSums Answer } 96a \rangle \equiv$

```
double *PQ_ans
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [77c](#), [83b](#), [87b](#), [95a](#), [97bc](#), [98ab](#), [100bcd](#), [101a](#), [103a](#), [104ab](#), [105ab](#).

$\langle \text{KronSums Integer } x \text{ } 96b \rangle \equiv$

```
if (SYMMETRIC) error("not implemented");
if (CENTER) error("not implemented");
if (TYPEOF(weights) == INTSXP) {
  if (TYPEOF(subset) == INTSXP) {
    C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_isubset(INTEGER(x), N, P, y, Q,
      INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
      offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
  } else {
    C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_dsubset(INTEGER(x), N, P, y, Q,
      INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
      offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
  }
} else {
  if (TYPEOF(subset) == INTSXP) {
    C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_isubset(INTEGER(x), N, P, y, Q,
      REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
      offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
  } else {
    C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_dsubset(INTEGER(x), N, P, y, Q,
      REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
      offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
  }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [95b](#).

Uses: `C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_dsubset` [100b](#), `C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_isubset` [101a](#),
`C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_dsubset` [100c](#), `C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_isubset` [100d](#), `N` [23bc](#), `Nsubset` [26b](#),
`offset` [26c](#), `P` [24a](#), `Q` [24e](#), `subset` [26ade](#), `weights` [25b](#), `x` [23d](#), [24bc](#), `y` [24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle \text{KronSums Double } x \text{ 97a} \rangle \equiv$

```

if (typeof(weights) == INTSXP) {
  if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
    C_KronSums_iweights_isubset(REAL(x), N, P, y, Q, SYMMETRIC, centerx, centery, CENTER,
      INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
      offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
  } else {
    C_KronSums_iweights_dsubset(REAL(x), N, P, y, Q, SYMMETRIC, centerx, centery, CENTER,
      INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
      offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
  }
} else {
  if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
    C_KronSums_dweights_isubset(REAL(x), N, P, y, Q, SYMMETRIC, centerx, centery, CENTER,
      REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
      offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
  } else {
    C_KronSums_dweights_dsubset(REAL(x), N, P, y, Q, SYMMETRIC, centerx, centery, CENTER,
      REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
      offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
  }
}
}

```

Fragment referenced in [95b](#).

Uses: [C_KronSums_dweights_dsubset 97b](#), [C_KronSums_dweights_isubset 98b](#), [C_KronSums_iweights_dsubset 97c](#),
[C_KronSums_iweights_isubset 98a](#), [N 23bc](#), [Nsubset 26b](#), [offset 26c](#), [P 24a](#), [Q 24e](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#),
[x 23d](#), [24bc](#), [y 24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle \text{C_KronSums_dweights_dsubset 97b} \rangle \equiv$

```

void C_KronSums_dweights_dsubset
(
   $\langle \text{C KronSums Input 95d} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{C real weights Input 25d} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{C real subset Input 26e} \rangle$ ,
   $\langle \text{C KronSums Answer 96a} \rangle$ 
) {
  double *s, *w;
   $\langle \text{KronSums Body 99} \rangle$ 
}

```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: [C_KronSums_dweights_dsubset 97a](#).

$\langle \text{C_KronSums_iweights_dsubset 97c} \rangle \equiv$

```

void C_KronSums_iweights_dsubset
(
   $\langle \text{C KronSums Input 95d} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{C integer weights Input 25c} \rangle$ 
   $\langle \text{C real subset Input 26e} \rangle$ ,
   $\langle \text{C KronSums Answer 96a} \rangle$ 
) {
  double *s;
  int *w;
   $\langle \text{KronSums Body 99} \rangle$ 
}

```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: [C_KronSums_iweights_dsubset 97a](#).

$\langle C_KronSums_iweights_isubset\ 98a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_KronSums_iweights_isubset
(
   $\langle C\ KronSums\ Input\ 95d \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ integer\ weights\ Input\ 25c \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\ KronSums\ Answer\ 96a \rangle$ 
) {
  int *s, *w;
   $\langle KronSums\ Body\ 99 \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: C_KronSums_iweights_isubset [97a](#).

$\langle C_KronSums_dweights_isubset\ 98b \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_KronSums_dweights_isubset
(
   $\langle C\ KronSums\ Input\ 95d \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ real\ weights\ Input\ 25d \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\ KronSums\ Answer\ 96a \rangle$ 
) {
  int *s;
  double *w;
   $\langle KronSums\ Body\ 99 \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: C_KronSums_dweights_isubset [97a](#).

$\langle \text{KronSums Body } 99 \rangle \equiv$

```

double *xx, *yy, cx = 0.0, cy = 0.0, *thisPQ_ans;
int idx;

for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
  for (int q = (SYMMETRIC ? p : 0); q < Q; q++) {
    /* SYMMETRIC is column-wise, default
       is row-wise (maybe need to change this) */
    if (SYMMETRIC) {
      idx = S(p, q, P);
    } else {
      idx = q * P + p;
    }
    PQ_ans[idx] = 0.0;
    thisPQ_ans = PQ_ans + idx;
    yy = y + N * q;
    xx = x + N * p;

    if (CENTER) {
      cx = centerx[p];
      cy = centery[q];
    }
     $\langle \text{init subset loop } 88b \rangle$ 
     $\langle \text{start subset loop } 88c \rangle$ 
    {
      xx = xx + diff;
      yy = yy + diff;
      if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
        w = w + diff;
        if (CENTER) {
          thisPQ_ans[0] += (xx[0] - cx) * (yy[0] - cy) * w[0];
        } else {
          thisPQ_ans[0] += xx[0] * yy[0] * w[0];
        }
      } else {
        if (CENTER) {
          thisPQ_ans[0] += (xx[0] - cx) * (yy[0] - cy);
        } else {
          thisPQ_ans[0] += xx[0] * yy[0];
        }
      }
       $\langle \text{continue subset loop } 89a \rangle$ 
    }
    xx = xx + diff;
    yy = yy + diff;
    if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
      w = w + diff;
      thisPQ_ans[0] += (xx[0] - cx) * (yy[0] - cy) * w[0];
    } else {
      thisPQ_ans[0] += (xx[0] - cx) * (yy[0] - cy);
    }
  }
}

```

Fragment referenced in [97bc](#), [98ab](#).

Uses: HAS_WEIGHTS [25cd](#), N [23bc](#), P [24a](#), Q [24e](#), S [21a](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#), y [24df](#), [25a](#).

Xfactor Kronecker Sums

$\langle C \text{ XfactorKronSums Input 100a} \rangle \equiv$

$\langle C \text{ integer } x \text{ Input 24c} \rangle$
 $\langle C \text{ real } y \text{ Input 24f} \rangle$
 \diamond

Fragment referenced in [100bcd](#), [101a](#).

$\langle C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_dsubset 100b \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_dsubset
(
     $\langle C \text{ XfactorKronSums Input 100a} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C \text{ real weights Input 25d} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C \text{ real subset Input 26e} \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C \text{ KronSums Answer 96a} \rangle$ 
) {
    double *s, *w;
     $\langle XfactorKronSums Body 101b \rangle$ 
}
```

\diamond

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: `C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_dsubset` [96b](#).

$\langle C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_dsubset 100c \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_dsubset
(
     $\langle C \text{ XfactorKronSums Input 100a} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C \text{ integer weights Input 25c} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C \text{ real subset Input 26e} \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C \text{ KronSums Answer 96a} \rangle$ 
) {
    double *s;
    int *w;
     $\langle XfactorKronSums Body 101b \rangle$ 
}
```

\diamond

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: `C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_dsubset` [96b](#).

$\langle C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_isubset 100d \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_isubset
(
     $\langle C \text{ XfactorKronSums Input 100a} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C \text{ integer weights Input 25c} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C \text{ integer subset Input 26d} \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C \text{ KronSums Answer 96a} \rangle$ 
) {
    int *s, *w;
     $\langle XfactorKronSums Body 101b \rangle$ 
}
```

\diamond

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: `C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_isubset` [96b](#).

$\langle C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_isubset\ 101a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_isubset
(
   $\langle C\ XfactorKronSums\ Input\ 100a \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ real\ weights\ Input\ 25d \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\ KronSums\ Answer\ 96a \rangle$ 
) {
  int *s;
  double *w;
   $\langle XfactorKronSums\ Body\ 101b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: `C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_isubset` [96b](#).

$\langle XfactorKronSums\ Body\ 101b \rangle \equiv$

```
int *xx, ixi;
double *yy;

for (int p = 0; p < mPQB(P, Q, 1); p++) PQ_ans[p] = 0.0;

for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++) {
  yy = y + N * q;
  xx = x;
   $\langle init\ subset\ loop\ 88b \rangle$ 
   $\langle start\ subset\ loop\ 88c \rangle$ 
  {
    xx = xx + diff;
    yy = yy + diff;
    ixi = xx[0] - 1;
    if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
      w = w + diff;
      if (ixi >= 0)
        PQ_ans[ixi + q * P] += yy[0] * w[0];
    } else {
      if (ixi >= 0)
        PQ_ans[ixi + q * P] += yy[0];
    }
     $\langle continue\ subset\ loop\ 89a \rangle$ 
  }
  xx = xx + diff;
  yy = yy + diff;
  ixi = xx[0] - 1;
  if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
    w = w + diff;
    if (ixi >= 0)
      PQ_ans[ixi + q * P] += yy[0] * w[0];
  } else {
    if (ixi >= 0)
      PQ_ans[ixi + q * P] += yy[0];
  }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [100bcd](#), [101a](#).

Uses: `HAS_WEIGHTS` [25cd](#), `mPQB` [132b](#), `N` [23bc](#), `P` [24a](#), `Q` [24e](#), `x` [23d](#), [24bc](#), `y` [24df](#), [25a](#).

Permuted Kronecker Sums

```
> a0 <- colSums(x[subset, r1] * y[subsety, r2])
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin::R_KronSums_Permutation, x, P, y, subset, subsety)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin::R_KronSums_Permutation, x, P, y, as.double(subset), as.double(subsety))
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2))
> a0 <- as.vector(colSums(Xfactor[subset, r1Xfactor] * y[subsety, r2Xfactor]))
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin::R_KronSums_Permutation, ix, Lx, y, subset, subsety)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin::R_KronSums_Permutation, ix, Lx, y, as.double(subset), as.double(subsety))
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2))
```

$\langle R_KronSums_Permutation \text{ Prototype } 102a \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_KronSums_Permutation
(
   $\langle R \text{ } x \text{ Input } 23d \rangle$ 
  SEXP P,
   $\langle R \text{ } y \text{ Input } 24d \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ } subset \text{ Input } 26a \rangle$ ,
  SEXP subsety
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [102b](#).

Uses: P [24a](#), R_KronSums_Permutation [102b](#).

$\langle R_KronSums_Permutation \text{ } 102b \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle R\_KronSums\_Permutation \text{ Prototype } 102a \rangle$ 
{
  SEXP ans;
   $\langle C \text{ integer } Q \text{ Input } 24e \rangle$ ;
   $\langle C \text{ integer } N \text{ Input } 23c \rangle$ ;
   $\langle C \text{ integer } Nsubset \text{ Input } 26b \rangle$ ;

  Q = NCOL(y);
  N = XLENGTH(y) / Q;
  Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);

  PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, INTEGER(P)[0] * Q));
  RC_KronSums_Permutation(x, N, INTEGER(P)[0], REAL(y), Q, subset, Offset0, Nsubset,
                        subsety, REAL(ans));
  UNPROTECT(1);
  return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: R_KronSums_Permutation [102a](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: N [23bc](#), NCOL [131a](#), Nsubset [26b](#), Offset0 [21b](#), P [24a](#), Q [24e](#), RC_KronSums_Permutation [103b](#), subset [26ade](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#), y [24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle RC_KronSums_Permutation \text{ Prototype } 103a \rangle \equiv$

```
void RC_KronSums_Permutation
(
   $\langle R \text{ } x \text{ Input } 23d \rangle$ 
   $\langle C \text{ integer } N \text{ Input } 23c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ integer } P \text{ Input } 24a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ real } y \text{ Input } 24f \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ subset Input } 26a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ subset range Input } 26c \rangle$ ,
  SEXP subsety,
   $\langle C \text{ KronSums Answer } 96a \rangle$ 
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 103b.

Uses: RC_KronSums_Permutation 103b.

$\langle RC_KronSums_Permutation \text{ } 103b \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle RC\_KronSums\_Permutation \text{ Prototype } 103a \rangle$ 
{
  if (typeof(x) == INTSXP) {
    if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
      C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_isubset(INTEGER(x), N, P, y, Q,
                                             INTEGER(subset), offset, Nsubset,
                                             INTEGER(subsety), PQ_ans);
    } else {
      C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_dsubset(INTEGER(x), N, P, y, Q,
                                             REAL(subset), offset, Nsubset,
                                             REAL(subsety), PQ_ans);
    }
  } else {
    if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
      C_KronSums_Permutation_isubset(REAL(x), N, P, y, Q,
                                      INTEGER(subset), offset, Nsubset,
                                      INTEGER(subsety), PQ_ans);
    } else {
      C_KronSums_Permutation_dsubset(REAL(x), N, P, y, Q,
                                      REAL(subset), offset, Nsubset,
                                      REAL(subsety), PQ_ans);
    }
  }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 93b.

Defines: RC_KronSums_Permutation 37, 102b, 103a.

Uses: C_KronSums_Permutation_dsubset 104a, C_KronSums_Permutation_isubset 104b,
 C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_dsubset 105a, C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_isubset 105b, N 23bc,
 Nsubset 26b, offset 26c, P 24a, Q 24e, subset 26ade, x 23d, 24bc, y 24df, 25a.

$\langle C_KronSums_Permutation_dsubset\ 104a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_KronSums_Permutation_dsubset
(
     $\langle C\ real\ x\ Input\ 24b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ real\ y\ Input\ 24f \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ ,
    double *subsety,
     $\langle C\ KronSums\ Answer\ 96a \rangle$ 
) {
     $\langle KronSums\ Permutation\ Body\ 104c \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: C_KronSums_Permutation_dsubset [103b](#).

$\langle C_KronSums_Permutation_isubset\ 104b \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_KronSums_Permutation_isubset
(
     $\langle C\ real\ x\ Input\ 24b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ real\ y\ Input\ 24f \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
    int *subsety,
     $\langle C\ KronSums\ Answer\ 96a \rangle$ 
) {
     $\langle KronSums\ Permutation\ Body\ 104c \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: C_KronSums_Permutation_isubset [103b](#).

Because **subset** might not be ordered (in the presence of blocks) we have to go through all elements explicitly here.

$\langle KronSums\ Permutation\ Body\ 104c \rangle \equiv$

```
R_xlen_t qP, qN, pN, qPp;

for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++) {
    qN = q * N;
    qP = q * P;
    for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
        qPp = qP + p;
        PQ_ans[qPp] = 0.0;
        pN = p * N;
        for (R_xlen_t i = offset; i < Nsubset; i++)
            PQ_ans[qPp] += y[qN + (R_xlen_t) subsety[i] - 1] *
                           x[pN + (R_xlen_t) subset[i] - 1];
    }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [104ab](#).

Uses: N [23bc](#), Nsubset [26b](#), offset [26c](#), P [24a](#), Q [24e](#), subset [26ade](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#), y [24df](#), [25a](#).

Xfactor Permuted Kronecker Sums

$\langle C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_dsubset\ 105a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_dsubset
(
     $\langle C\ integer\ x\ Input\ 24c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ real\ y\ Input\ 24f \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ ,
    double *subsety,
     $\langle C\ KronSums\ Answer\ 96a \rangle$ 
) {
     $\langle XfactorKronSums\ Permutation\ Body\ 105c \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_dsubset [103b](#).

$\langle C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_isubset\ 105b \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_isubset
(
     $\langle C\ integer\ x\ Input\ 24c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ real\ y\ Input\ 24f \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
    int *subsety,
     $\langle C\ KronSums\ Answer\ 96a \rangle$ 
) {
     $\langle XfactorKronSums\ Permutation\ Body\ 105c \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [93b](#).

Defines: C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_isubset [103b](#).

$\langle XfactorKronSums\ Permutation\ Body\ 105c \rangle \equiv$

```
R_xlen_t qP, qN;

for (int p = 0; p < mPQB(P, Q, 1); p++) PQ_ans[p] = 0.0;

for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++) {
    qP = q * P;
    qN = q * N;
    for (R_xlen_t i = offset; i < Nsubset; i++)
        PQ_ans[x[(R_xlen_t) subset[i] - 1] - 1 + qP] += y[qN + (R_xlen_t) subsety[i] - 1];
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [105ab](#).

Uses: mPQB [132b](#), N [23bc](#), Nsubset [26b](#), offset [26c](#), P [24a](#), Q [24e](#), subset [26ade](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#), y [24df](#), [25a](#).

3.9.3 Column Sums

$\langle \text{colSums } 106a \rangle \equiv$

```

     $\langle C\_colSums\_dweights\_dsubset \ 108b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_colSums\_iweights\_dsubset \ 108c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_colSums\_iweights\_isubset \ 108d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_colSums\_dweights\_isubset \ 109a \rangle$ 
     $\langle RC\_colSums \ 107b \rangle$ 
     $\langle R\_colSums \ 106c \rangle$ 
     $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

```

> a0 <- colSums(x[subset, ] * weights[subset])
> a1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_colSums, x, weights, subset)
> a2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_colSums, x, as.double(weights), as.double(subset))
> a3 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_colSums, x, weights, as.double(subset))
> a4 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_colSums, x, as.double(weights), subset)
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4))

```

$\langle R_colSums \text{ Prototype } 106b \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP R_colSums
(
     $\langle R \ x \text{ Input } 23d \rangle$ 
     $\langle R \ weights \text{ Input } 25b \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R \ subset \text{ Input } 26a \rangle$ 
)
     $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [106c](#).

Uses: [R_colSums 106c](#).

$\langle R_colSums \ 106c \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_colSums \text{ Prototype } 106b \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans;
    int P;
     $\langle C \ integer \ N \text{ Input } 23c \rangle$ ;
     $\langle C \ integer \ Nsubset \text{ Input } 26b \rangle$ ;
    double center;

    P = NCOL(x);
    N = XLENGTH(x) / P;
    Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);

    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, P));
    RC_colSums(REAL(x), N, P, Power1, &center, !DoCenter, weights, subset, Offset0,
               Nsubset, REAL(ans));
    UNPROTECT(1);
    return(ans);
}
     $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [106a](#).

Defines: [R_colSums 106b](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: [DoCenter 21b](#), [N 23bc](#), [NCOL 131a](#), [Nsubset 26b](#), [Offset0 21b](#), [P 24a](#), [Power1 21b](#), [RC_colSums 107b](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#).

$\langle RC_colSums \text{ Prototype } 107a \rangle \equiv$

```
void RC_colSums
(
   $\langle C \text{ colSums Input } 107c \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ weights Input } 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ subset Input } 26a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ subset range Input } 26c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ colSums Answer } 108a \rangle$ 
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [107b](#).

Uses: RC_colSums [107b](#).

$\langle RC_colSums \text{ } 107b \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle RC\_colSums \text{ Prototype } 107a \rangle$ 
{
  if (typeof(weights) == INTSXP) {
    if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
      C_colSums_iweights_isubset(x, N, P, power, centerx, CENTER,
                                INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
                                offset, Nsubset, P_ans);
    } else {
      C_colSums_iweights_dsubset(x, N, P, power, centerx, CENTER,
                                INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
                                offset, Nsubset, P_ans);
    }
  } else {
    if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
      C_colSums_dweights_isubset(x, N, P, power, centerx, CENTER,
                                REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
                                offset, Nsubset, P_ans);
    } else {
      C_colSums_dweights_dsubset(x, N, P, power, centerx, CENTER,
                                REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
                                offset, Nsubset, P_ans);
    }
  }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [106a](#).

Defines: RC_colSums [81c](#), [84a](#), [85b](#), [88a](#), [106c](#), [107a](#).

Uses: C_colSums_dweights_dsubset [108b](#), C_colSums_dweights_isubset [109a](#), C_colSums_iweights_dsubset [108c](#),
C_colSums_iweights_isubset [108d](#), N [23bc](#), Nsubset [26b](#), offset [26c](#), P [24a](#), subset [26ade](#), weights [25b](#), x [23d](#),
[24bc](#).

$\langle C \text{ colSums Input } 107c \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle C \text{ real } x \text{ Input } 24b \rangle$ 
const int power,
double *centerx,
const int CENTER,
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [107a](#), [108bcd](#), [109a](#).

$\langle C_colSums_Answer\ 108a \rangle \equiv$

```
double *P_ans
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [81b](#), [107a](#), [108bcd](#), [109a](#).

$\langle C_colSums_dweights_dsubset\ 108b \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_colSums_dweights_dsubset
(
     $\langle C\_colSums\_Input\ 107c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_real\ weights\ Input\ 25d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\_colSums\_Answer\ 108a \rangle$ 
) {
    double *s, *w;
     $\langle colSums\ Body\ 109b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [106a](#).

Defines: `C_colSums_dweights_dsubset` [107b](#).

$\langle C_colSums_iweights_dsubset\ 108c \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_colSums_iweights_dsubset
(
     $\langle C\_colSums\_Input\ 107c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_integer\ weights\ Input\ 25c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\_colSums\_Answer\ 108a \rangle$ 
) {
    double *s;
    int *w;
     $\langle colSums\ Body\ 109b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [106a](#).

Defines: `C_colSums_iweights_dsubset` [107b](#).

$\langle C_colSums_iweights_isubset\ 108d \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_colSums_iweights_isubset
(
     $\langle C\_colSums\_Input\ 107c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_integer\ weights\ Input\ 25c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\_colSums\_Answer\ 108a \rangle$ 
) {
    int *s, *w;
     $\langle colSums\ Body\ 109b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [106a](#).

Defines: `C_colSums_iweights_isubset` [107b](#).

$\langle C_colSums_dweights_isubset\ 109a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_colSums_dweights_isubset
(
   $\langle C\ colSums\ Input\ 107c \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ real\ weights\ Input\ 25d \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\ colSums\ Answer\ 108a \rangle$ 
) {
  int *s;
  double *w;
   $\langle colSums\ Body\ 109b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 106a.

Defines: C_colSums_dweights_isubset 107b.

$\langle colSums\ Body\ 109b \rangle \equiv$

```
double *xx, cx = 0.0;

for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
  P_ans[0] = 0.0;
  xx = x + N * p;
  if (CENTER) {
    cx = centerx[p];
  }
   $\langle init\ subset\ loop\ 88b \rangle$ 
   $\langle start\ subset\ loop\ 88c \rangle$ 
  {
    xx = xx + diff;
    if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
      w = w + diff;
      P_ans[0] += pow(xx[0] - cx, power) * w[0];
    } else {
      P_ans[0] += pow(xx[0] - cx, power);
    }
     $\langle continue\ subset\ loop\ 89a \rangle$ 
  }
  xx = xx + diff;
  if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
    w = w + diff;
    P_ans[0] += pow(xx[0] - cx, power) * w[0];
  } else {
    P_ans[0] += pow(xx[0] - cx, power);
  }
  P_ans++;
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 108bcd, 109a.

Uses: HAS_WEIGHTS 25cd, N 23bc, P 24a, x 23d, 24bc.

3.9.4 Tables

OneTable Sums

$\langle \text{Tables 110a} \rangle \equiv$

```

     $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_dweights\_dsubset \text{ 112d} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_iweights\_dsubset \text{ 113a} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_iweights\_isubset \text{ 113b} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_dweights\_isubset \text{ 113c} \rangle$ 
     $\langle RC\_OneTableSums \text{ 112a} \rangle$ 
     $\langle R\_OneTableSums \text{ 111a} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_TwoTableSums\_dweights\_dsubset \text{ 117a} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_TwoTableSums\_iweights\_dsubset \text{ 117b} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_TwoTableSums\_iweights\_isubset \text{ 117c} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_TwoTableSums\_dweights\_isubset \text{ 118a} \rangle$ 
     $\langle RC\_TwoTableSums \text{ 116a} \rangle$ 
     $\langle R\_TwoTableSums \text{ 115a} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_ThreeTableSums\_dweights\_dsubset \text{ 121b} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_ThreeTableSums\_iweights\_dsubset \text{ 121c} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_ThreeTableSums\_iweights\_isubset \text{ 121d} \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_ThreeTableSums\_dweights\_isubset \text{ 122a} \rangle$ 
     $\langle RC\_ThreeTableSums \text{ 120b} \rangle$ 
     $\langle R\_ThreeTableSums \text{ 119b} \rangle$ 

```

◇

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

```

> a0 <- as.vector(xtabs(weights ~ ix, subset = subset))
> a1 <- ctabs(ix, weights = weights, subset = subset)[-1]
> a2 <- ctabs(ix, weights = as.double(weights), subset = as.double(subset))[-1]
> a3 <- ctabs(ix, weights = weights, subset = as.double(subset))[-1]
> a4 <- ctabs(ix, weights = as.double(weights), subset = subset)[-1]
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4))

```

$\langle R_OneTableSums \text{ Prototype 110b} \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP R_OneTableSums
(
     $\langle R \text{ x Input } \text{23d} \rangle$ 
     $\langle R \text{ weights Input } \text{25b} \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R \text{ subset Input } \text{26a} \rangle$ 
)

```

◇

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [111a](#).

Uses: `R_OneTableSums` [111a](#).

$\langle R_OneTableSums\ 111a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_OneTableSums\ Prototype\ 110b \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans;
     $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ;
     $\langle C\ integer\ Nsubset\ Input\ 26b \rangle$ ;
    int P;

    N = XLENGTH(x);
    Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);
    P = NLEVELS(x) + 1;

    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, P));
    RC_OneTableSums(INTEGER(x), N, P, weights, subset,
                    Offset0, Nsubset, REAL(ans));
    UNPROTECT(1);
    return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 110a.

Defines: R_OneTableSums 15b, 110b, 123c, 154, 155.

Uses: N 23bc, NLEVELS 131b, Nsubset 26b, Offset0 21b, P 24a, RC_OneTableSums 112a, subset 26ade, weights 25b, weights, 25cd, x 23d, 24bc.

$\langle RC_OneTableSums\ Prototype\ 111b \rangle \equiv$

```

void RC_OneTableSums
(
     $\langle C\ OneTableSums\ Input\ 112b \rangle$ 
     $\langle R\ weights\ Input\ 25b \rangle$ ,
     $\langle R\ subset\ Input\ 26a \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ subset\ range\ Input\ 26c \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ OneTableSums\ Answer\ 112c \rangle$ 
)

```

Fragment referenced in 112a.

Uses: RC_OneTableSums 112a.

$\langle RC_OneTableSums\ 112a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle RC\_OneTableSums\ Prototype\ 111b \rangle$ 
{
  if (typeof(weights) == INTSXP) {
    if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
      C_OneTableSums_iweights_isubset(x, N, P,
                                     INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
                                     offset, Nsubset, P_ans);
    } else {
      C_OneTableSums_iweights_dsubset(x, N, P,
                                     INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
                                     offset, Nsubset, P_ans);
    }
  } else {
    if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
      C_OneTableSums_dweights_isubset(x, N, P,
                                     REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
                                     offset, Nsubset, P_ans);
    } else {
      C_OneTableSums_dweights_dsubset(x, N, P,
                                     REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
                                     offset, Nsubset, P_ans);
    }
  }
}

```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).

Defines: [RC_OneTableSums 34a](#), [37](#), [85b](#), [111ab](#).

Uses: [C_OneTableSums_dweights_dsubset 112d](#), [C_OneTableSums_dweights_isubset 113c](#),
[C_OneTableSums_iweights_dsubset 113a](#), [C_OneTableSums_iweights_isubset 113b](#), [N 23bc](#), [Nsubset 26b](#),
[offset 26c](#), [P 24a](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#).

$\langle C_OneTableSums\ Input\ 112b \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle C\ integer\ x\ Input\ 24c \rangle$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [111b](#), [112d](#), [113abc](#).

$\langle C_OneTableSums\ Answer\ 112c \rangle \equiv$

```

double *P_ans

```

Fragment referenced in [85a](#), [111b](#), [112d](#), [113abc](#).

$\langle C_OneTableSums_dweights_dsubset\ 112d \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_OneTableSums_dweights_dsubset
(
     $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_Input\ 112b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_real\ weights\ Input\ 25d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_Answer\ 112c \rangle$ 
) {
    double *s, *w;
     $\langle OneTableSums\_Body\ 114a \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).

Defines: `C_OneTableSums_dweights_dsubset` [112a](#).

$\langle C_OneTableSums_iweights_dsubset\ 113a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_OneTableSums_iweights_dsubset
(
     $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_Input\ 112b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_integer\ weights\ Input\ 25c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_Answer\ 112c \rangle$ 
) {
    double *s;
    int *w;
     $\langle OneTableSums\_Body\ 114a \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).

Defines: `C_OneTableSums_iweights_dsubset` [112a](#).

$\langle C_OneTableSums_iweights_isubset\ 113b \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_OneTableSums_iweights_isubset
(
     $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_Input\ 112b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_integer\ weights\ Input\ 25c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_Answer\ 112c \rangle$ 
) {
    int *s, *w;
     $\langle OneTableSums\_Body\ 114a \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).

Defines: `C_OneTableSums_iweights_isubset` [112a](#).

$\langle C_OneTableSums_dweights_isubset \ 113c \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_OneTableSums_dweights_isubset
(
   $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_Input \ 112b \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\_real\_weights\_Input \ 25d \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\_integer\_subset\_Input \ 26d \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\_OneTableSums\_Answer \ 112c \rangle$ 
) {
  int *s;
  double *w;
   $\langle OneTableSums\_Body \ 114a \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).

Defines: `C_OneTableSums_dweights_isubset` [112a](#).

$\langle OneTableSums_Body \ 114a \rangle \equiv$

```
int *xx;

for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) P_ans[p] = 0.0;

xx = x;
 $\langle init\_subset\_loop \ 88b \rangle$ 
 $\langle start\_subset\_loop \ 88c \rangle$ 
{
  xx = xx + diff;
  if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
    w = w + diff;
    P_ans[xx[0]] += (double) w[0];
  } else {
    P_ans[xx[0]]++;
  }
   $\langle continue\_subset\_loop \ 89a \rangle$ 
}
xx = xx + diff;
if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
  w = w + diff;
  P_ans[xx[0]] += w[0];
} else {
  P_ans[xx[0]]++;
}
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [112d](#), [113abc](#).

Uses: `HAS_WEIGHTS` [25cd](#), `P` [24a](#), `x` [23d](#), [24bc](#).

TwoTable Sums

```
> a0 <- xtabs(weights ~ ixf + iyf, subset = subset)
> class(a0) <- "matrix"
> dimnames(a0) <- NULL
> attributes(a0)$call <- NULL
> a1 <- ctabs(ix, iy, weights = weights, subset = subset)[-1, -1]
> a2 <- ctabs(ix, iy, weights = as.double(weights),
+           subset = as.double(subset))[-1, -1]
> a3 <- ctabs(ix, iy, weights = weights, subset = as.double(subset))[-1, -1]
> a4 <- ctabs(ix, iy, weights = as.double(weights), subset = subset)[-1, -1]
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4))
```

$\langle R_TwoTableSums \text{ Prototype } 114b \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_TwoTableSums
(
   $\langle R \text{ } x \text{ Input } 23d \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ } y \text{ Input } 24d \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ } weights \text{ Input } 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ } subset \text{ Input } 26a \rangle$ 
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [115a](#).

Uses: [R_TwoTableSums 115a](#).

$\langle R_TwoTableSums \text{ } 115a \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle R\_TwoTableSums \text{ Prototype } 114b \rangle$ 
{
  SEXP ans, dim;
   $\langle C \text{ integer } N \text{ Input } 23c \rangle$ ;
   $\langle C \text{ integer } Nsubset \text{ Input } 26b \rangle$ ;
  int P, Q;

  N = XLENGTH(x);
  Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);
  P = NLEVELS(x) + 1;
  Q = NLEVELS(y) + 1;

  PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, mPQB(P, Q, 1)));
  PROTECT(dim = allocVector(INTSXP, 2));
  INTEGER(dim)[0] = P;
  INTEGER(dim)[1] = Q;
  dimgets(ans, dim);
  RC_TwoTableSums(INTEGER(x), N, P, INTEGER(y), Q,
                  weights, subset, Offset0, Nsubset, REAL(ans));
  UNPROTECT(2);
  return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).

Defines: [R_TwoTableSums 15b](#), [114b](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: [mPQB 132b](#), [N 23bc](#), [NLEVELS 131b](#), [Nsubset 26b](#), [Offset0 21b](#), [P 24a](#), [Q 24e](#), [RC_TwoTableSums 116a](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#), [y 24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle RC_TwoTableSums \text{ Prototype } 115b \rangle \equiv$

```
void RC_TwoTableSums
(
   $\langle C \text{ TwoTableSums Input } 116b \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ } weights \text{ Input } 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ } subset \text{ Input } 26a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ subset range Input } 26c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ TwoTableSums Answer } 116c \rangle$ 
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [116a](#).

Uses: [RC_TwoTableSums 116a](#).

$\langle RC_TwoTableSums\ 116a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle RC\_TwoTableSums\ Prototype\ 115b \rangle$ 
{
    if (typeof(weights) == INTSXP) {
        if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
            C_TwoTableSums_iweights_isubset(x, N, P, y, Q,
                                             INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
                                             offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
        } else {
            C_TwoTableSums_iweights_dsubset(x, N, P, y, Q,
                                             INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
                                             offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
        }
    } else {
        if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
            C_TwoTableSums_dweights_isubset(x, N, P, y, Q,
                                             REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
                                             offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
        } else {
            C_TwoTableSums_dweights_dsubset(x, N, P, y, Q,
                                             REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
                                             offset, Nsubset, PQ_ans);
        }
    }
}

```

Fragment referenced in 110a.

Defines: `RC_TwoTableSums` 41a, 115ab.

Uses: `C_TwoTableSums_dweights_dsubset` 117a, `C_TwoTableSums_dweights_isubset` 118a,
`C_TwoTableSums_iweights_dsubset` 117b, `C_TwoTableSums_iweights_isubset` 117c, `N` 23bc, `Nsubset` 26b,
`offset` 26c, `P` 24a, `Q` 24e, `subset` 26ade, `weights` 25b, `x` 23d, 24bc, `y` 24df, 25a.

$\langle C\ TwoTableSums\ Input\ 116b \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle C\ integer\ x\ Input\ 24c \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\ integer\ y\ Input\ 25a \rangle$ 

```

Fragment referenced in 115b, 117abc, 118a.

$\langle C\ TwoTableSums\ Answer\ 116c \rangle \equiv$

```

double *PQ_ans

```

Fragment referenced in 115b, 117abc, 118a.

$\langle C_TwoTableSums_dweights_dsubset\ 117a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_TwoTableSums_dweights_dsubset
(
     $\langle C\ TwoTableSums\ Input\ 116b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ real\ weights\ Input\ 25d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ TwoTableSums\ Answer\ 116c \rangle$ 
) {
    double *s, *w;
     $\langle TwoTableSums\ Body\ 118b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 110a.

Defines: C_TwoTableSums_dweights_dsubset 116a.

$\langle C_TwoTableSums_iweights_dsubset\ 117b \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_TwoTableSums_iweights_dsubset
(
     $\langle C\ TwoTableSums\ Input\ 116b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ integer\ weights\ Input\ 25c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ TwoTableSums\ Answer\ 116c \rangle$ 
) {
    double *s;
    int *w;
     $\langle TwoTableSums\ Body\ 118b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 110a.

Defines: C_TwoTableSums_iweights_dsubset 116a.

$\langle C_TwoTableSums_iweights_isubset\ 117c \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_TwoTableSums_iweights_isubset
(
     $\langle C\ TwoTableSums\ Input\ 116b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ integer\ weights\ Input\ 25c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\ integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\ TwoTableSums\ Answer\ 116c \rangle$ 
) {
    int *s, *w;
     $\langle TwoTableSums\ Body\ 118b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 110a.

Defines: C_TwoTableSums_iweights_isubset 116a.

$\langle C_TwoTableSums_dweights_isubset\ 118a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_TwoTableSums_dweights_isubset
(
   $\langle C\_TwoTableSums\ Input\ 116b \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ real\ weights\ Input\ 25d \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\_TwoTableSums\ Answer\ 116c \rangle$ 
) {
  int *s;
  double *w;
   $\langle TwoTableSums\ Body\ 118b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 110a.

Defines: C_TwoTableSums_dweights_isubset 116a.

$\langle TwoTableSums\ Body\ 118b \rangle \equiv$

```
int *xx, *yy;

for (int p = 0; p < Q * P; p++) PQ_ans[p] = 0.0;

yy = y;
xx = x;
 $\langle init\ subset\ loop\ 88b \rangle$ 
 $\langle start\ subset\ loop\ 88c \rangle$ 
{
  xx = xx + diff;
  yy = yy + diff;
  if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
    w = w + diff;
    PQ_ans[yy[0] * P + xx[0]] += (double) w[0];
  } else {
    PQ_ans[yy[0] * P + xx[0]]++;
  }
   $\langle continue\ subset\ loop\ 89a \rangle$ 
}
xx = xx + diff;
yy = yy + diff;
if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
  w = w + diff;
  PQ_ans[yy[0] * P + xx[0]] += w[0];
} else {
  PQ_ans[yy[0] * P + xx[0]]++;
}
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in 117abc, 118a.

Uses: HAS_WEIGHTS 25cd, P 24a, Q 24e, x 23d, 24bc, y 24df, 25a.

ThreeTable Sums

```
> a0 <- xtabs(weights ~ ixf + iyf + block, subset = subset)
> class(a0) <- "array"
> dimnames(a0) <- NULL
> attributes(a0)$call <- NULL
> a1 <- ctabx(ix, iy, block, weights, subset)[-1, -1,]
> a2 <- ctabx(ix, iy, block, as.double(weights), as.double(subset))[-1, -1,]
> a3 <- ctabx(ix, iy, block, weights, as.double(subset))[-1, -1,]
> a4 <- ctabx(ix, iy, block, as.double(weights), subset)[-1, -1,]
```

```
> stopifnot(isequal(a0, a1) && isequal(a0, a2) &&
+           isequal(a0, a3) && isequal(a0, a4))
```

$\langle R_ThreeTableSums \text{ Prototype } 119a \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_ThreeTableSums
(
   $\langle R \text{ } x \text{ Input } 23d \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ } y \text{ Input } 24d \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ } block \text{ Input } 26f \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ } weights \text{ Input } 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ } subset \text{ Input } 26a \rangle$ 
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [119b](#).

Uses: `R_ThreeTableSums` [119b](#).

$\langle R_ThreeTableSums \text{ } 119b \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle R\_ThreeTableSums \text{ Prototype } 119a \rangle$ 
{
  SEXP ans, dim;
   $\langle C \text{ integer } N \text{ Input } 23c \rangle$ ;
   $\langle C \text{ integer } Nsubset \text{ Input } 26b \rangle$ ;
  int P, Q, B;

  N = XLENGTH(x);
  Nsubset = XLENGTH(subset);
  P = NLEVELS(x) + 1;
  Q = NLEVELS(y) + 1;
  B = NLEVELS(block);

  PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, mPQB(P, Q, B)));
  PROTECT(dim = allocVector(INTSXP, 3));
  INTEGER(dim)[0] = P;
  INTEGER(dim)[1] = Q;
  INTEGER(dim)[2] = B;
  dimgets(ans, dim);
  RC_ThreeTableSums(INTEGER(x), N, P, INTEGER(y), Q,
                    INTEGER(block), B,
                    weights, subset, Offset0, Nsubset, REAL(ans));
  UNPROTECT(2);
  return(ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).

Defines: `R_ThreeTableSums` [15b](#), [119a](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: `B` [27a](#), `block` [26f](#), [27b](#), `mPQB` [132b](#), `N` [23bc](#), `NLEVELS` [131b](#), `Nsubset` [26b](#), `Offset0` [21b](#), `P` [24a](#), `Q` [24e](#),
`RC_ThreeTableSums` [120b](#), `subset` [26ade](#), `weights` [25b](#), `weights` [25cd](#), `x` [23d](#), [24bc](#), `y` [24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle RC_ThreeTableSums \text{ Prototype } 120a \rangle \equiv$

```
void RC_ThreeTableSums
(
   $\langle C \text{ ThreeTableSums Input } 120c \rangle$ 
   $\langle R \text{ weights Input } 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ subset Input } 26a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ subset range Input } 26c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C \text{ ThreeTableSums Answer } 121a \rangle$ 
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [120b](#).
Uses: RC_ThreeTableSums [120b](#).

$\langle RC_ThreeTableSums \text{ } 120b \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle RC\_ThreeTableSums \text{ Prototype } 120a \rangle$ 
{
  if (typeof(weights) == INTSXP) {
    if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
      C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_isubset(x, N, P, y, Q, block, B,
                                         INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
                                         offset, Nsubset, PQL_ans);
    } else {
      C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_dsubset(x, N, P, y, Q, block, B,
                                         INTEGER(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
                                         offset, Nsubset, PQL_ans);
    }
  } else {
    if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
      C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_isubset(x, N, P, y, Q, block, B,
                                         REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, INTEGER(subset),
                                         offset, Nsubset, PQL_ans);
    } else {
      C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_dsubset(x, N, P, y, Q, block, B,
                                         REAL(weights), XLENGTH(weights) > 0, REAL(subset),
                                         offset, Nsubset, PQL_ans);
    }
  }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).
Defines: RC_ThreeTableSums [41a](#), [119b](#), [120a](#).
Uses: B [27a](#), block [26f](#), [27b](#), C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_dsubset [121b](#), C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_isubset [122a](#),
C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_dsubset [121c](#), C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_isubset [121d](#), N [23bc](#), Nsubset [26b](#),
offset [26c](#), P [24a](#), Q [24e](#), subset [26ade](#), weights [25b](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#), y [24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle C \text{ ThreeTableSums Input } 120c \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle C \text{ integer } x \text{ Input } 24c \rangle$ 
 $\langle C \text{ integer } y \text{ Input } 25a \rangle$ 
 $\langle C \text{ integer block Input } 27b \rangle$ 
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [120a](#), [121bcd](#), [122a](#).

$\langle C_ThreeTableSums_Answer\ 121a \rangle \equiv$

```
double *PQL_ans
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [120a](#), [121bcd](#), [122a](#).

$\langle C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_dsubset\ 121b \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_dsubset
(
     $\langle C\_ThreeTableSums\_Input\ 120c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_real\ weights\ Input\ 25d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\_ThreeTableSums\_Answer\ 121a \rangle$ 
) {
    double *s, *w;
     $\langle ThreeTableSums\_Body\ 122b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).

Defines: `C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_dsubset` [120b](#).

$\langle C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_dsubset\ 121c \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_dsubset
(
     $\langle C\_ThreeTableSums\_Input\ 120c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_integer\ weights\ Input\ 25c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_real\ subset\ Input\ 26e \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\_ThreeTableSums\_Answer\ 121a \rangle$ 
) {
    double *s;
    int *w;
     $\langle ThreeTableSums\_Body\ 122b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).

Defines: `C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_dsubset` [120b](#).

$\langle C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_isubset\ 121d \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_isubset
(
     $\langle C\_ThreeTableSums\_Input\ 120c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_integer\ weights\ Input\ 25c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C\_ThreeTableSums\_Answer\ 121a \rangle$ 
) {
    int *s, *w;
     $\langle ThreeTableSums\_Body\ 122b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).

Defines: `C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_isubset` [120b](#).

$\langle C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_isubset\ 122a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_isubset
(
   $\langle C\ ThreeTableSums\ Input\ 120c \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ real\ weights\ Input\ 25d \rangle$ 
   $\langle C\ integer\ subset\ Input\ 26d \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\ ThreeTableSums\ Answer\ 121a \rangle$ 
) {
  int *s;
  double *w;
   $\langle ThreeTableSums\ Body\ 122b \rangle$ 
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [110a](#).

Defines: `C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_isubset` [120b](#).

$\langle ThreeTableSums\ Body\ 122b \rangle \equiv$

```
int *xx, *yy, *bb, PQ = mPQB(P, Q, 1);

for (int p = 0; p < PQ * B; p++) PQL_ans[p] = 0.0;

yy = y;
xx = x;
bb = block;
 $\langle init\ subset\ loop\ 88b \rangle$ 
 $\langle start\ subset\ loop\ 88c \rangle$ 
{
  xx = xx + diff;
  yy = yy + diff;
  bb = bb + diff;
  if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
    w = w + diff;
    PQL_ans[(bb[0] - 1) * PQ + yy[0] * P + xx[0]] += (double) w[0];
  } else {
    PQL_ans[(bb[0] - 1) * PQ + yy[0] * P + xx[0]]++;
  }
   $\langle continue\ subset\ loop\ 89a \rangle$ 
}
xx = xx + diff;
yy = yy + diff;
bb = bb + diff;
if (HAS_WEIGHTS) {
  w = w + diff;
  PQL_ans[(bb[0] - 1) * PQ + yy[0] * P + xx[0]] += w[0];
} else {
  PQL_ans[(bb[0] - 1) * PQ + yy[0] * P + xx[0]]++;
}
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [121bcd](#), [122a](#).

Uses: `B` [27a](#), `block` [26f](#), [27b](#), `HAS_WEIGHTS` [25cd](#), `mPQB` [132b](#), `P` [24a](#), `Q` [24e](#), `x` [23d](#), [24bc](#), `y` [24df](#), [25a](#).

3.10 Utilities

3.10.1 Blocks

```
> sb <- sample(block)
> ns1 <- do.call(c, tapply(subset, sb[subset], function(i) i))
```

```
> ns2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_order_subset_wrt_block, y, integer(0), subset, sb)
> stopifnot(isequal(ns1, ns2))
```

\langle *Utils 123a* $\rangle \equiv$

```

   $\langle$  C_setup_subset 125a  $\rangle$ 
   $\langle$  C_setup_subset_block 125b  $\rangle$ 
   $\langle$  C_order_subset_wrt_block 126a  $\rangle$ 
   $\langle$  RC_order_subset_wrt_block 124b  $\rangle$ 
   $\langle$  R_order_subset_wrt_block 123c  $\rangle$ 
   $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

\langle *R_order_subset_wrt_block Prototype 123b* $\rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP R_order_subset_wrt_block
(
   $\langle$  R y Input 24d  $\rangle$ 
   $\langle$  R weights Input 25b  $\rangle$ ,
   $\langle$  R subset Input 26a  $\rangle$ ,
   $\langle$  R block Input 26f  $\rangle$ 
)
 $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [123c](#).

Uses: [R_order_subset_wrt_block 123c](#).

\langle *R_order_subset_wrt_block 123c* $\rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle$  R_order_subset_wrt_block Prototype 123b  $\rangle$ 
{
   $\langle$  C integer N Input 23c  $\rangle$ ;
  SEXP blockTable, ans;

  N = XLENGTH(y) / NCOL(y);

  if (XLENGTH(weights) > 0)
    error("cannot deal with weights here");

  if (NLEVELS(block) > 1) {
    PROTECT(blockTable = R_OneTableSums(block, weights, subset));
  } else {
    PROTECT(blockTable = allocVector(REALSXP, 2));
    REAL(blockTable)[0] = 0.0;
    REAL(blockTable)[1] = RC_Sums(N, weights, subset, Offset0, XLENGTH(subset));
  }

  PROTECT(ans = RC_order_subset_wrt_block(N, subset, block, blockTable));

  UNPROTECT(2);
  return(ans);
}
 $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [123a](#).

Defines: [R_order_subset_wrt_block 123b](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: [block 26f](#), [27b](#), [blockTable 27c](#), [N 23bc](#), [NCOL 131a](#), [NLEVELS 131b](#), [Offset0 21b](#), [RC_order_subset_wrt_block 124b](#), [RC_Sums 91a](#), [R_OneTableSums 111a](#), [subset 26ade](#), [weights 25b](#), [weights, 25cd](#), [y 24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle RC_order_subset_wrt_block \text{ Prototype } 124a \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP RC_order_subset_wrt_block
(
   $\langle C \text{ integer } N \text{ Input } 23c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ subset Input } 26a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ block Input } 26f \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R \text{ blockTable Input } 27c \rangle$ 
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [124b](#).

Uses: [RC_order_subset_wrt_block 124b](#).

$\langle RC_order_subset_wrt_block \text{ } 124b \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle RC\_order\_subset\_wrt\_block \text{ Prototype } 124a \rangle$ 
{
  SEXP ans;
  int NOBLOCK = (XLENGTH(block) == 0 || XLENGTH(blockTable) == 2);

  if (XLENGTH(subset) > 0) {
    if (NOBLOCK) {
      return(subset);
    } else {
      PROTECT(ans = allocVector(TYPEOF(subset), XLENGTH(subset)));
      C_order_subset_wrt_block(subset, block, blockTable, ans);
      UNPROTECT(1);
      return(ans);
    }
  } else {
    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(TYPEOF(subset), N));
    if (NOBLOCK) {
      C_setup_subset(N, ans);
    } else {
      C_setup_subset_block(N, block, blockTable, ans);
    }
    UNPROTECT(1);
    return(ans);
  }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [123a](#).

Defines: [RC_order_subset_wrt_block 34a, 37, 123c, 124a](#).

Uses: [block 26f, 27b](#), [blockTable 27c](#), [C_order_subset_wrt_block 126a](#), [C_setup_subset 125a](#),
[C_setup_subset_block 125b](#), [N 23bc](#), [subset 26ade](#).

$\langle C_setup_subset\ 125a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_setup_subset
(
   $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ,
  SEXP ans
) {
  for (R_xlen_t i = 0; i < N; i++) {
    /* ans is R style index in 1:N */
    if (TYPEOF(ans) == INTSXP) {
      INTEGER(ans)[i] = i + 1;
    } else {
      REAL(ans)[i] = (double) i + 1;
    }
  }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [123a](#).

Defines: `C_setup_subset` [124b](#), [127a](#).

Uses: `N` [23bc](#).

$\langle C_setup_subset_block\ 125b \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_setup_subset_block
(
   $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R\ block\ Input\ 26f \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R\ blockTable\ Input\ 27c \rangle$ ,
  SEXP ans
) {
  double *cumtable;
  int Nlevels = LENGTH(blockTable);

  cumtable = R_Calloc(Nlevels, double);
  for (int k = 0; k < Nlevels; k++) cumtable[k] = 0.0;

  /* table[0] are missings, ie block == 0 ! */
  for (int k = 1; k < Nlevels; k++)
    cumtable[k] = cumtable[k - 1] + REAL(blockTable)[k - 1];

  for (R_xlen_t i = 0; i < N; i++) {
    /* ans is R style index in 1:N */
    if (TYPEOF(ans) == INTSXP) {
      INTEGER(ans)[(int) cumtable[INTEGER(block)[i]]++] = i + 1;
    } else {
      REAL(ans)[(R_xlen_t) cumtable[INTEGER(block)[i]]++] = (double) i + 1;
    }
  }

  R_Free(cumtable);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [123a](#).

Defines: `C_setup_subset_block` [124b](#).

Uses: `block` [26f](#), [27b](#), `blockTable` [27c](#), `N` [23bc](#).

$\langle C_order_subset_wrt_block\ 126a \rangle \equiv$

```

void C_order_subset_wrt_block
(
   $\langle R\ subset\ Input\ 26a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R\ block\ Input\ 26f \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R\ blockTable\ Input\ 27c \rangle$ ,
  SEXP ans
) {
  double *cumtable;
  int Nlevels = LENGTH(blockTable);

  cumtable = R_Calloc(Nlevels, double);
  for (int k = 0; k < Nlevels; k++) cumtable[k] = 0.0;

  /* table[0] are missings, ie block == 0 ! */
  for (int k = 1; k < Nlevels; k++)
    cumtable[k] = cumtable[k - 1] + REAL(blockTable)[k - 1];

  /* subset is R style index in 1:N */
  if (typeof(subset) == INTSXP) {
    for (R_xlen_t i = 0; i < XLENGTH(subset); i++)
      INTEGER(ans)[(int) cumtable[INTEGER(block)[INTEGER(subset)[i] - 1]]++] = INTEGER(subset)[i];
  } else {
    for (R_xlen_t i = 0; i < XLENGTH(subset); i++)
      REAL(ans)[(R_xlen_t) cumtable[INTEGER(block)[(R_xlen_t) REAL(subset)[i] - 1]]++] = REAL(subset)[i];
  }

  R_Free(cumtable);
}

```

Fragment referenced in [123a](#).

Defines: `C_order_subset_wrt_block` [124b](#).

Uses: `block` [26f](#), [27b](#), `blockTable` [27c](#), `N` [23bc](#), `subset` [26ade](#).

$\langle RC_setup_subset\ Prototype\ 126b \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP RC_setup_subset
(
   $\langle C\ integer\ N\ Input\ 23c \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R\ weights\ Input\ 25b \rangle$ ,
   $\langle R\ subset\ Input\ 26a \rangle$ 
)

```

Fragment referenced in [127a](#).

Uses: `RC_setup_subset` [127a](#).

Because this will only be used when really needed (in Permutations) we can be a little bit more generous with memory here. The return value is always `REALSXP`.

$\langle RC_setup_subset\ 127a \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle RC\_setup\_subset\ Prototype\ 126b \rangle$ 
{
    SEXP ans, mysubset;
    R_xlen_t sumweights;

    if (XLENGTH(subset) == 0) {
        PROTECT(mysubset = allocVector(REALSXP, N));
        C_setup_subset(N, mysubset);
    } else {
        PROTECT(mysubset = coerceVector(subset, REALSXP));
    }

    if (XLENGTH(weights) == 0) {
        UNPROTECT(1);
        return(mysubset);
    }

    sumweights = (R_xlen_t) RC_Sums(N, weights, mysubset, Offset0, XLENGTH(subset));
    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, sumweights));

    R_xlen_t itmp = 0;
    for (R_xlen_t i = 0; i < XLENGTH(mysubset); i++) {
        if (TYPEOF(weights) == REALSXP) {
            for (R_xlen_t j = 0; j < REAL(weights)[(R_xlen_t) REAL(mysubset)[i] - 1]; j++)
                REAL(ans)[itmp++] = REAL(mysubset)[i];
        } else {
            for (R_xlen_t j = 0; j < INTEGER(weights)[(R_xlen_t) REAL(mysubset)[i] - 1]; j++)
                REAL(ans)[itmp++] = REAL(mysubset)[i];
        }
    }
    UNPROTECT(2);
    return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in 127b.

Defines: RC_setup_subset 37, 126b.

Uses: C_setup_subset 125a, N 23bc, Offset0 21b, RC_Sums 91a, subset 26ade, sumweights 25e, weights 25b, weights, 25cd.

3.10.2 Permutation Helpers

$\langle Permutations\ 127b \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle RC\_setup\_subset\ 127a \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_Permute\ 128a \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_doPermute\ 128b \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_PermuteBlock\ 129a \rangle$ 
 $\langle C\_doPermuteBlock\ 129b \rangle$ 

```

Fragment referenced in 23a.

$\langle C_Permute\ 128a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_Permute
(
    double *subset,
     $\langle C\ integer\ Nsubset\ Input\ 26b \rangle$ ,
    double *ans
) {
    R_xlen_t n = Nsubset, j;

    for (R_xlen_t i = 0; i < Nsubset; i++) {
        j = n * unif_rand();
        ans[i] = subset[j];
        subset[j] = subset[--n];
    }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [127b](#).

Defines: `C_Permute` [128b](#), [129a](#).

Uses: `Nsubset` [26b](#), `subset` [26ade](#).

$\langle C_doPermute\ 128b \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_doPermute
(
    double *subset,
     $\langle C\ integer\ Nsubset\ Input\ 26b \rangle$ ,
    double *Nsubset_tmp,
    double *perm
) {
    Malloc(Nsubset_tmp, subset, Nsubset);
    C_Permute(Nsubset_tmp, Nsubset, perm);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [127b](#).

Defines: `C_doPermute` [37](#).

Uses: `C_Permute` [128a](#), `Nsubset` [26b](#), `subset` [26ade](#).

$\langle C_PermuteBlock\ 129a \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_PermuteBlock
(
    double *subset,
    double *table,
    int Nlevels,
    double *ans
) {
    double *px, *pans;

    px = subset;
    pans = ans;

    for (R_xlen_t j = 0; j < Nlevels; j++) {
        if (table[j] > 0) {
            C_Permute(px, (R_xlen_t) table[j], pans);
            px += (R_xlen_t) table[j];
            pans += (R_xlen_t) table[j];
        }
    }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [127b](#).

Defines: `C_PermuteBlock` [129b](#).

Uses: `C_Permute` [128a](#), `subset` [26ade](#).

$\langle C_doPermuteBlock\ 129b \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_doPermuteBlock
(
    double *subset,
     $\langle C\ integer\ Nsubset\ Input\ 26b \rangle$ ,
    double *table,
    int Nlevels,
    double *Nsubset_tmp,
    double *perm
) {
    Malloc(Nsubset_tmp, subset, Nsubset);
    C_PermuteBlock(Nsubset_tmp, table, Nlevels, perm);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [127b](#).

Defines: `C_doPermuteBlock` [37](#).

Uses: `C_PermuteBlock` [129a](#), `Nsubset` [26b](#), `subset` [26ade](#).

3.10.3 Other Utils

$\langle \text{MoreUtils } 130a \rangle \equiv$

$\langle \text{NROW } 130b \rangle$
 $\langle \text{NCOL } 131a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{NLEVELS } 131b \rangle$
 $\langle \text{C_kronecker } 134 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{R_kronecker } 133b \rangle$
 $\langle \text{C_kronecker_sym } 135 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{C_KronSums_sym } 136a \rangle$
 $\langle \text{C_MPinv_sym } 138 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{R_MPinv_sym } 137b \rangle$
 $\langle \text{R_unpack_sym } 140 \rangle$
 $\langle \text{R_pack_sym } 141c \rangle$
 \diamond

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

$\langle \text{NROW } 130b \rangle \equiv$

```
R_xlen_t NROW
(
    SEXP x
) {
    SEXP a;
    R_xlen_t ret;

    PROTECT(a = getAttrib(x, R_DimSymbol)); // rchk warning
    if (a == R_NilValue) {
        UNPROTECT(1);
        return(XLENGTH(x));
    }
    if (TYPEOF(a) == REALSXP) {
        ret = (R_xlen_t) REAL(a)[0];
        UNPROTECT(1);
        return(ret);
    }
    ret = (R_xlen_t) INTEGER(a)[0];
    UNPROTECT(1);
    return(ret);
}
\diamond
```

Fragment referenced in [130a](#).

Defines: [NROW 6, 8, 9ab, 14, 33a, 37, 43b, 44, 61b, 131b, 133b, 141c](#).

Uses: [x 23d, 24bc](#).

$\langle \text{NCOL } 131a \rangle \equiv$

```

int NCOL
(
    SEXP x
) {
    SEXP a;
    int ret;

    PROTECT(a = getAttrib(x, R_DimSymbol)); // rchk warning
    if (a == R_NilValue) {
        UNPROTECT(1);
        return(1);
    }
    if (TYPEOF(a) == REALSXP) {
        ret = (int) REAL(a)[1];
        UNPROTECT(1);
        return(ret);
    }
    ret = INTEGER(a)[1];
    UNPROTECT(1);
    return(ret);
}
◇

```

Fragment referenced in 130a.

Defines: NCOL 12, 31b, 41b, 61b, 81a, 83a, 94b, 102b, 106c, 123c, 133b.

Uses: x 23d, 24bc.

$\langle \text{NLEVELS } 131b \rangle \equiv$

```

int NLEVELS
(
    SEXP x
) {
    SEXP a;
    int maxlev = 0;

    PROTECT(a = getAttrib(x, R_LevelsSymbol));
    if (a == R_NilValue) {
        if (TYPEOF(x) != INTSXP)
            error("cannot determine number of levels");
        for (R_xlen_t i = 0; i < XLENGTH(x); i++) {
            if (INTEGER(x)[i] > maxlev)
                maxlev = INTEGER(x)[i];
        }
        UNPROTECT(1);
        return(maxlev);
    }
    maxlev = NROW(a);
    UNPROTECT(1);
    return(maxlev);
}
◇

```

Fragment referenced in 130a.

Defines: NLEVELS 31b, 41b, 111a, 115a, 119b, 123c.

Uses: NROW 130b, x 23d, 24bc.

Check for integer overflow when computing $P(P+1)/2$ and PQ .

$\langle PP12\ 132a \rangle \equiv$

```
int PP12
(
  int P
) {
  double dP = (double) P;
  double ans;

  ans = dP * (dP + 1) / 2;

  if (ans > INT_MAX)
    error("cannot allocate memory: number of levels too large");

  return((int) ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: PP12 [34a](#), [44](#), [46](#), [51](#), [79](#), [88a](#), [149](#), [150a](#).

Uses: P [24a](#).

$\langle mPQB\ 132b \rangle \equiv$

```
int mPQB
(
  int P,
  int Q,
  int B
) {
  double ans = P * Q * B;

  if (ans > INT_MAX)
    error("cannot allocate memory: number of levels too large");

  return((int) ans);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: mPQB [36a](#), [37](#), [45](#), [48](#), [52a](#), [71](#), [73a](#), [76b](#), [78b](#), [79](#), [80a](#), [101b](#), [105c](#), [115a](#), [119b](#), [122b](#), [149](#).

Uses: B [27a](#), P [24a](#), Q [24e](#).

```
> A <- matrix(runif(12), ncol = 3)
> B <- matrix(runif(10), ncol = 2)
> K1 <- kronecker(A, B)
> K2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_kronecker, A, B)
> stopifnot(isequal(K1, K2))
```

$\langle R_kronecker\ Prototype\ 132c \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_kronecker
(
  SEXP A,
  SEXP B
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [133b](#).

Uses: B [27a](#).

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" 133a≡

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_kronecker(  
  SEXP A, SEXP B  
) {  
  static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP, SEXP) = NULL;  
  if (fun == NULL)  
    fun = (SEXP*)(SEXP, SEXP)  
      R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_kronecker");  
  return fun(A, B);  
}  
◇
```

File defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).
Uses: B [27a](#).

$\langle R_kronecker \text{ 133b} \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle R\_kronecker \text{ Prototype } 132c \rangle$   
{  
  int m, n, r, s;  
  SEXP ans;  
  
  if (!isReal(A) || !isReal(B))  
    error("R_kronecker: A and / or B are not of type REALSXP");  
  
  m = NROW(A);  
  n = NCOL(A);  
  r = NROW(B);  
  s = NCOL(B);  
  
  PROTECT(ans = allocMatrix(REALSXP, m * n, r * s));  
  C_kronecker(REAL(A), m, n, REAL(B), r, s, 1, REAL(ans));  
  UNPROTECT(1);  
  return(ans);  
}  
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [130a](#).
Uses: B [27a](#), C_kronecker [134](#), NCOL [131a](#), NROW [130b](#).

$\langle C_kronecker\ 134 \rangle \equiv$

```
void C_kronecker
(
    const double *A,
    const int m,
    const int n,
    const double *B,
    const int r,
    const int s,
    const int overwrite,
    double *ans
) {
    int mr, js, ir;
    double y;

    if (overwrite) {
        for (int i = 0; i < m * r * n * s; i++) ans[i] = 0.0;
    }

    mr = m * r;
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
        ir = i * r;
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            js = j * s;
            y = A[j*m + i];
            for (int k = 0; k < r; k++) {
                for (int l = 0; l < s; l++)
                    ans[(js + l) * mr + ir + k] += y * B[l * r + k];
            }
        }
    }
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [130a](#).
Defines: `C_kronecker` [80a](#), [133b](#).
Uses: B [27a](#), y [24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle C_kronecker_sym\ 135 \rangle \equiv$

```

void C_kronecker_sym
(
    const double *A,
    const int m,
    const double *B,
    const int r,
    const int overwrite,
    double *ans
) {
    int mr, js, ir, s;
    double y;

    mr = m * r;
    s = r;

    if (overwrite) {
        for (int i = 0; i < mr * (mr + 1) / 2; i++) ans[i] = 0.0;
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
        ir = i * r;
        for (int j = 0; j <= i; j++) {
            js = j * s;
            y = A[S(i, j, m)];
            for (int k = 0; k < r; k++) {
                for (int l = 0; l < (j < i ? s : k + 1); l++) {
                    ans[S(ir + k, js + l, mr)] += y * B[S(k, l, r)];
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

Fragment referenced in [130a](#).
 Defines: `C_kronecker_sym` [79](#).
 Uses: [B 27a](#), [S 21a](#), [y 24df](#), [25a](#).

$\langle C_KronSums_sym \ 136a \rangle \equiv$

```

/* sum_i (t(x[i,]) %*% x[i,]) */
void C_KronSums_sym_
(
     $\langle C \text{ real } x \text{ Input } 24b \rangle$ 
    double *PP_sym_ans
) {
    int pN, qN, SpqP;

    for (int q = 0; q < P; q++) {
        qN = q * N;
        for (int p = 0; p <= q; p++) {
            PP_sym_ans[S(p, q, P)] = 0.0;
            pN = p * N;
            SpqP = S(p, q, P);
            for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
                PP_sym_ans[SpqP] += x[qN + i] * x[pN + i];
        }
    }
}

```

Fragment referenced in [130a](#).

Defines: C_KronSums_sym Never used.

Uses: N [23bc](#), P [24a](#), S [21a](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#).

```

> covar <- vcov(ls1)
> covar_sym <- ls1$Covariance
> n <- (sqrt(1 + 8 * length(covar_sym)) - 1) / 2
> tol <- sqrt(.Machine$double.eps)
> MP1 <- MPinverse(covar, tol)
> MP2 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_MPinv_sym, covar_sym, as.integer(n), tol)
> lt <- lower.tri(covar, diag = TRUE)
> stopifnot(isequal(MP1$MPinv[lt], MP2$MPinv) &&
+           isequal(MP1$rank, MP2$rank))

```

$\langle R_MPinv_sym \text{ Prototype } 136b \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP R_MPinv_sym
(
    SEXP x,
    SEXP n,
    SEXP tol
)

```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [137b](#).

Uses: R_MPinv_sym [137b](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#).

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" 137a≡

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_MPinv_sym(  
    SEXP x, SEXP n, SEXP tol  
) {  
    static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP) = NULL;  
    if (fun == NULL)  
        fun = (SEXP*)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP)  
            R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_MPinv_sym");  
    return fun(x, n, tol);  
}  
◇
```

File defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).
Uses: [R_MPinv_sym](#) [137b](#), [x](#) [23d](#), [24bc](#).

$\langle R_MPinv_sym$ 137b $\rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle R\_MPinv\_sym$  Prototype 136b $\rangle$   
{  
    int m;  
    SEXP ans, names, MPinv, rank;  
  
    m = INTEGER(n)[0];  
    if (m == 0)  
        m = (int) (sqrt(0.25 + 2 * LENGTH(x)) - 0.5);  
  
    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(VECSXP, 2));  
    PROTECT(names = allocVector(STRSXP, 2));  
    SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, 0, MPinv = allocVector(REALSXP, LENGTH(x)));  
    SET_STRING_ELT(names, 0, mkChar("MPinv"));  
    SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, 1, rank = allocVector(INTSXP, 1));  
    SET_STRING_ELT(names, 1, mkChar("rank"));  
    namesgets(ans, names);  
  
    C_MPinv_sym(REAL(x), m, REAL(tol)[0], REAL(MPinv), INTEGER(rank));  
  
    UNPROTECT(2);  
    return(ans);  
}  
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [130a](#).
Defines: [R_MPinv_sym](#) [136b](#), [137a](#), [154](#), [155](#).
Uses: [x](#) [23d](#), [24bc](#).

$\langle C_MPinv_sym\ 138 \rangle \equiv$

```

void C_MPinv_sym
(
    const double *x,
    const int n,
    const double tol,
    double *dMP,
    int *rank
) {
    double *val, *vec, dtol, *rx, *work, valinv;
    int valzero = 0, info = 0, kn;

    if (n == 1) {
        if (x[0] > tol) {
            dMP[0] = 1 / x[0];
            rank[0] = 1;
        } else {
            dMP[0] = 0;
            rank[0] = 0;
        }
    } else {
        rx = R_Calloc(n * (n + 1) / 2, double);
        Memcpy(rx, x, n * (n + 1) / 2);
        work = R_Calloc(3 * n, double);
        val = R_Calloc(n, double);
        vec = R_Calloc(n * n, double);

        F77_CALL(dspev)("V", "L", &n, rx, val, vec, &n, work,
                        &info FCONE FCONE);

        dtol = val[n - 1] * tol;

        for (int k = 0; k < n; k++)
            valzero += (val[k] < dtol);
        rank[0] = n - valzero;

        for (int k = 0; k < n * (n + 1) / 2; k++) dMP[k] = 0.0;

        for (int k = valzero; k < n; k++) {
            valinv = 1 / val[k];
            kn = k * n;
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                for (int j = 0; j <= i; j++) {
                    /* MP is symmetric */
                    dMP[S(i, j, n)] += valinv * vec[kn + i] * vec[kn + j];
                }
            }
        }
        R_Free(rx); R_Free(work); R_Free(val); R_Free(vec);
    }
}

```

Fragment referenced in [130a](#).

Uses: S [21a](#), x [23d](#), [24bc](#).

```

> m <- matrix(c(3, 2, 1,
+              2, 4, 2,
+              1, 2, 5),
+            ncol = 3)
> s <- m[lower.tri(m, diag = TRUE)]
> u1 <- .Call(libcoin:::R_unpack_sym, s, NULL, 0L)

```

```
> u2 <- .Call(libcoin::R_unpack_sym, s, NULL, 1L)
> stopifnot(isequal(m, u1) && isequal(diag(m), u2))
```

$\langle R_unpack_sym \text{ Prototype 139a} \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_unpack_sym
(
    SEXP x,
    SEXP names,
    SEXP diagonly
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [140](#).

Uses: [R_unpack_sym 140](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#).

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" 139b≡

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_unpack_sym(
    SEXP x, SEXP names, SEXP diagonly
) {
    static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP, SEXP, SEXP) = NULL;
    if (fun == NULL)
        fun = (SEXP(*) (SEXP, SEXP, SEXP))
            R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_unpack_sym");
    return fun(x, names, diagonly);
}
◇
```

File defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).

Uses: [R_unpack_sym 140](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#).

$\langle R_unpack_sym\ 140 \rangle \equiv$

```

 $\langle R\_unpack\_sym\ Prototype\ 139a \rangle$ 
{
  R_xlen_t n, k = 0;
  SEXP ans, dimnames;
  double *dx, *dans;

  /* m = n * (n + 1)/2 <=> n^2 + n - 2 * m = 0 */
  n = sqrt(0.25 + 2 * XLENGTH(x)) - 0.5;

  dx = REAL(x);
  if (INTEGER(diagonally)[0]) {
    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, n));
    if (names != R_NilValue) {
      namesgets(ans, names);
    }
    dans = REAL(ans);
    for (R_xlen_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      dans[i] = dx[k];
      k += n - i;
    }
  } else {
    PROTECT(ans = allocMatrix(REALSXP, n, n));
    if (names != R_NilValue) {
      PROTECT(dimnames = allocVector(VECSXP, 2));
      SET_VECTOR_ELT(dimnames, 0, names);
      SET_VECTOR_ELT(dimnames, 1, names);
      dimnamesgets(ans, dimnames);
      UNPROTECT(1);
    }
    dans = REAL(ans);
    for (R_xlen_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      dans[i * n + i] = dx[k]; /* diagonal */
      k++;
      for (R_xlen_t j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
        dans[i * n + j] = dx[k]; /* lower triangular */
        dans[j * n + i] = dx[k]; /* upper triangular */
        k++;
      }
    }
  }

  UNPROTECT(1);
  return ans;
}

```

Fragment referenced in [130a](#).
 Defines: `R_unpack_sym` [10](#), [139ab](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 Uses: `x` [23d](#), [24bc](#).

```

> m <- matrix(c(4, 3, 2, 1,
+             3, 5, 4, 2,
+             2, 4, 6, 5,
+             1, 2, 5, 7),
+           ncol = 4)
> s <- m[lower.tri(m, diag = TRUE)]
> p <- .Call(libcoin:::R_pack_sym, m)
> stopifnot(isequal(s, p))

```


$\langle R_pack_sym \text{ Prototype } 141a \rangle \equiv$

```
SEXP R_pack_sym
(
    SEXP x
)
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [22b](#), [141c](#).

Uses: [R_pack_sym 141c](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#).

This function can be called from other packages.

"libcoinAPI.h" 141b≡

```
extern SEXP libcoin_R_pack_sym(
    SEXP x
) {
    static SEXP(*fun)(SEXP) = NULL;
    if (fun == NULL)
        fun = (SEXP*)(SEXP)
            R_GetCCallable("libcoin", "R_pack_sym");
    return fun(x);
}
◇
```

File defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).

Uses: [R_pack_sym 141c](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#).

$\langle R_pack_sym \text{ } 141c \rangle \equiv$

```
 $\langle R\_pack\_sym \text{ Prototype } 141a \rangle$ 
{
    R_xlen_t n, k = 0;
    SEXP ans;
    double *dx, *dans;

    n = NROW(x);
    dx = REAL(x);
    PROTECT(ans = allocVector(REALSXP, n * (n + 1) / 2));
    dans = REAL(ans);

    for (R_xlen_t i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (R_xlen_t j = i; j < n; j++) {
            dans[k] = dx[i * n + j];
            k++;
        }
    }

    UNPROTECT(1);
    return ans;
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [130a](#).

Defines: [R_pack_sym 141ab](#), [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: [NROW 130b](#), [x 23d](#), [24bc](#).

3.11 Memory

$\langle \text{Memory } 142a \rangle \equiv$

```

     $\langle C\_get\_P \ 142c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_Q \ 143a \rangle$ 
     $\langle PP12 \ 132a \rangle$ 
     $\langle mPQB \ 132b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_varonly \ 143b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_Xfactor \ 143c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_LinearStatistic \ 143d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_Expectation \ 144a \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_Variance \ 144b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_Covariance \ 144c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_ExpectationX \ 145a \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_ExpectationInfluence \ 145b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_CovarianceInfluence \ 145c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_VarianceInfluence \ 145d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_TableBlock \ 146a \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_Sumweights \ 146b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_Table \ 146c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_dimTable \ 146d \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_B \ 147a \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_nresample \ 147b \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_PermutedLinearStatistic \ 147c \rangle$ 
     $\langle C\_get\_tol \ 147d \rangle$ 
     $\langle RC\_init\_LECV\_1d \ 150b \rangle$ 
     $\langle RC\_init\_LECV\_2d \ 151 \rangle$ 
     $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [23a](#).

$\langle R \ \text{LECV} \ \text{Input} \ 142b \rangle \equiv$

```

    SEXP LECV
     $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [50b](#), [52b](#), [142c](#), [143abcd](#), [144abc](#), [145abcd](#), [146abcd](#), [147abcd](#).

Defines: [LECV](#) [38bc](#), [39a](#), [50c](#), [51](#), [52a](#), [53](#), [54](#), [55ab](#), [56](#), [69b](#), [71](#), [142c](#), [143abcd](#), [144abc](#), [145abcd](#), [146abcd](#), [147abcd](#).

$\langle C_get_P \ 142c \rangle \equiv$

```

    int C_get_P
    (
         $\langle R \ \text{LECV} \ \text{Input} \ 142b \rangle$ 
    ) {
        return(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, dim_SLOT)[0]);
    }
     $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: [C_get_P](#) [33a](#), [39a](#), [46](#), [52a](#), [56](#), [71](#), [144bc](#), [147b](#).

Uses: [dim_SLOT](#) [21b](#), [LECV](#) [142b](#).

$\langle C_get_Q\ 143a \rangle \equiv$

```

int C_get_Q
(
     $\langle R\ LECV\ Input\ 142b \rangle$ 
) {
    return(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, dim_SLOT)[1]);
}

```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_Q` [33a](#), [39a](#), [46](#), [52a](#), [71](#), [144bc](#), [147b](#).

Uses: `dim_SLOT` [21b](#), `LECV` [142b](#).

$\langle C_get_varonly\ 143b \rangle \equiv$

```

int C_get_varonly
(
     $\langle R\ LECV\ Input\ 142b \rangle$ 
) {
    return(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, varonly_SLOT)[0]);
}

```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_varonly` [32](#), [34a](#), [36a](#), [39a](#), [44](#), [45](#), [46](#), [52a](#), [54](#), [71](#), [144c](#).

Uses: `LECV` [142b](#), `varonly_SLOT` [21b](#).

$\langle C_get_Xfactor\ 143c \rangle \equiv$

```

int C_get_Xfactor
(
     $\langle R\ LECV\ Input\ 142b \rangle$ 
) {
    return(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Xfactor_SLOT)[0]);
}

```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_Xfactor` [46](#).

Uses: `LECV` [142b](#), `Xfactor_SLOT` [21b](#).

$\langle C_get_LinearStatistic\ 143d \rangle \equiv$

```

double* C_get_LinearStatistic
(
     $\langle R\ LECV\ Input\ 142b \rangle$ 
) {
    return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, LinearStatistic_SLOT)));
}

```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_LinearStatistic` [33b](#), [45](#), [51](#), [54](#), [71](#), [150a](#).

Uses: `LECV` [142b](#), `LinearStatistic_SLOT` [21b](#).

$\langle C_get_Expectation\ 144a \rangle \equiv$

```
double* C_get_Expectation
(
     $\langle R\ LECV\ Input\ 142b \rangle$ 
) {
    return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Expectation_SLOT)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_Expectation` [35a](#), [39a](#), [43b](#), [51](#), [54](#), [71](#), [150a](#).

Uses: `Expectation_SLOT` [21b](#), `LECV` [142b](#).

$\langle C_get_Variance\ 144b \rangle \equiv$

```
double* C_get_Variance
(
     $\langle R\ LECV\ Input\ 142b \rangle$ 
) {
    int PQ = C_get_P(LECV) * C_get_Q(LECV);
    double *var, *covar;

    if (isNull(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Variance_SLOT))) {
        SET_VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Variance_SLOT,
            allocVector(REALSXP, PQ));
        if (!isNull(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Covariance_SLOT))) {
            covar = REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Covariance_SLOT));
            var = REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Variance_SLOT));
            for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++)
                var[p] = covar[S(p, p, PQ)];
        }
    }
    return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Variance_SLOT)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_Variance` [35c](#), [36a](#), [39a](#), [44](#), [45](#), [54](#), [71](#), [144c](#), [150a](#).

Uses: `Covariance_SLOT` [21b](#), `C_get_P` [142c](#), `C_get_Q` [143a](#), `LECV` [142b](#), `S` [21a](#), `Variance_SLOT` [21b](#).

$\langle C_get_Covariance\ 144c \rangle \equiv$

```
double* C_get_Covariance
(
     $\langle R\ LECV\ Input\ 142b \rangle$ 
) {
    int PQ = C_get_P(LECV) * C_get_Q(LECV);
    if (C_get_varonly(LECV) && PQ > 1)
        error("Cannot extract covariance from variance only object");
    if (C_get_varonly(LECV) && PQ == 1)
        return(C_get_Variance(LECV));
    return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Covariance_SLOT)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_Covariance` [35d](#), [36a](#), [39a](#), [44](#), [45](#), [51](#), [54](#), [71](#), [150a](#).

Uses: `Covariance_SLOT` [21b](#), `C_get_P` [142c](#), `C_get_Q` [143a](#), `C_get_Variance` [144b](#), `C_get_varonly` [143b](#), `LECV` [142b](#).

$\langle C_get_ExpectationX \text{ 145a} \rangle \equiv$

```
double* C_get_ExpectationX
(
     $\langle R \text{ LECV Input 142b} \rangle$ 
) {
    return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, ExpectationX_SLOT)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_ExpectationX` [34a](#), [46](#), [71](#).

Uses: `ExpectationX_SLOT` [21b](#), `LECV` [142b](#).

$\langle C_get_ExpectationInfluence \text{ 145b} \rangle \equiv$

```
double* C_get_ExpectationInfluence
(
     $\langle R \text{ LECV Input 142b} \rangle$ 
) {
    return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, ExpectationInfluence_SLOT)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_ExpectationInfluence` [34a](#), [46](#), [150a](#).

Uses: `ExpectationInfluence_SLOT` [21b](#), `LECV` [142b](#).

$\langle C_get_CovarianceInfluence \text{ 145c} \rangle \equiv$

```
double* C_get_CovarianceInfluence
(
     $\langle R \text{ LECV Input 142b} \rangle$ 
) {
    return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, CovarianceInfluence_SLOT)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_CovarianceInfluence` [34a](#), [44](#), [71](#), [150a](#).

Uses: `CovarianceInfluence_SLOT` [21b](#), `LECV` [142b](#).

$\langle C_get_VarianceInfluence \text{ 145d} \rangle \equiv$

```
double* C_get_VarianceInfluence
(
     $\langle R \text{ LECV Input 142b} \rangle$ 
) {
    return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, VarianceInfluence_SLOT)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_VarianceInfluence` [34a](#), [44](#), [71](#), [150a](#).

Uses: `LECV` [142b](#), `VarianceInfluence_SLOT` [21b](#).

$\langle C_get_TableBlock\ 146a \rangle \equiv$

```
double* C_get_TableBlock
(
   $\langle R\ LECV\ Input\ 142b \rangle$ 
) {
  if (VECTOR_ELT(LECV, TableBlock_SLOT) == R_NilValue)
    error("object does not contain table block slot");
  return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, TableBlock_SLOT)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_TableBlock` [34a](#).

Uses: `block` [26f](#), [27b](#), `LECV` [142b](#), `TableBlock_SLOT` [21b](#).

$\langle C_get_Sumweights\ 146b \rangle \equiv$

```
double* C_get_Sumweights
(
   $\langle R\ LECV\ Input\ 142b \rangle$ 
) {
  if (VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Sumweights_SLOT) == R_NilValue)
    error("object does not contain sumweights slot");
  return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Sumweights_SLOT)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_Sumweights` [34a](#), [46](#).

Uses: `LECV` [142b](#), `sumweights` [25e](#), `Sumweights_SLOT` [21b](#).

$\langle C_get_Table\ 146c \rangle \equiv$

```
double* C_get_Table
(
   $\langle R\ LECV\ Input\ 142b \rangle$ 
) {
  if (LENGTH(LECV) <= Table_SLOT)
    error("Cannot extract table from object");
  return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Table_SLOT)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_Table` [41a](#), [46](#).

Uses: `LECV` [142b](#), `Table_SLOT` [21b](#).

$\langle C_get_dimTable\ 146d \rangle \equiv$

```
int* C_get_dimTable
(
   $\langle R\ LECV\ Input\ 142b \rangle$ 
) {
  if (LENGTH(LECV) <= Table_SLOT)
    error("Cannot extract table from object");
  return(INTEGER(getAttrib(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Table_SLOT),
    R_DimSymbol)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `C_get_dimTable` [46](#), [147a](#).

Uses: `LECV` [142b](#), `Table_SLOT` [21b](#).

$\langle C_get_B \text{ 147a} \rangle \equiv$

```
int C_get_B
(
     $\langle R \text{ LECV Input 142b} \rangle$ 
) {
    if (VECTOR_ELT(LECV, TableBlock_SLOT) != R_NilValue)
        return(LENGTH(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, Sumweights_SLOT)));
    return(C_get_dimTable(LECV)[2]);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: [C_get_B 33a](#), [46](#), [71](#).

Uses: [C_get_dimTable 146d](#), [LECV 142b](#), [Sumweights_SLOT 21b](#), [TableBlock_SLOT 21b](#).

$\langle C_get_nresample \text{ 147b} \rangle \equiv$

```
R_xlen_t C_get_nresample
(
     $\langle R \text{ LECV Input 142b} \rangle$ 
) {
    int PQ = C_get_P(LECV) * C_get_Q(LECV);
    return(XLENGTH(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, PermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT)) / PQ);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: [C_get_nresample 39a](#), [51](#), [52a](#), [54](#), [56](#), [71](#).

Uses: [C_get_P 142c](#), [C_get_Q 143a](#), [LECV 142b](#), [PermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT 21b](#).

$\langle C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic \text{ 147c} \rangle \equiv$

```
double* C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic
(
     $\langle R \text{ LECV Input 142b} \rangle$ 
) {
    return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, PermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT)));
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: [C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic 39a](#), [51](#), [54](#), [71](#).

Uses: [LECV 142b](#), [PermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT 21b](#).

$\langle C_get_tol \text{ 147d} \rangle \equiv$

```
double C_get_tol
(
     $\langle R \text{ LECV Input 142b} \rangle$ 
) {
    return(REAL(VECTOR_ELT(LECV, tol_SLOT))[0]);
}
◇
```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: [C_get_tol 39a](#), [51](#), [54](#), [71](#).

Uses: [LECV 142b](#), [tol_SLOT 21b](#).

⟨ *Memory Input Checks 148a* ⟩ ≡

```

if (P <= 0)
  error("P is not positive");

if (Q <= 0)
  error("Q is not positive");

if (B <= 0)
  error("B is not positive");

if (varonly < 0 || varonly > 1)
  error("varonly is not 0 or 1");

if (Xfactor < 0 || Xfactor > 1)
  error("Xfactor is not 0 or 1");

if (tol <= DBL_MIN)
  error("tol is not positive");
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [149](#).

Uses: B [27a](#), P [24a](#), Q [24e](#).

⟨ *Memory Names 148b* ⟩ ≡

```

PROTECT(names = allocVector(STRSXP, Table_SLOT + 1));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, LinearStatistic_SLOT, mkChar("LinearStatistic"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, Expectation_SLOT, mkChar("Expectation"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, varonly_SLOT, mkChar("varonly"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, Variance_SLOT, mkChar("Variance"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, Covariance_SLOT, mkChar("Covariance"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, ExpectationX_SLOT, mkChar("ExpectationX"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, dim_SLOT, mkChar("dimension"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, ExpectationInfluence_SLOT,
  mkChar("ExpectationInfluence"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, Xfactor_SLOT, mkChar("Xfactor"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, CovarianceInfluence_SLOT,
  mkChar("CovarianceInfluence"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, VarianceInfluence_SLOT,
  mkChar("VarianceInfluence"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, TableBlock_SLOT, mkChar("TableBlock"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, Sumweights_SLOT, mkChar("Sumweights"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, PermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT,
  mkChar("PermutedLinearStatistic"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT,
  mkChar("StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, tol_SLOT, mkChar("tol"));
SET_STRING_ELT(names, Table_SLOT, mkChar("Table"));
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [149](#).

Uses: CovarianceInfluence_SLOT [21b](#), Covariance_SLOT [21b](#), dim_SLOT [21b](#), ExpectationInfluence_SLOT [21b](#), ExpectationX_SLOT [21b](#), Expectation_SLOT [21b](#), LinearStatistic_SLOT [21b](#), PermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT [21b](#), StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT [21b](#), Sumweights_SLOT [21b](#), TableBlock_SLOT [21b](#), Table_SLOT [21b](#), tol_SLOT [21b](#), VarianceInfluence_SLOT [21b](#), Variance_SLOT [21b](#), varonly_SLOT [21b](#), Xfactor_SLOT [21b](#).

$\langle R_init_LECV\ 149 \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP vo, d, names, tolerance, tmp;
int PQ;

 $\langle$  Memory Input Checks 148a  $\rangle$ 
PQ = mPQB(P, Q, 1);
 $\langle$  Memory Names 148b  $\rangle$ 

/* Table_SLOT is always last and only used in 2d case, ie omitted here */
PROTECT(ans = allocVector(VECSXP, Table_SLOT + 1));
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, LinearStatistic_SLOT, allocVector(REALSXP, PQ));
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, Expectation_SLOT, allocVector(REALSXP, PQ));
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, varonly_SLOT, vo = allocVector(INTSXP, 1));
INTEGER(vo)[0] = varonly;
if (varonly) {
    SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, Variance_SLOT, tmp = allocVector(REALSXP, PQ));
} else {
    /* always return variance */
    SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, Variance_SLOT, tmp = allocVector(REALSXP, PQ));
    SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, Covariance_SLOT,
        tmp = allocVector(REALSXP, PP12(PQ)));
}
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, ExpectationX_SLOT, allocVector(REALSXP, P));
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, dim_SLOT, d = allocVector(INTSXP, 2));
INTEGER(d)[0] = P;
INTEGER(d)[1] = Q;
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, ExpectationInfluence_SLOT,
    tmp = allocVector(REALSXP, B * Q));
for (int q = 0; q < B * Q; q++) REAL(tmp)[q] = 0.0;

/* should always _both_ be there */
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, VarianceInfluence_SLOT,
    tmp = allocVector(REALSXP, B * Q));
for (int q = 0; q < B * Q; q++) REAL(tmp)[q] = 0.0;

SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, CovarianceInfluence_SLOT,
    tmp = allocVector(REALSXP, B * Q * (Q + 1) / 2));
for (int q = 0; q < B * Q * (Q + 1) / 2; q++) REAL(tmp)[q] = 0.0;

SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, Xfactor_SLOT, allocVector(INTSXP, 1));
INTEGER(VECTOR_ELT(ans, Xfactor_SLOT))[0] = Xfactor;
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, TableBlock_SLOT, tmp = allocVector(REALSXP, B + 1));
for (int q = 0; q < B + 1; q++) REAL(tmp)[q] = 0.0;
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, Sumweights_SLOT, allocVector(REALSXP, B));
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, PermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT,
    allocMatrix(REALSXP, 0, 0));
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT,
    allocMatrix(REALSXP, 0, 0));
SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, tol_SLOT, tolerance = allocVector(REALSXP, 1));
REAL(tolerance)[0] = tol;
namesgets(ans, names);

 $\langle$  Initialise Zero 150a  $\rangle$ 
 $\diamond$ 

```

Fragment referenced in 150b, 151.

Uses: B 27a, CovarianceInfluence_SLOT 21b, Covariance_SLOT 21b, dim_SLOT 21b, ExpectationInfluence_SLOT 21b, ExpectationX_SLOT 21b, Expectation_SLOT 21b, LinearStatistic_SLOT 21b, mPQB 132b, P 24a, PermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT 21b, PP12 132a, Q 24e, StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT 21b, Sumweights_SLOT 21b, TableBlock_SLOT 21b, Table_SLOT 21b, tol_SLOT 21b, VarianceInfluence_SLOT 21b, Variance_SLOT 21b, varonly_SLOT 21b, Xfactor_SLOT 21b.

$\langle \text{Initialise Zero 150a} \rangle \equiv$

```

/* set initial zeros */
for (int p = 0; p < PQ; p++) {
    C_get_LinearStatistic(ans)[p] = 0.0;
    C_get_Expectation(ans)[p] = 0.0;
    if (varonly)
        C_get_Variance(ans)[p] = 0.0;
}
if (!varonly) {
    for (int p = 0; p < PP12(PQ); p++)
        C_get_Covariance(ans)[p] = 0.0;
}
for (int q = 0; q < Q; q++) {
    C_get_ExpectationInfluence(ans)[q] = 0.0;
    C_get_VarianceInfluence(ans)[q] = 0.0;
}
for (int q = 0; q < Q * (Q + 1) / 2; q++)
    C_get_CovarianceInfluence(ans)[q] = 0.0;
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [149](#).

Uses: [C_get_Covariance 144c](#), [C_get_CovarianceInfluence 145c](#), [C_get_Expectation 144a](#),
[C_get_ExpectationInfluence 145b](#), [C_get_LinearStatistic 143d](#), [C_get_Variance 144b](#),
[C_get_VarianceInfluence 145d](#), [PP12 132a](#), [Q 24e](#).

$\langle \text{RC_init_LECV_1d 150b} \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP RC_init_LECV_1d
(
     $\langle C \text{ integer } P \text{ Input 24a} \rangle$ ,
     $\langle C \text{ integer } Q \text{ Input 24e} \rangle$ ,
    int varonly,
     $\langle C \text{ integer } B \text{ Input 27a} \rangle$ ,
    int Xfactor,
    double tol
) {
    SEXP ans;

     $\langle R\_init\_LECV 149 \rangle$ 

    SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, TableBlock_SLOT,
        allocVector(REALSXP, B + 1));

    SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, Sumweights_SLOT,
        allocVector(REALSXP, B));

    UNPROTECT(2);
    return(ans);
}
◇

```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: [RC_init_LECV_1d 31a](#).

Uses: [B 27a](#), [Sumweights_SLOT 21b](#), [TableBlock_SLOT 21b](#).

$\langle RC_init_LECV_2d\ 151 \rangle \equiv$

```

SEXP RC_init_LECV_2d
(
   $\langle C\ integer\ P\ Input\ 24a \rangle$ ,
   $\langle C\ integer\ Q\ Input\ 24e \rangle$ ,
  int varonly,
  int Lx,
  int Ly,
   $\langle C\ integer\ B\ Input\ 27a \rangle$ ,
  int Xfactor,
  double tol
) {
  SEXP ans, tabdim, tab;

  if (Lx <= 0)
    error("Lx is not positive");

  if (Ly <= 0)
    error("Ly is not positive");

   $\langle R\_init\_LECV\ 149 \rangle$ 

  PROTECT(tabdim = allocVector(INTSXP, 3));
  INTEGER(tabdim)[0] = Lx + 1;
  INTEGER(tabdim)[1] = Ly + 1;
  INTEGER(tabdim)[2] = B;
  SET_VECTOR_ELT(ans, Table_SLOT,
    tab = allocVector(REALSXP,
      INTEGER(tabdim)[0] *
      INTEGER(tabdim)[1] *
      INTEGER(tabdim)[2]));
  dimgets(tab, tabdim);

  UNPROTECT(3);
  return(ans);
}

```

Fragment referenced in [142a](#).

Defines: `RC_init_LECV_2d` [41a](#).

Uses: `B` [27a](#), `Table_SLOT` [21b](#).

Chapter 4

Package Infrastructure

"AAA.R" 152a≡

```
< R Header 156a >
.onUnload <-
function(libpath)
  library.dynam.unload("libcoin", libpath)
◇
```

"DESCRIPTION" 152b≡

```
Package: libcoin
Title: Linear Test Statistics for Permutation Inference
Date: 2026-03-11
Version: 1.0-12
Authors@R: c(person("Torsten", "Hothorn", role = c("aut", "cre"),
  email = "Torsten.Hothorn@R-project.org",
  comment = c(ORCID = "0000-0001-8301-0471")),
  person("Henric", "Winell", role = "aut",
  comment = c(ORCID = "0000-0001-7995-3047")))
Description: Basic infrastructure for linear test statistics and permutation
  inference in the framework of Strasser and Weber (1999) <https://epub.wu.ac.at/102/>.
  This package must not be used by end-users. CRAN package 'coin' implements all
  user interfaces and is ready to be used by anyone.
Depends: R (>= 3.4.0)
Suggests: coin, bibtex
Imports: stats, mvtnorm
LinkingTo: mvtnorm
NeedsCompilation: yes
License: GPL-2
◇
```

"NAMESPACE" 152c≡

```
useDynLib(libcoin, .registration = TRUE)

importFrom("stats", complete.cases, vcov)
importFrom("mvtnorm", GenzBretz)

export(LinStatExpCov, doTest, ctab, lmult)

S3method(vcov, LinStatExpCov)
◇
```

Add flag `-g` to `PKG_CFLAGS` for `operf` profiling (this is not portable).

"Makevars" 153a≡

```
PKG_CFLAGS=$(C_VISIBILITY)
PKG_LIBS = $(LAPACK_LIBS) $(BLAS_LIBS) $(FLIBS)
◇
```

"libcoin-win.def" 153b≡

```
LIBRARY libcoin.dll
EXPORTS
    R_init_libcoin
◇
```

Other packages can link against **libcoin**. A small example package is contained in `libcoin/inst/C-API_example`.

"libcoin-init.c" 154≡

```
( C Header 156b )
#include "libcoin.h"
#include <R_ext/Rdynload.h>
#include <R_ext/Visibility.h>

#define CALLDEF(name, n) {#name, (DL_FUNC) &name, n}
#define REGCALL(name) R_RegisterCCallable("libcoin", #name, (DL_FUNC) &name)

static const R_CallMethodDef callMethods[] = {
    CALLDEF(R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic, 7),
    CALLDEF(R_PermutedLinearStatistic, 6),
    CALLDEF(R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic, 1),
    CALLDEF(R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d, 9),
    CALLDEF(R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d, 7),
    CALLDEF(R_QuadraticTest, 5),
    CALLDEF(R_MaximumTest, 9),
    CALLDEF(R_MaximallySelectedTest, 6),
    CALLDEF(R_ExpectationInfluence, 3),
    CALLDEF(R_CovarianceInfluence, 4),
    CALLDEF(R_ExpectationX, 4),
    CALLDEF(R_CovarianceX, 5),
    CALLDEF(R_Sums, 3),
    CALLDEF(R_KronSums, 6),
    CALLDEF(R_KronSums_Permutation, 5),
    CALLDEF(R_colSums, 3),
    CALLDEF(R_OneTableSums, 3),
    CALLDEF(R_TwoTableSums, 4),
    CALLDEF(R_ThreeTableSums, 5),
    CALLDEF(R_order_subset_wrt_block, 4),
    CALLDEF(R_quadform, 3),
    CALLDEF(R_kronecker, 2),
    CALLDEF(R_MPinv_sym, 3),
    CALLDEF(R_unpack_sym, 3),
    CALLDEF(R_pack_sym, 1),
    {NULL, NULL, 0}
};
◇
```

File defined by 154, 155.

Uses: R_colSums 106c, R_CovarianceInfluence 83a, R_CovarianceX 87a, R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 31a, R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d 41a, R_ExpectationInfluence 81a, R_ExpectationX 84c, R_KronSums 94b, R_KronSums_Permutation 102b, R_MPinv_sym 137b, R_OneTableSums 111a, R_order_subset_wrt_block 123c, R_pack_sym 141c, R_PermutedLinearStatistic 37, R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d 48, R_quadform 61b, R_Sums 90a, R_ThreeTableSums 119b, R_TwoTableSums 115a, R_unpack_sym 140.

"libcoin-init.c" 155≡

```
void attribute_visible R_init_libcoin
(
    DllInfo *dll
) {
    R_registerRoutines(dll, NULL, callMethods, NULL, NULL);
    R_useDynamicSymbols(dll, FALSE);
    R_forceSymbols(dll, TRUE);
    REGCALL(R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic);
    REGCALL(R_PermutedLinearStatistic);
    REGCALL(R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic);
    REGCALL(R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d);
    REGCALL(R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d);
    REGCALL(R_QuadraticTest);
    REGCALL(R_MaximumTest);
    REGCALL(R_MaximallySelectedTest);
    REGCALL(R_ExpectationInfluence);
    REGCALL(R_CovarianceInfluence);
    REGCALL(R_ExpectationX);
    REGCALL(R_CovarianceX);
    REGCALL(R_Sums);
    REGCALL(R_KronSums);
    REGCALL(R_KronSums_Permutation);
    REGCALL(R_colSums);
    REGCALL(R_OneTableSums);
    REGCALL(R_TwoTableSums);
    REGCALL(R_ThreeTableSums);
    REGCALL(R_order_subset_wrt_block);
    REGCALL(R_quadform);
    REGCALL(R_kronecker);
    REGCALL(R_MPinv_sym);
    REGCALL(R_unpack_sym);
    REGCALL(R_pack_sym);
}
◇
```

File defined by [154](#), [155](#).

Uses: [R_colSums 106c](#), [R_CovarianceInfluence 83a](#), [R_CovarianceX 87a](#), [R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 31a](#),
[R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d 41a](#), [R_ExpectationInfluence 81a](#), [R_ExpectationX 84c](#), [R_KronSums 94b](#),
[R_KronSums_Permutation 102b](#), [R_MPinv_sym 137b](#), [R_OneTableSums 111a](#), [R_order_subset_wrt_block 123c](#),
[R_pack_sym 141c](#), [R_PermutedLinearStatistic 37](#), [R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d 48](#), [R_quadform 61b](#),
[R_Sums 90a](#), [R_ThreeTableSums 119b](#), [R_TwoTableSums 115a](#), [R_unpack_sym 140](#).

$\langle R \text{ Header 156a} \rangle \equiv$

```
### Copyright (C) 2017-2023 Torsten Hothorn
###
### This file is part of the 'libcoin' R add-on package.
###
### 'libcoin' is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
### it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
### the Free Software Foundation, version 2.
###
### 'libcoin' is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
### but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
### MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
### GNU General Public License for more details.
###
### You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
### along with 'libcoin'. If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
###
### DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE
###
### Edit 'libcoin.w' and run 'nuweb -r libcoin.w'
```

◇

Fragment referenced in [3a](#), [15b](#), [152a](#).

$\langle C \text{ Header 156b} \rangle \equiv$

```
/*
Copyright (C) 2017-2023 Torsten Hothorn

This file is part of the 'libcoin' R add-on package.

'libcoin' is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
the Free Software Foundation, version 2.

'libcoin' is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,
but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
along with 'libcoin'. If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.

DO NOT EDIT THIS FILE

Edit 'libcoin.w' and run 'nuweb -r libcoin.w'
```

*/

◇

Fragment referenced in [20a](#), [22ac](#), [30d](#), [154](#).

Index

Files

"AAA.R" Defined by [152a](#).
"ctabs.R" Defined by [15b](#).
"ctabs.Rd" Defined by [19](#).
"DESCRIPTION" Defined by [152b](#).
"doTest.Rd" Defined by [18](#).
"libcoin-init.c" Defined by [154](#), [155](#).
"libcoin-win.def" Defined by [153b](#).
"libcoin.c" Defined by [22c](#).
"libcoin.h" Defined by [22a](#).
"libcoin.R" Defined by [3a](#).
"libcoinAPI.h" Defined by [30d](#), [36c](#), [38c](#), [40b](#), [47b](#), [50c](#), [53](#), [55b](#), [61a](#), [133a](#), [137a](#), [139b](#), [141b](#).
"libcoin_internal.h" Defined by [20a](#).
"LinStatExpCov.Rd" Defined by [17](#).
"Makevars" Defined by [153a](#).
"NAMESPACE" Defined by [152c](#).

Fragments

[〈2d Covariance 44〉](#) Referenced in [45](#).
[〈2d Expectation 43b〉](#) Referenced in [45](#).
[〈2d Memory 46〉](#) Referenced in [45](#).
[〈2d Total Table 42b〉](#) Referenced in [45](#).
[〈2d User Interface 39b〉](#) Referenced in [23a](#).
[〈2d User Interface Input 39c〉](#) Referenced in [40a](#), [45](#).
[〈C colSums Answer 108a〉](#) Referenced in [81b](#), [107a](#), [108bcd](#), [109a](#).
[〈C colSums Input 107c〉](#) Referenced in [107a](#), [108bcd](#), [109a](#).
[〈C Global Variables 21b〉](#) Referenced in [20a](#).
[〈C Header 156b〉](#) Referenced in [20a](#), [22ac](#), [30d](#), [154](#).
[〈C integer B Input 27a〉](#) Referenced in [27b](#), [32](#), [150b](#), [151](#).
[〈C integer block Input 27b〉](#) Referenced in [120c](#).
[〈C integer N Input 23c〉](#) Referenced in [24bc](#), [32](#), [37](#), [41a](#), [77c](#), [81ab](#), [83ab](#), [84c](#), [85a](#), [87ab](#), [90b](#), [91b](#), [92abc](#), [94b](#), [95c](#), [102b](#), [103a](#), [106c](#), [111a](#), [115a](#), [119b](#), [123c](#), [124a](#), [125ab](#), [126b](#).
[〈C integer Nsubset Input 26b〉](#) Referenced in [26c](#), [37](#), [41a](#), [81a](#), [83a](#), [84c](#), [87a](#), [90a](#), [94b](#), [102b](#), [106c](#), [111a](#), [115a](#), [119b](#), [128ab](#), [129b](#).
[〈C integer P Input 24a〉](#) Referenced in [24bc](#), [32](#), [77c](#), [78b](#), [79](#), [80a](#), [85a](#), [87b](#), [95c](#), [103a](#), [150b](#), [151](#).
[〈C integer Q Input 24e〉](#) Referenced in [24f](#), [25a](#), [32](#), [78b](#), [79](#), [80a](#), [81ab](#), [83ab](#), [94b](#), [102b](#), [150b](#), [151](#).
[〈C integer subset Input 26d〉](#) Referenced in [92bc](#), [98ab](#), [100d](#), [101a](#), [104b](#), [105b](#), [108d](#), [109a](#), [113bc](#), [117c](#), [118a](#), [121d](#), [122a](#).
[〈C integer weights Input 25c〉](#) Referenced in [92ab](#), [97c](#), [98a](#), [100cd](#), [108cd](#), [113ab](#), [117bc](#), [121cd](#).
[〈C integer x Input 24c〉](#) Referenced in [100a](#), [105ab](#), [112b](#), [116b](#), [120c](#).
[〈C integer y Input 25a〉](#) Referenced in [116b](#), [120c](#).
[〈C KronSums Answer 96a〉](#) Referenced in [77c](#), [83b](#), [87b](#), [95a](#), [97bc](#), [98ab](#), [100bcd](#), [101a](#), [103a](#), [104ab](#), [105ab](#).
[〈C KronSums Input 95d〉](#) Referenced in [97bc](#), [98ab](#).
[〈C Macros 21a〉](#) Referenced in [20a](#).
[〈C OneTableSums Answer 112c〉](#) Referenced in [85a](#), [111b](#), [112d](#), [113abc](#).
[〈C OneTableSums Input 112b〉](#) Referenced in [111b](#), [112d](#), [113abc](#).
[〈C real subset Input 26e〉](#) Referenced in [91b](#), [92a](#), [97bc](#), [100bc](#), [104a](#), [105a](#), [108bc](#), [112d](#), [113a](#), [117ab](#), [121bc](#).
[〈C real weights Input 25d〉](#) Referenced in [91b](#), [92c](#), [97b](#), [98b](#), [100b](#), [101a](#), [108b](#), [109a](#), [112d](#), [113c](#), [117a](#), [118a](#), [121b](#), [122a](#).

< C real x Input 24b > Referenced in 95d, 104ab, 107c, 136a.
 < C real y Input 24f > Referenced in 77c, 95cd, 100a, 103a, 104ab, 105ab.
 < C subset range Input 26c > Referenced in 26de, 77c, 81b, 83b, 85a, 87b, 90b, 95a, 103a, 107a, 111b, 115b, 120a.
 < C sumweights Input 25e > Referenced in 79, 80a, 81b, 83b.
 < C ThreeTableSums Answer 121a > Referenced in 120a, 121bcd, 122a.
 < C ThreeTableSums Input 120c > Referenced in 120a, 121bcd, 122a.
 < C TwoTableSums Answer 116c > Referenced in 115b, 117abc, 118a.
 < C TwoTableSums Input 116b > Referenced in 115b, 117abc, 118a.
 < C XfactorKronSums Input 100a > Referenced in 100bcd, 101a.
 < Check ix 9a > Referenced in 8, 15b.
 < Check iy 9b > Referenced in 8, 15b.
 < Check weights, subset, block 5a > Referenced in 6, 8, 15b.
 < Col Row Total Sums 43a > Referenced in 45, 48.
 < colSums 106a > Referenced in 23a.
 < colSums Body 109b > Referenced in 108bcd, 109a.
 < Compute Covariance Influence 35b > Referenced in 32.
 < Compute Covariance Linear Statistic 35d > Referenced in 32.
 < Compute Expectation Linear Statistic 35a > Referenced in 32.
 < Compute Linear Statistic 33b > Referenced in 32.
 < Compute maxstat Permutation P-Value 73d > Referenced in 70, 74.
 < Compute maxstat Test Statistic 73c > Referenced in 70, 74.
 < Compute maxstat Variance / Covariance Directly 73b > Referenced in 70.
 < Compute maxstat Variance / Covariance from Total Covariance 73a > Referenced in 70.
 < Compute Permuted Linear Statistic 2d 49d > Referenced in 48.
 < Compute Sum of Weights in Block 34b > Referenced in 32.
 < Compute unordered maxstat Linear Statistic and Expectation 76a > Referenced in 74.
 < Compute unordered maxstat Variance / Covariance Directly 77a > Referenced in 74.
 < Compute unordered maxstat Variance / Covariance from Total Covariance 76b > Referenced in 74.
 < Compute Variance from Covariance 36a > Referenced in 32.
 < Compute Variance Linear Statistic 35c > Referenced in 32.
 < continue subset loop 89a > Referenced in 93a, 99, 101b, 109b, 114a, 118b, 122b.
 < Contrasts 14 > Referenced in 3a.
 < Convert Table to Integer 49a > Referenced in 48.
 < Count Levels 75a > Referenced in 74.
 < ctab Prototype 15a > Referenced in 15b, 19.
 < C_chisq_pvalue 64c > Referenced in 64b.
 < C_colSums_dweights_dsubset 108b > Referenced in 106a.
 < C_colSums_dweights_isubset 109a > Referenced in 106a.
 < C_colSums_iweights_dsubset 108c > Referenced in 106a.
 < C_colSums_iweights_isubset 108d > Referenced in 106a.
 < C_CovarianceLinearStatistic 79 > Referenced in 78a.
 < C_doPermute 128b > Referenced in 127b.
 < C_doPermuteBlock 129b > Referenced in 127b.
 < C_ExpectationLinearStatistic 78b > Referenced in 78a.
 < C_get_B 147a > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_Covariance 144c > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_CovarianceInfluence 145c > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_dimTable 146d > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_Expectation 144a > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_ExpectationInfluence 145b > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_ExpectationX 145a > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_LinearStatistic 143d > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_nresample 147b > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_P 142c > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic 147c > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_Q 143a > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_Sumweights 146b > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_Table 146c > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_TableBlock 146a > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_tol 147d > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_Variance 144b > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_VarianceInfluence 145d > Referenced in 142a.
 < C_get_varonly 143b > Referenced in 142a.

{C_get_Xfactor 143c} Referenced in 142a.
 {C_kronecker 134} Referenced in 130a.
 {C_kronecker_sym 135} Referenced in 130a.
 {C_KronSums_dweights_dsubset 97b} Referenced in 93b.
 {C_KronSums_dweights_isubset 98b} Referenced in 93b.
 {C_KronSums_iweights_dsubset 97c} Referenced in 93b.
 {C_KronSums_iweights_isubset 98a} Referenced in 93b.
 {C_KronSums_Permutation_dsubset 104a} Referenced in 93b.
 {C_KronSums_Permutation_isubset 104b} Referenced in 93b.
 {C_KronSums_sym 136a} Referenced in 130a.
 {C_maxabsstand_Covariance 59b} Referenced in 57a.
 {C_maxabsstand_Variance 60a} Referenced in 57a.
 {C_maxstand_Covariance 57b} Referenced in 57a.
 {C_maxstand_Variance 58a} Referenced in 57a.
 {C_maxtype 63} Referenced in 57a.
 {C_maxtype_pvalue 67} Referenced in 64b.
 {C_minstand_Covariance 58b} Referenced in 57a.
 {C_minstand_Variance 59a} Referenced in 57a.
 {C_MPinv_sym 138} Referenced in 130a.
 {C_norm_pvalue 66} Referenced in 64b.
 {C_OneTableSums_dweights_dsubset 112d} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_OneTableSums_dweights_isubset 113c} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_OneTableSums_iweights_dsubset 113a} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_OneTableSums_iweights_isubset 113b} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_ordered_Xfactor 70} Referenced in 57a.
 {C_order_subset_wrt_block 126a} Referenced in 123a.
 {C_Permute 128a} Referenced in 127b.
 {C_PermuteBlock 129a} Referenced in 127b.
 {C_perm_pvalue 65} Referenced in 64b.
 {C_quadform 62} Referenced in 57a.
 {C_setup_subset 125a} Referenced in 123a.
 {C_setup_subset_block 125b} Referenced in 123a.
 {C_standardise 64a} Referenced in 57a.
 {C_Sums_dweights_dsubset 91b} Referenced in 89b.
 {C_Sums_dweights_isubset 92c} Referenced in 89b.
 {C_Sums_iweights_dsubset 92a} Referenced in 89b.
 {C_Sums_iweights_isubset 92b} Referenced in 89b.
 {C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_dsubset 121b} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_isubset 122a} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_dsubset 121c} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_isubset 121d} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_TwoTableSums_dweights_dsubset 117a} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_TwoTableSums_dweights_isubset 118a} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_TwoTableSums_iweights_dsubset 117b} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_TwoTableSums_iweights_isubset 117c} Referenced in 110a.
 {C_unordered_Xfactor 74} Referenced in 57a.
 {C_VarianceLinearStatistic 80a} Referenced in 78a.
 {C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_dsubset 100b} Referenced in 93b.
 {C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_isubset 101a} Referenced in 93b.
 {C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_dsubset 100c} Referenced in 93b.
 {C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_isubset 100d} Referenced in 93b.
 {C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_dsubset 105a} Referenced in 93b.
 {C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_isubset 105b} Referenced in 93b.
 {doTest 12} Referenced in 3a.
 {doTest Prototype 11} Referenced in 12, 18.
 {ExpectationCovariances 78a} Referenced in 23a.
 {Extract Dimensions 33a} Referenced in 32.
 {Function Definitions 23a} Referenced in 22c.
 {Function Prototypes 22b} Referenced in 22a.
 {Handle Missing Values 5b} Referenced in 6.
 {init subset loop 88b} Referenced in 93a, 99, 101b, 109b, 114a, 118b, 122b.
 {Initialise Zero 150a} Referenced in 149.
 {KronSums 93b} Referenced in 23a.

{KronSums Body 99} Referenced in 97bc, 98ab.
 {KronSums Double x 97a} Referenced in 95b.
 {KronSums Integer x 96b} Referenced in 95b.
 {KronSums Permutation Body 104c} Referenced in 104ab.
 {Linear Statistic 2d 42a} Referenced in 45, 49d.
 {LinearStatistics 77b} Referenced in 23a.
 {LinStatExpCov 4} Referenced in 3a.
 {LinStatExpCov Prototype 3b} Referenced in 4, 17.
 {LinStatExpCov1d 6} Referenced in 3a.
 {LinStatExpCov2d 8} Referenced in 3a.
 {maxstat Xfactor Variables 69b} Referenced in 70, 74.
 {Memory 142a} Referenced in 23a.
 {Memory Input Checks 148a} Referenced in 149.
 {Memory Names 148b} Referenced in 149.
 {MoreUtils 130a} Referenced in 23a.
 {mPQB 132b} Referenced in 142a.
 {NCOL 131a} Referenced in 130a.
 {NLEVELS 131b} Referenced in 130a.
 {NROW 130b} Referenced in 130a.
 {OneTableSums Body 114a} Referenced in 112d, 113abc.
 {P-Values 64b} Referenced in 23a.
 {Permutations 127b} Referenced in 23a.
 {PP12 132a} Referenced in 142a.
 {R block Input 26f} Referenced in 30b, 39c, 47a, 119a, 123b, 124a, 125b, 126a.
 {R blockTable Input 27c} Referenced in 124a, 125b, 126a.
 {R Header 156a} Referenced in 3a, 15b, 152a.
 {R Includes 20b} Referenced in 20a.
 {R LECV Input 142b} Referenced in 50b, 52b, 142c, 143abcd, 144abc, 145abcd, 146abcd, 147abcd.
 {R N Input 23b} Referenced in 89c.
 {R subset Input 26a} Referenced in 30b, 39c, 77c, 80b, 81b, 82, 83b, 84b, 85a, 86, 87b, 89c, 90b, 94a, 95a, 102a, 103a, 106b, 107a, 110b, 111b, 114b, 115b, 119a, 120a, 123b, 124a, 126ab.
 {R weights Input 25b} Referenced in 30b, 39c, 77c, 80b, 81b, 82, 83b, 84b, 85a, 86, 87b, 89c, 90b, 94a, 95a, 106b, 107a, 110b, 111b, 114b, 115b, 119a, 120a, 123b, 126b.
 {R x Input 23d} Referenced in 30b, 39c, 47a, 77c, 84b, 85a, 86, 87b, 94a, 95c, 102a, 103a, 106b, 110b, 114b, 119a.
 {R y Input 24d} Referenced in 30b, 39c, 47a, 80b, 81b, 82, 83b, 94a, 102a, 114b, 119a, 123b.
 {RC KronSums Input 95c} Referenced in 95a.
 {RC_colSums 107b} Referenced in 106a.
 {RC_colSums Prototype 107a} Referenced in 107b.
 {RC_CovarianceInfluence 84a} Referenced in 78a.
 {RC_CovarianceInfluence Prototype 83b} Referenced in 84a.
 {RC_CovarianceX 88a} Referenced in 78a.
 {RC_CovarianceX Prototype 87b} Referenced in 88a.
 {RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 32} Referenced in 30a.
 {RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d 45} Referenced in 39b.
 {RC_ExpectationInfluence 81c} Referenced in 78a.
 {RC_ExpectationInfluence Prototype 81b} Referenced in 81c.
 {RC_ExpectationX 85b} Referenced in 78a.
 {RC_ExpectationX Prototype 85a} Referenced in 85b.
 {RC_init_LECV_1d 150b} Referenced in 142a.
 {RC_init_LECV_2d 151} Referenced in 142a.
 {RC_KronSums 95b} Referenced in 93b.
 {RC_KronSums Prototype 95a} Referenced in 95b.
 {RC_KronSums_Permutation 103b} Referenced in 93b.
 {RC_KronSums_Permutation Prototype 103a} Referenced in 103b.
 {RC_LinearStatistic 77d} Referenced in 77b.
 {RC_LinearStatistic Prototype 77c} Referenced in 77d.
 {RC_OneTableSums 112a} Referenced in 110a.
 {RC_OneTableSums Prototype 111b} Referenced in 112a.
 {RC_order_subset_wrt_block 124b} Referenced in 123a.
 {RC_order_subset_wrt_block Prototype 124a} Referenced in 124b.
 {RC_setup_subset 127a} Referenced in 127b.
 {RC_setup_subset Prototype 126b} Referenced in 127a.
 {RC_Sums 91a} Referenced in 89b.

{RC_Sums Prototype 90b} Referenced in 91a.
 {RC_ThreeTableSums 120b} Referenced in 110a.
 {RC_ThreeTableSums Prototype 120a} Referenced in 120b.
 {RC_TwoTableSums 116a} Referenced in 110a.
 {RC_TwoTableSums Prototype 115b} Referenced in 116a.
 {R_colSums 106c} Referenced in 106a.
 {R_colSums Prototype 106b} Referenced in 22b, 106c.
 {R_CovarianceInfluence 83a} Referenced in 78a.
 {R_CovarianceInfluence Prototype 82} Referenced in 22b, 83a.
 {R_CovarianceX 87a} Referenced in 78a.
 {R_CovarianceX Prototype 86} Referenced in 22b, 87a.
 {R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic 31a} Referenced in 30a.
 {R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic Prototype 30c} Referenced in 22b, 31a.
 {R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d 41a} Referenced in 39b.
 {R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d Prototype 40a} Referenced in 22b, 41a.
 {R_ExpectationInfluence 81a} Referenced in 78a.
 {R_ExpectationInfluence Prototype 80b} Referenced in 22b, 81a.
 {R_ExpectationX 84c} Referenced in 78a.
 {R_ExpectationX Prototype 84b} Referenced in 22b, 84c.
 {R_init_LECV 149} Referenced in 150b, 151.
 {R_kronecker 133b} Referenced in 130a.
 {R_kronecker Prototype 132c} Referenced in 22b, 133b.
 {R_KronSums 94b} Referenced in 93b.
 {R_KronSums Prototype 94a} Referenced in 22b, 94b.
 {R_KronSums_Permutation 102b} Referenced in 93b.
 {R_KronSums_Permutation Prototype 102a} Referenced in 22b, 102b.
 {R_MaximallySelectedTest 56} Referenced in 50a.
 {R_MaximallySelectedTest Prototype 55a} Referenced in 22b, 56.
 {R_MaximumTest 54} Referenced in 50a.
 {R_MaximumTest Prototype 52b} Referenced in 22b, 54.
 {R_MPinv_sym 137b} Referenced in 130a.
 {R_MPinv_sym Prototype 136b} Referenced in 22b, 137b.
 {R_OneTableSums 111a} Referenced in 110a.
 {R_OneTableSums Prototype 110b} Referenced in 22b, 111a.
 {R_order_subset_wrt_block 123c} Referenced in 123a.
 {R_order_subset_wrt_block Prototype 123b} Referenced in 22b, 123c.
 {R_pack_sym 141c} Referenced in 130a.
 {R_pack_sym Prototype 141a} Referenced in 22b, 141c.
 {R_PermutedLinearStatistic 37} Referenced in 30a.
 {R_PermutedLinearStatistic Prototype 36b} Referenced in 22b, 37.
 {R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d 48} Referenced in 39b.
 {R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d Prototype 47a} Referenced in 22b, 48.
 {R_quadform 61b} Referenced in 57a.
 {R_quadform Prototype 60b} Referenced in 22b, 61b.
 {R_QuadraticTest 51} Referenced in 50a.
 {R_QuadraticTest Prototype 50b} Referenced in 22b, 51.
 {R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic 39a} Referenced in 30a.
 {R_StandardisePermutedLinearStatistic Prototype 38b} Referenced in 22b, 39a.
 {R_Sums 90a} Referenced in 89b.
 {R_Sums Prototype 89c} Referenced in 22b, 90a.
 {R_ThreeTableSums 119b} Referenced in 110a.
 {R_ThreeTableSums Prototype 119a} Referenced in 22b, 119b.
 {R_TwoTableSums 115a} Referenced in 110a.
 {R_TwoTableSums Prototype 114b} Referenced in 22b, 115a.
 {R_unpack_sym 140} Referenced in 130a.
 {R_unpack_sym Prototype 139a} Referenced in 22b, 140.
 {Setup Dimensions 31b} Referenced in 31a, 37.
 {Setup Dimensions 2d 41b} Referenced in 41a, 48.
 {Setup Linear Statistic 38a} Referenced in 37, 48.
 {Setup Log-Factorials 49c} Referenced in 48.
 {Setup maxstat Memory 72} Referenced in 70, 74.
 {Setup maxstat Variables 71} Referenced in 70, 74.
 {Setup Memory and Subsets in Blocks 34a} Referenced in 32.

<Setup mvtnorm Correlation [69a](#)> Referenced in [67](#).
 <Setup mvtnorm Memory [68](#)> Referenced in [67](#).
 <Setup Test Memory [52a](#)> Referenced in [51](#), [54](#).
 <Setup unordered maxstat Contrasts [75b](#)> Referenced in [74](#).
 <Setup Working Memory [49b](#)> Referenced in [48](#).
 <SimpleSums [89b](#)> Referenced in [23a](#).
 <start subset loop [88c](#)> Referenced in [93a](#), [99](#), [101b](#), [109b](#), [114a](#), [118b](#), [122b](#).
 <Sums Body [93a](#)> Referenced in [91b](#), [92abc](#).
 <Tables [110a](#)> Referenced in [23a](#).
 <Test Statistics [57a](#)> Referenced in [23a](#).
 <Tests [50a](#)> Referenced in [23a](#).
 <ThreeTableSums Body [122b](#)> Referenced in [121bcd](#), [122a](#).
 <TwoTableSums Body [118b](#)> Referenced in [117abc](#), [118a](#).
 <User Interface [30a](#)> Referenced in [23a](#).
 <User Interface Input [30b](#)> Referenced in [30c](#), [32](#), [36b](#).
 <Utils [123a](#)> Referenced in [23a](#).
 <vcov LinStatExpCov [10](#)> Referenced in [3a](#).
 <XfactorKronSums Body [101b](#)> Referenced in [100bcd](#), [101a](#).
 <XfactorKronSums Permutation Body [105c](#)> Referenced in [105ab](#).

Identifiers

B: [27a](#), [31ab](#), [32](#), [33a](#), [34a](#), [37](#), [41ab](#), [42b](#), [45](#), [46](#), [48](#), [49b](#), [70](#), [71](#), [74](#), [119b](#), [120b](#), [122b](#), [132bc](#), [133ab](#), [134](#), [135](#), [148a](#), [149](#), [150b](#), [151](#).
 block: [3b](#), [4](#), [5a](#), [6](#), [8](#), [15ab](#), [17](#), [19](#), [26f](#), [27b](#), [30d](#), [31ab](#), [34ab](#), [36c](#), [37](#), [40b](#), [41ab](#), [47b](#), [119b](#), [120b](#), [122b](#), [123c](#), [124b](#), [125b](#), [126a](#), [146a](#).
 blockTable: [27c](#), [37](#), [123c](#), [124b](#), [125b](#), [126a](#).
 CovarianceInfluence_SLOT: [21b](#), [145c](#), [148b](#), [149](#).
 Covariance_SLOT: [21b](#), [144bc](#), [148b](#), [149](#).
 C_chisq_pvalue: [51](#), [64c](#).
 C_colSums_dweights_dsubset: [107b](#), [108b](#).
 C_colSums_dweights_isubset: [107b](#), [109a](#).
 C_colSums_ieweights_dsubset: [107b](#), [108c](#).
 C_colSums_ieweights_isubset: [107b](#), [108d](#).
 C_CovarianceLinearStatistic: [35d](#), [44](#), [73b](#), [77a](#), [79](#), [80a](#).
 C_doPermute: [37](#), [128b](#).
 C_doPermuteBlock: [37](#), [129b](#).
 C_ExpectationLinearStatistic: [35a](#), [43b](#), [78b](#).
 C_get_B: [33a](#), [46](#), [71](#), [147a](#).
 C_get_Covariance: [35d](#), [36a](#), [39a](#), [44](#), [45](#), [51](#), [54](#), [71](#), [144c](#), [150a](#).
 C_get_CovarianceInfluence: [34a](#), [44](#), [71](#), [145c](#), [150a](#).
 C_get_dimTable: [46](#), [146d](#), [147a](#).
 C_get_Expectation: [35a](#), [39a](#), [43b](#), [51](#), [54](#), [71](#), [144a](#), [150a](#).
 C_get_ExpectationInfluence: [34a](#), [46](#), [145b](#), [150a](#).
 C_get_ExpectationX: [34a](#), [46](#), [71](#), [145a](#).
 C_get_LinearStatistic: [33b](#), [45](#), [51](#), [54](#), [71](#), [143d](#), [150a](#).
 C_get_nresample: [39a](#), [51](#), [52a](#), [54](#), [56](#), [71](#), [147b](#).
 C_get_P: [33a](#), [39a](#), [46](#), [52a](#), [56](#), [71](#), [142c](#), [144bc](#), [147b](#).
 C_get_PermutedLinearStatistic: [39a](#), [51](#), [54](#), [71](#), [147c](#).
 C_get_Q: [33a](#), [39a](#), [46](#), [52a](#), [71](#), [143a](#), [144bc](#), [147b](#).
 C_get_Sumweights: [34a](#), [46](#), [146b](#).
 C_get_Table: [41a](#), [46](#), [146c](#).
 C_get_TableBlock: [34a](#), [146a](#).
 C_get_tol: [39a](#), [51](#), [54](#), [71](#), [147d](#).
 C_get_Variance: [35c](#), [36a](#), [39a](#), [44](#), [45](#), [54](#), [71](#), [144b](#), [144c](#), [150a](#).
 C_get_VarianceInfluence: [34a](#), [44](#), [71](#), [145d](#), [150a](#).
 C_get_varonly: [32](#), [34a](#), [36a](#), [39a](#), [44](#), [45](#), [46](#), [52a](#), [54](#), [71](#), [143b](#), [144c](#).
 C_get_Xfactor: [46](#), [143c](#).
 C_kronecker: [80a](#), [133b](#), [134](#).
 C_kronecker_sym: [79](#), [135](#).
 C_KronSums_dweights_dsubset: [97a](#), [97b](#).
 C_KronSums_dweights_isubset: [97a](#), [98b](#).
 C_KronSums_ieweights_dsubset: [97a](#), [97c](#).

C_KronSums_iweights_isubset: [97a](#), [98a](#).
C_KronSums_Permutation_dsubset: [103b](#), [104a](#).
C_KronSums_Permutation_isubset: [103b](#), [104b](#).
C_maxabsstand_Covariance: [59b](#), [63](#).
C_maxabsstand_Variance: [60a](#), [63](#).
C_maxstand_Covariance: [57b](#), [63](#).
C_maxstand_Variance: [58a](#), [63](#).
C_maxtype: [54](#), [63](#), [73c](#).
C_maxtype_pvalue: [54](#), [67](#).
C_minstand_Covariance: [58b](#), [63](#).
C_minstand_Variance: [59a](#), [63](#).
C_OneTableSums_dweights_dsubset: [112a](#), [112d](#).
C_OneTableSums_dweights_isubset: [112a](#), [113c](#).
C_OneTableSums_iweights_dsubset: [112a](#), [113a](#).
C_OneTableSums_iweights_isubset: [112a](#), [113b](#).
C_ordered_Xfactor: [35b](#), [44](#), [56](#), [70](#).
C_order_subset_wrt_block: [124b](#), [126a](#).
C_Permute: [128a](#), [128b](#), [129a](#).
C_PermuteBlock: [129a](#), [129b](#).
C_perm_pvalue: [51](#), [54](#), [65](#), [73d](#).
C_quadform: [51](#), [61b](#), [62](#), [73c](#).
C_setup_subset: [124b](#), [125a](#), [127a](#).
C_setup_subset_block: [124b](#), [125b](#).
C_standardise: [39a](#), [64a](#).
C_Sums_dweights_dsubset: [91a](#), [91b](#).
C_Sums_dweights_isubset: [91a](#), [92c](#).
C_Sums_iweights_dsubset: [91a](#), [92a](#).
C_Sums_iweights_isubset: [91a](#), [92b](#).
C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_dsubset: [120b](#), [121b](#).
C_ThreeTableSums_dweights_isubset: [120b](#), [122a](#).
C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_dsubset: [120b](#), [121c](#).
C_ThreeTableSums_iweights_isubset: [120b](#), [121d](#).
C_TwoTableSums_dweights_dsubset: [116a](#), [117a](#).
C_TwoTableSums_dweights_isubset: [116a](#), [118a](#).
C_TwoTableSums_iweights_dsubset: [116a](#), [117b](#).
C_TwoTableSums_iweights_isubset: [116a](#), [117c](#).
C_unordered_Xfactor: [35b](#), [56](#), [74](#).
C_VarianceLinearStatistic: [35c](#), [44](#), [73b](#), [77a](#), [80a](#).
C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_dsubset: [96b](#), [100b](#).
C_XfactorKronSums_dweights_isubset: [96b](#), [101a](#).
C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_dsubset: [96b](#), [100c](#).
C_XfactorKronSums_iweights_isubset: [96b](#), [100d](#).
C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_dsubset: [103b](#), [105a](#).
C_XfactorKronSums_Permutation_isubset: [103b](#), [105b](#).
dim_SLOT: [21b](#), [142c](#), [143a](#), [148b](#), [149](#).
DoCenter: [21b](#), [77d](#), [81c](#), [84a](#), [85b](#), [88a](#), [94b](#), [106c](#).
DoSymmetric: [21b](#), [77d](#), [84a](#), [88a](#).
DoVarOnly: [21b](#), [35bcd](#), [44](#).
ExpectationInfluence_SLOT: [21b](#), [145b](#), [148b](#), [149](#).
ExpectationX_SLOT: [21b](#), [145a](#), [148b](#), [149](#).
Expectation_SLOT: [21b](#), [144a](#), [148b](#), [149](#).
GE: [21a](#), [51](#), [54](#).
HAS_WEIGHTS: [25c](#), [25d](#), [93a](#), [99](#), [101b](#), [109b](#), [114a](#), [118b](#), [122b](#).
LE: [21a](#), [54](#).
LECV: [38bc](#), [39a](#), [50c](#), [51](#), [52a](#), [53](#), [54](#), [55ab](#), [56](#), [69b](#), [71](#), [142b](#), [142c](#), [143abcd](#), [144abc](#), [145abcd](#), [146abcd](#), [147abcd](#).
LinearStatistic_SLOT: [21b](#), [143d](#), [148b](#), [149](#).
mPQB: [36a](#), [37](#), [45](#), [48](#), [52a](#), [71](#), [73a](#), [76b](#), [78b](#), [79](#), [80a](#), [101b](#), [105c](#), [115a](#), [119b](#), [122b](#), [132b](#), [149](#).
N: [5ab](#), [6](#), [8](#), [15b](#), [23b](#), [23c](#), [33ab](#), [34ab](#), [35abcd](#), [37](#), [41a](#), [67](#), [77d](#), [81ac](#), [83a](#), [84ac](#), [85b](#), [87a](#), [88abc](#), [90a](#), [91a](#), [93a](#), [94b](#), [96b](#), [97a](#), [99](#), [101b](#), [102b](#), [103b](#), [104c](#), [105c](#), [106c](#), [107b](#), [109b](#), [111a](#), [112a](#), [115a](#), [116a](#), [119b](#), [120b](#), [123c](#), [124b](#), [125ab](#), [126a](#), [127a](#), [136a](#).
NCOL: [12](#), [31b](#), [41b](#), [61b](#), [81a](#), [83a](#), [94b](#), [102b](#), [106c](#), [123c](#), [131a](#), [133b](#).
NLEVELS: [31b](#), [41b](#), [111a](#), [115a](#), [119b](#), [123c](#), [131b](#).
NROW: [6](#), [8](#), [9ab](#), [14](#), [33a](#), [37](#), [43b](#), [44](#), [61b](#), [130b](#), [131b](#), [133b](#), [141c](#).

Nsubset: [26b](#), [34b](#), [37](#), [41a](#), [77d](#), [81ac](#), [83a](#), [84ac](#), [85b](#), [87a](#), [88abc](#), [89a](#), [90a](#), [91a](#), [93a](#), [94b](#), [96b](#), [97a](#), [102b](#), [103b](#), [104c](#), [105c](#), [106c](#), [107b](#), [111a](#), [112a](#), [115a](#), [116a](#), [119b](#), [120b](#), [128ab](#), [129b](#).
 offset: [26c](#), [32](#), [34b](#), [35abcd](#), [77d](#), [81c](#), [84a](#), [85b](#), [88ab](#), [91a](#), [96b](#), [97a](#), [103b](#), [104c](#), [105c](#), [107b](#), [112a](#), [116a](#), [120b](#).
 Offset0: [21b](#), [33b](#), [34a](#), [37](#), [41a](#), [43b](#), [44](#), [81a](#), [83a](#), [84c](#), [87a](#), [90a](#), [94b](#), [102b](#), [106c](#), [111a](#), [115a](#), [119b](#), [123c](#), [127a](#).
 P: [14](#), [24a](#), [31ab](#), [33ab](#), [34a](#), [35acd](#), [36a](#), [37](#), [41ab](#), [42a](#), [43b](#), [44](#), [45](#), [46](#), [48](#), [51](#), [52a](#), [54](#), [56](#), [70](#), [71](#), [72](#), [73a](#), [74](#), [75ab](#), [76ab](#), [77d](#), [78b](#), [79](#), [80a](#), [84bc](#), [85b](#), [86](#), [87a](#), [88a](#), [94ab](#), [96b](#), [97a](#), [99](#), [101b](#), [102ab](#), [103b](#), [104c](#), [105c](#), [106c](#), [107b](#), [109b](#), [111a](#), [112a](#), [114a](#), [115a](#), [116a](#), [118b](#), [119b](#), [120b](#), [122b](#), [132ab](#), [136a](#), [148a](#), [149](#).
 PermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT: [21b](#), [147bc](#), [148b](#), [149](#).
 Power1: [21b](#), [81c](#), [85b](#), [106c](#).
 Power2: [21b](#), [84a](#), [88a](#).
 PP12: [34a](#), [44](#), [46](#), [51](#), [79](#), [88a](#), [132a](#), [149](#), [150a](#).
 Q: [14](#), [24e](#), [31ab](#), [33ab](#), [35abcd](#), [36a](#), [37](#), [41ab](#), [42a](#), [43b](#), [44](#), [45](#), [46](#), [48](#), [51](#), [52a](#), [54](#), [70](#), [71](#), [72](#), [73abc](#), [74](#), [76ab](#), [77ad](#), [78b](#), [79](#), [80a](#), [81ac](#), [83a](#), [84a](#), [94b](#), [96b](#), [97a](#), [99](#), [101b](#), [102b](#), [103b](#), [104c](#), [105c](#), [115a](#), [116a](#), [118b](#), [119b](#), [120b](#), [122b](#), [132b](#), [148a](#), [149](#), [150a](#).
 RC_colSums: [81c](#), [84a](#), [85b](#), [88a](#), [106c](#), [107a](#), [107b](#).
 RC_CovarianceInfluence: [35b](#), [44](#), [83ab](#), [84a](#).
 RC_CovarianceX: [35cd](#), [44](#), [87ab](#), [88a](#).
 RC_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic: [31a](#), [32](#), [45](#).
 RC_ExpectationInfluence: [35a](#), [43b](#), [81ab](#), [81c](#).
 RC_ExpectationX: [35a](#), [43b](#), [84c](#), [85a](#), [85b](#).
 RC_init_LECV_1d: [31a](#), [150b](#).
 RC_init_LECV_2d: [41a](#), [151](#).
 RC_KronSums: [77d](#), [84a](#), [88a](#), [94b](#), [95a](#), [95b](#).
 RC_KronSums_Permutation: [37](#), [102b](#), [103a](#), [103b](#).
 RC_LinearStatistic: [33b](#), [77c](#), [77d](#).
 RC_OneTableSums: [34a](#), [37](#), [85b](#), [111ab](#), [112a](#).
 RC_order_subset_wrt_block: [34a](#), [37](#), [123c](#), [124a](#), [124b](#).
 RC_setup_subset: [37](#), [126b](#), [127a](#).
 RC_Sums: [34ab](#), [81a](#), [83a](#), [90ab](#), [91a](#), [123c](#), [127a](#).
 RC_ThreeTableSums: [41a](#), [119b](#), [120a](#), [120b](#).
 RC_TwoTableSums: [41a](#), [115ab](#), [116a](#).
 R_colSums: [106b](#), [106c](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_CovarianceInfluence: [82](#), [83a](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_CovarianceX: [86](#), [87a](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic: [6](#), [30cd](#), [31a](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_ExpectationCovarianceStatistic_2d: [8](#), [40ab](#), [41a](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_ExpectationInfluence: [80b](#), [81a](#), [83a](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_ExpectationX: [84b](#), [84c](#), [87a](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_KronSums: [94a](#), [94b](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_KronSums_Permutation: [102a](#), [102b](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_MPinv_sym: [136b](#), [137a](#), [137b](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_OneTableSums: [15b](#), [110b](#), [111a](#), [123c](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_order_subset_wrt_block: [123b](#), [123c](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_pack_sym: [141ab](#), [141c](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_PermutedLinearStatistic: [6](#), [36bc](#), [37](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_PermutedLinearStatistic_2d: [8](#), [47ab](#), [48](#), [49a](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_quadform: [60b](#), [61a](#), [61b](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_Sums: [89c](#), [90a](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_ThreeTableSums: [15b](#), [119a](#), [119b](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_TwoTableSums: [15b](#), [114b](#), [115a](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 R_unpack_sym: [10](#), [139ab](#), [140](#), [154](#), [155](#).
 S: [21a](#), [35b](#), [36a](#), [44](#), [45](#), [57b](#), [58b](#), [59b](#), [62](#), [64a](#), [68](#), [69a](#), [73a](#), [76b](#), [88a](#), [99](#), [135](#), [136a](#), [138](#), [144b](#).
 StandardisedPermutedLinearStatistic_SLOT: [21b](#), [148b](#), [149](#).
 subset: [3b](#), [4](#), [5ab](#), [6](#), [8](#), [15ab](#), [17](#), [19](#), [26a](#), [26d](#), [26e](#), [30d](#), [31a](#), [32](#), [33b](#), [34ab](#), [36c](#), [37](#), [40b](#), [41a](#), [43b](#), [44](#), [77d](#), [81ac](#), [83a](#), [84ac](#), [85b](#), [87a](#), [88ab](#), [89a](#), [90a](#), [91a](#), [94b](#), [96b](#), [97a](#), [102b](#), [103b](#), [104c](#), [105c](#), [106c](#), [107b](#), [111a](#), [112a](#), [115a](#), [116a](#), [119b](#), [120b](#), [123c](#), [124b](#), [126a](#), [127a](#), [128ab](#), [129ab](#).
 sumweights: [25e](#), [32](#), [34ab](#), [35abcd](#), [43ab](#), [44](#), [46](#), [48](#), [49bd](#), [71](#), [72](#), [73b](#), [77a](#), [79](#), [80a](#), [81ac](#), [83a](#), [84a](#), [127a](#), [146b](#).
 Sumweights_SLOT: [21b](#), [146b](#), [147a](#), [148b](#), [149](#), [150b](#).
 TableBlock_SLOT: [21b](#), [34a](#), [146a](#), [147a](#), [148b](#), [149](#), [150b](#).
 Table_SLOT: [21b](#), [146cd](#), [148b](#), [149](#), [151](#).
 tol_SLOT: [21b](#), [147d](#), [148b](#), [149](#).
 VarianceInfluence_SLOT: [21b](#), [145d](#), [148b](#), [149](#).
 Variance_SLOT: [21b](#), [144b](#), [148b](#), [149](#).

varonly_SLOT: 21b, 143b, 148b, 149.
weights: 3b, 4, 5a, 6, 8, 15ab, 17, 19, 25b, 25cd, 30d, 31a, 33b, 34b, 35abcd, 36c, 37, 40b, 41a, 49a, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84ac, 85b, 87a, 88ab, 90a, 91a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 106c, 107b, 111a, 112a, 115a, 116a, 119b, 120b, 123c, 127a.
weights,: 4, 6, 8, 15b, 19, 25c, 25d, 30d, 31a, 33b, 34b, 35abcd, 36c, 37, 40b, 41a, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84ac, 85b, 87a, 88a, 90a, 94b, 106c, 111a, 115a, 119b, 123c, 127a.
x: 8, 14, 17, 21a, 23d, 24b, 24c, 30d, 31ab, 33ab, 35acd, 36c, 37, 40b, 41ab, 42a, 43b, 44, 47b, 48, 77d, 84c, 85b, 87a, 88a, 94b, 95b, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 106c, 107b, 109b, 111a, 112a, 114a, 115a, 116a, 118b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 130b, 131ab, 136ab, 137ab, 138, 139ab, 140, 141abc.
Xfactor_SLOT: 21b, 143c, 148b, 149.
y: 14, 21a, 24d, 24f, 25a, 30d, 31ab, 33b, 35ab, 36c, 37, 40b, 41ab, 42a, 43b, 44, 47b, 77d, 81ac, 83a, 84a, 94b, 96b, 97a, 99, 101b, 102b, 103b, 104c, 105c, 115a, 116a, 118b, 119b, 120b, 122b, 123c, 134, 135.

Bibliography

Helmut Strasser and Christian Weber. On the asymptotic theory of permutation statistics. *Mathematical Methods of Statistics*, 8:220–250, 1999. Preprint available from <https://epub.wu.ac.at/102>. 1